End-year report 2006 2007, No. 75 • Reporting of cases of HIV infection and AIDS • Total HIV tests performed

HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe



European Centre for the Epidemiological Monitoring of HIV/AIDS WHO and UNAIDS Collaborating Centre on HIV/AIDS









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HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe is a half-yearly report prepared by EuroHIV (European Centre for the Epidemiological Monitoring of HIV and AIDS) and presents information provided by the national coordinators for the surveillance of HIV/AIDS in the WHO European Region.

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Summary

Key points: HIV infection remains of major public health importance in Europe, with an increasing number of HIV cases being reported in many European countries.

- In 2006, 86,912 newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection were reported from 50 of the 53 countries in the European Region of the World Health Organization (major exceptions being Italy and Spain) and 13,199 AIDS cases were diagnosed in 50 countries (major exceptions Azerbaijan and Uzbekistan).
- The number of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection reported in the region continued to increase in 2006. The incidence of AIDS has continued to decline in western and central Europe, but has increased in eastern Europe.
- In 2006, the largest number of HIV cases were reported from eastern Europe (59,866; 211 per million), over twice that reported in western Europe (25,241; 83 per million) and twenty times that in central Europe (1,805; 9 per million).
- In eastern Europe, the predominant transmission group for HIV infection is still among injecting drug users (IDU), but there is evidence of increasing heterosexual transmission. In central and western Europe, the predominant transmission group is heterosexual, although there have been increases in the number of new cases reported among men who have sex with men (MSM).

Recommendations for HIV/AIDS surveillance: HIV/AIDS surveillance data are vital to monitor the HIV epidemic and evaluate the public health responses, and all countries in Europe should:

- Implement national reporting systems for HIV and AIDS cases.
- Improve the quality of data reported, especially regarding probable routes of transmission.

Recommendations for public health: interventions to control the epidemic should be evidence based and adapted to the country and geographic area:

- East: interventions to control HIV among IDU should be the cornerstone of HIV prevention strategies; measures should be strengthened to prevent heterosexual transmission, especially targeted at those with high risk partners; prevention among young people is essential.
- · Centre: prevention should be adapted according to the country to maintain their epidemiological advantages.
- West: interventions for prevention, treatment and care must be adapted to reach migrant populations; renewed safer sex campaigns targeted at MSM are needed.
- In all regions, HIV testing should be promoted to ensure early access to treatment and counselling to prevent or reduce further transmission.

Résumé

Points clés : En Europe, l'infection à VIH reste d'une importance majeure en santé publique, avec une augmentation du nombre de cas de VIH déclarés dans plusieurs pays.

- En 2006, 86 912 cas d'infection à VIH nouvellement diagnostiqués ont été déclarés dans 50 des 53 pays de la région Europe de l'Organisation mondiale de la santé (les exceptions notables étant l'Espagne et l'Italie) et 13 199 cas de sida diagnostiqués dans 50 pays (les exceptions notables étant l'Azerbaïdjan et l'Ouzbékistan).
- Le nombre de cas de VIH nouvellement diagnostiqués a continué à augmenter dans la région en 2006. L'incidence du sida a continué à diminuer en Europe de l'ouest et au centre, mais a augmenté en Europe de l'Est.
- En 2006, la plupart des cas de VIH ont été déclarés en l'Europe de l'Est (59 866; 211 par million). Ce taux représente plus de deux fois le taux observé en Europe de l'Ouest (25 241; 83 par million) et vingt fois celui d'Europe centrale (1 805; 9 par million).
- Dans les pays d'Europe de l'Est, le groupe de transmission prédominant est celui des utilisateurs de drogues injectables, mais il y a évidence d'une augmentation de la transmission hétérosexuelle. Dans les pays d'Europe centrale et de l'Ouest, le groupe de transmission prédominant est celui des hétérosexuels; on assiste cependant à une augmentation du nombre de cas chez les homo/bisexuels masculins.

Recommandations pour la surveillance du VIH/sida : les données de surveillance du VIH/sida sont essentielles pour le suivi de l'épidémie et l'évaluation des politiques de santé publique, et tous les pays d'Europe doivent :

- Mettre en place au niveau national des systèmes pour la déclaration du VIH et du sida.
- Améliorer la qualité des données déclarées, particulièrement pour la classification de la mode de transmission probable.

Recommandations pour la santé publique : les interventions pour le contrôle de l'épidémie doivent être fondées sur les analyses scientifiques et adaptées selon le pays et la zone géographique :

- Est : le contrôle de la transmission du VIH parmi les utilisateurs de drogues injectables doivent être au cœur de la stratégie de prévention ; renforcement des mesures pour la prévention chez les hétérosexuels, ciblées particulièrement sur les personnes ayant des partenaires au haut risque; la prévention chez les jeunes est essentielle.
- Centre : les mesures de prévention doivent être adaptées selon le pays pour garder leur avantage épidémiologique.
- Ouest : les interventions pour la prévention, le traitement et la prise en charge doivent être adaptées pour les communautés de migrants ; renouveler les campagnes de prévention parmi les homo/bisexuels masculins.
- Dans toutes les régions, le dépistage du VIH doit être recommandé pour assurer un accès précoce aux traitements et au counselling pour la prévention de la transmission.

Резюме

Ключевые пункты: ВИЧ инфекция остается одной из важнейших проблем здравоохранения в Европе, с признаками увеличения выявления новых случаев ВИЧ во многих европейских странах.

- В 2006, в 50 из 53 стран европейского региона ВОЗ (исключены страны : Италия, Норвегия и Испания) выявлено и сообщенно 86 912 новых случаев ВИЧ инфекции, и в 50 странах (исключены страны : Азербайджан и Узбекистан) диагнозированно 13 199 случая СПИДа.
- По сравнению с предыдущими годами, число новых случаев ВИЧ инфекции собщенных в 2006 году продолжало увеличиваться во всем регионе, а число диагнозированных случаев СПИДа продолжало уменьшаться в Западной и Централной Европе, а увеличиватся в Восточной Европе.
- Наибольшее число ВИЧ случаев сообщено в Восточной Европе (59 866; 211 на миллион), более чем в два раза болше чем в Западной Европе (25 241; 83 на миллион) и в двадцать раз болше, чем в центральной Европе (1 805; 9 на миллион).
- В Восточной Европе, преобладающий путь передачи ВИЧ инфекции остается потребление инъекционных наркотиков (ПИН), при этом отмечается увеличение уделного веса гетеросексуалного пути передачи ВИЧ инфекций. В Центральной и Западной Европе, преобладающий путь передачи ВИЧ инфекции гетеросексуальный, также отмеченно увеличение числа новых случаев среди мужчин гомо/бисексуалного поведеия.

Рекомендации для эпиднадзора за ВИЧ/СПИДом: Данные эпиднадзора за ВИЧ/СПИДом очень важны для мониторинга ВИЧ-эпидемии и для оценки ответных здравоохранителных мер, и все Европейские страны должны:

- Внедрить национальные отчетные системы по случаям ВИЧ и СПИДа
- Усовершенствовать качество данных, особенно по отношению вероятных путей передачи ВИЧ инфекции

Рекомендации для здравоохранения: •вмешательства, направленные на контроль эпидемии, должны полагаться на научные данные и быть адаптированые к стране и географическому региону.

- Востчная Европа: вмешательства, направленные на контроль ВИЧ среди ПИН должны быть важной опорой в стратегий превенции ВИЧ; необходимо усилить профилактические меры по отношению гетеросексуальной передачи и сосредоточить эти меры особенно среди партнеров групп высокого риска; крайне важны превентивные меры среди молодых людей.
- Централная Европа: профилактика должна быть адаптирована к стране для сохранения ее эпидемиологического преимущества.
- Западная Европа: меры, направленные на превенцию, медицинское обслуживание и лечение надо внедрить так чтобы охватить как можно болшое число мигрантов; к мужчинам гомосексуального поведения должны быть обращены усовершенствованные средства информации о безопасном сексе.
- Во всех регионах очень важно привлеч внимание к ВИЧ тестированию и обеспечить своевремменный доступ к лечению и консультации, чтобы предотвратить или снизить риск передачи вируса.

Introduction

This report presents the following data reported to the end of 2006 for the 53 countries of the WHO European Region:

- cases of newly diagnosed HIV infection presented by year of report;
- cases of AIDS by year of diagnosis and mortality among AIDS cases adjusted for national reporting delays;
- annual numbers of diagnostic HIV tests performed (these data exclude tests undertaken to screen blood donations and unlinked anonymous testing).

Reporting of HIV diagnoses is a key surveillance instrument for monitoring the HIV epidemic in Europe. It has progressively replaced AIDS surveillance which, since 1996 with the introduction and widespread use highly active antiretroviral treatment (HAART), has become less reflective of the underlying trends in HIV infection. However, a major limitation of using HIV diagnoses to monitor the HIV epidemic is that this measure does not represent incidence. HIV diagnoses may include infections that occurred several years previously and depend on uptake of HIV testing as well as patterns of reporting. To help interpret HIV reporting data, total numbers of HIV tests performed annually for diagnostic purposes (excluding unlinked anonymous tests and screening of blood donations) are collected as background information on HIV testing patterns (Annex Table 26).

National reporting of HIV and AIDS data

In making international comparisons, an assumption is made that the quality and coverage of national surveillance are comparable. However, some countries have not reported HIV and/or AIDS data or have only recently established or substantially modified national HIV reporting systems. Where appropriate, such caveats are noted as footnotes (*e.g.* see Annex Tables 1 and 11).

The following caveats should be noted:

- no national HIV data are reported from Italy, Monaco and Spain. Regional data from Italy and Spain (representing approximately a third of the population in each country) are available. Thus, the number of new cases of HIV will be underestimated in western Europe;
- the probable route of HIV transmission has not been reported from Austria and Estonia. The absence of transmission group data from Estonia, site of a recent epidemic among injecting drug users, (IDU) may underestimate HIV in this group;
- HIV surveillance systems have been established or substantially modified since 1999 in 6 countries (Andorra, France, Greece, Malta, Netherlands and Portugal). These countries (as well as Italy, Monaco and Spain) have been excluded from HIV trends analysis;

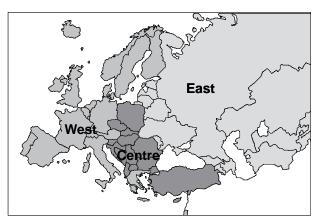
 since Azerbaijan and Uzbekistan have not yet reported 2006 AIDS data, the number of cases reported in the East will be underestimated. AIDS surveillance was only recently (2004) established in Andorra. AIDS trends analysis since 1999 will exclude these three countries.

Data presentation

Most data are presented and discussed within three geographic areas: West (23 countries), Centre (15 countries) and East (15 countries) as well as for the 27 countries of the European Union (EU) (see Figure A and Technical note).

Summary tables and graphs (listed alphabetically) are presented in the commentary. Fuller and more detailed tables are available in the Annex where HIV data are shown in Tables 1-10 and AIDS data in Tables 11-25. Time trends are illustrated in Figures 1, 2 and 5-7 and geographic distributions in Figures 3 and 4.

Figure A: Geographic division of WHO European Region, 2006



HIV and AIDS case reports in the WHO European Region

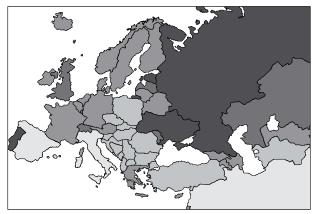
HIV case reports in 2006

In 2006, 86,912 newly diagnosed HIV cases were reported from 50 of the 53 countries in the WHO European Region (Annex Table 1). The majority of newly diagnosed cases of HIV were reported from the East (69%, 59,866 cases), over a quarter (29%, 25,241) from the West and 2% (1,805) from the Centre. A total of 26,220 cases (30%) were reported in the EU.

In 2006, the rate of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection reported in the WHO European Region was 111.1 per million population and that reported in the EU was 67.2 per million. The rate of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection varied widely between the three sub-regions of Europe. The highest rate was observed in the East (210.8 per million population), nearly three times that reported in the West (82.5 per million) and over twenty times that in the Centre (9.4 per million).

Similarly, rates of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection reported in 2006 varied widely between countries (Figure B). Four countries reported rates of more than 200 newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection per million population: Estonia (504); Ukraine (288); Russian Federation (275); and Portugal (205). Rates greater than 100 per million population were observed in a further five countries: United Kingdom (148); Republic of Moldova (148); Latvia (130); Luxembourg (119); and Switzerland (104).

Figure B: Rates of newly diagnosed cases of HIV per million population, WHO European Region, 2006



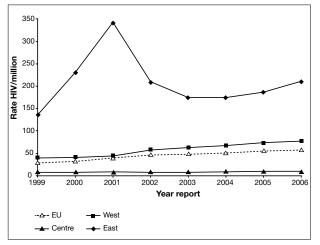


Recent trends in HIV reporting

Since 1999, the rates of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection per million population by year of report are presented in Figure C and limited to the 44 countries with consistent HIV surveillance systems since 1999 (see Annex Table 1).

In the East, the rate of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infections peaked in 2001 (342.4/million) and then declined to 174.3/million in 2003, since when the rate has steadily increased to 210.8/million reported in 2006. Since 1999, there has been almost a doubling of rates of newly diagnosed HIV in the West (from 39.7 to 76.4/million in 2006) and in the EU (from 28.8 to 57.5/million in 2006). In contrast, in the Centre, the rate of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection has remained stable since 1999 at <10/million.

Figure C: Rate of newly diagnosed cases of HIV per million population in the WHO European Region (West, Centre and East) and in the European Union; 44 countries, 1999-2006



AIDS case reports in 2006

In 2006, adjusting for national reporting delays, a total of 13,199 AIDS cases were diagnosed in 50 of the 53 countries in the WHO European Region. A total of 6,720 AIDS cases were diagnosed in the EU, representing an incidence rate of 13.7/million. Although more AIDS cases were diagnosed in the West (6,462) than in the East (6,208), the incidence was lower in the West (15.9/million compared to 25.0/million). The number and incidence of AIDS remain low in the Centre (530 cases; 2.8/million) (Annex Table 11).

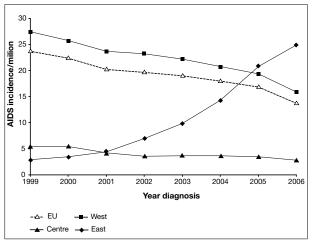
The rates of AIDS diagnosed in 2006 varied widely between countries and data are presented for individual countries in the Annex (Table 11 and Figure 4). In those countries with more than 20 AIDS cases in 2006, an adjusted AIDS incidence >30/million was observed in three countries: Ukraine (99); Portugal (66) and Spain (35).

Recent trends in AIDS diagnoses

The annual adjusted incidence of AIDS since 1999 are presented in Figure D and limited to the 49 countries in the WHO European Region with complete data for each year (Annex Table 11).

In the East, the AIDS incidence has continued to increase, from 2.9/million in 1999 to 24.9 in 2006 (Figure D) and is now the highest incidence in the WHO European Region. In contrast, the AIDS incidence in the Centre and West as well as the EU, has declined since 1999 by almost 50%.

Figure D: Incidence rate of diagnosed AIDS per million population in the WHO European Region (West, Centre and East) and the EU, 49 countries, 1999-2006



AIDS indicative diseases

Indicative diseases for diagnosis of an AIDS case are listed in the European case definitions for adults and adolescents [1] and children [2]. AIDS cases can be reported with one or more (up to a maximum of four) AIDS indicative diseases present at or within two months following an AIDS diagnosis.

The most common indicative diseases among adults and adolescent AIDS cases diagnosed in 2006 were pulmonary tuberculosis (35%), HIV wasting syndrome (20%) and *Pneumocystis carinii* pneumonia (13%), with no differences by sex (Annex Table 20).

In western Europe, the most common AIDS indicative diseases diagnosed in 2006 were *Pneumocystis carinii* pneumonia (26%) and pulmonary and/or extrapulmonary tuberculosis (23%). In contrast, in central and eastern Europe, the most common diseases were pulmonary and/or extrapulmonary tuberculosis (26% and 64% respectively) and HIV wasting syndrome (25% and 30% respectively).

AIDS mortality data

In the WHO European Region, 4,386 persons diagnosed with AIDS were known to have died in 2006, lower than the total reported for 2005 (4,959, a decline of 12%). These totals are an under-estimate as the data are reported as "known to have died" and adjustments for reporting delays have not been performed on the data of all countries.

By the end of 2006, a cumulative total of 327,068 persons had been reported as diagnosed with AIDS in the WHO European Region since the beginning of the epidemic. A cumulative total of 177,641 are known to have died by the end of 2006. These figures suggest that nearly 150,000 people may still be living in the WHO European Region by the end of 2006 after being diagnosed with an AIDS illness.

HIV and AIDS case reports in the West

The West comprises 23 countries of the WHO European Region, of which 16 are in the EU.

The HIV epidemic in the West is characterised by a continuing increase in HIV diagnoses with reported sexual (both heterosexual and homosexual) transmission.

HIV cases in the West, 2006

In the West, 25,241 newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection were reported in 2006, a rate of 82.5/million (Table A). A rate of over 100 per million population was observed in four countries: Portugal (205 per million); United Kingdom (149); Luxembourg (119); and Switzerland (104).

Only 10% of newly diagnosed HIV infections in 2006 were reported in young people (15 to 24 years old) and 35% were female (Table A).

Of the 19,990 HIV cases reported in western Europe with information on transmission group (data missing for 5,332 cases, 21%):

- the predominant transmission group was heterosexual, with over half (54%, 10,722) of reported infections acquired through heterosexual contact;
- over a third of infections were among men who have sex with men (MSM) (37%, 7,410);
- >10% among IDU (8%, 1,487);
- the remaining 290 reports (1%) included 191 cases of HIV infected by mother-to-child transmission and 99 cases infected by other routes (transfusion or use of other blood products, nosocomial).

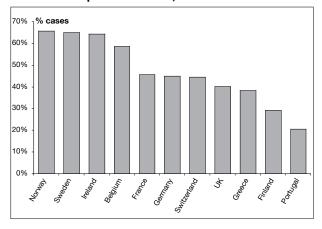
Table A: Characteristics of newly diagnosed cases ofHIV infection reported in the West, 2006

	West*
Number of HIV cases	25,241
Rate per million population	82.5
Percentage of cases:	
Aged 15-24 years old	10%
Female	35%
Predominant transmission mode	Heterosexual
*Missing data: Italy Managa Spain	

*Missing data: Italy, Monaco, Spain.

Sixteen countries provided individual HIV data which includes more detailed information on HIV transmission among cases of heterosexually acquired HIV infections (Annex Table 8). A total of 10,199 heterosexually acquired cases of HIV were reported by these 16 countries, of whom 43% (4,420) were individuals originating from countries with generalised epidemics. The proportion of heterosexually acquired cases of infection in persons known to originate from countries with generalised HIV epidemics varied from 21% in Portugal to 66% in Norway (Figure E; Annex Table 8). However, it should be noted that countries assign origin of cases using different criteria; usually by nationality or place of birth (see Annex Table 9).

Figure E: Percentage of individuals from countries with generalised epidemics among cases of HIV infection acquired heterosexually in 11 selected western European countries, 2006



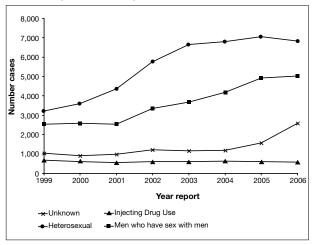
Recent trends in HIV reporting in the West

Among the 13 countries in the West that have consistently reported HIV data and transmission group since 1999 (Annex Table 1), the rate of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection reported per million population has nearly doubled, from 40 in 1999 (7,623 cases) to 77 (15,225 cases) in 2006. The largest increases have been reported in the United Kingdom (from 53 per million population in 1999 to 149 in 2006), Norway (31 to 58) and Luxembourg (70 to 119).

Since 1999, trends in HIV transmission group in these 13 countries (Figure F) have shown that:

- cases of HIV infection acquired by heterosexual contact have more than doubled since 1999 (from 3,215 cases to 6,825 in 2006), although numbers appear to have stabilised in recent years;
- among MSM, the number of new diagnoses of HIV has nearly doubled from 2,538 in 1999 to 5,016 in 2006;
- among IDU, the number of new HIV diagnoses has declined slightly (from 664 in 1999 to 581 in 2006). However, these trends do not include data for Italy, Spain and Portugal, where epidemics among IDU have been reported in the past. Nonetheless, recent national data from Portugal and regional data from both Italy and Spain do corroborate this decline in HIV diagnoses among IDU (Annex Table 2).

Figure F: Number of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection by transmission group and year of report in the West (13 countries), 1999-2006



AIDS cases in the West, 2006

In 2006, a total of 6,462 cases of AIDS were diagnosed in 22 of the 23 countries in the West (Annex Table 11), representing an incidence of 15.9/million population. Among countries with more than 20 AIDS cases in 2006, the highest incidence rates were reported in Portugal (694 cases, 66/million), Spain (1,519 cases, 35/million) and Switzerland (156 cases, 22/million).

Recent trends in AIDS reporting in the West

Among the 21 countries in the West that have consistently reported AIDS data since 1999 (Annex Table 11), there has been a continued decline in the number of AIDS cases diagnosed, from 10,885 cases (27.4 /million) in 1999 to 6,463 (15.9/million) in 2006. During this period, decreases in the number of AIDS cases diagnosed were reported in 13 countries, the largest percentage decrease being in Germany (from 837 cases in 1999 to 367 in 2006). Among the seven countries that reported increases in the number of AIDS cases diagnosed since 1999, the largest percentage increase was observed in Finland (from 11 cases diagnosed in 1999 to 43 in 2006).

HIV and AIDS reporting in the Centre

The Centre comprises 15 of the 53 countries of the WHO European Region, of which eight are in the EU.

The HIV epidemic in this region remains at low and stable levels, although there is evidence of increasing sexual (both heterosexual and homosexual) transmission in many countries.

HIV cases in the Centre, 2006

In 2006, 1,805 newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection were reported, representing a rate of 9.4/million population (Table B). Only three countries reported more than 100 newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection in 2006: Poland (750); Turkey (290) and Romania (180). However, the highest rate of new infections was reported in Cyprus (40/million) (Annex Table 1).

Seventeen per cent of newly diagnosed cases in 2006 were in young people (aged 15-24 years old) and 26% were female (Table B).

Of the 1,094 cases with information on transmission group (data missing for 711 cases, 39%):

- the predominant transmission group was heterosexual, with over half (52%; 572 cases) of reported HIV infections acquired through heterosexual contact;
- over a quarter of HIV cases were reported among MSM (27%, 295);
- under a fifth among IDU (16%, 177);
- the remaining 50 reports (5%) included 32 cases of HIV infected by mother-to-child transmission and 18 cases by other routes (transfusion or use of other blood products, nosocomial).

The epidemic in the Centre is characterised by its heterogeneity, with different transmission modes predominating in different countries. In 2006, heterosexually acquired cases of HIV infection represented more than 50% of all newly reported cases in six countries: Albania; Bulgaria; Cyprus; F.Y.R. Macedonia; Romania; and Turkey. However, more than 50% of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection were reported among MSM in seven countries: Croatia; Czech Republic; Hungary; Montenegro; Serbia; Slovakia; and Slovenia. In Poland, IDU represented the largest transmission group (112 cases, 15% of the total), although data on transmission group was missing for 534 (71%) of reports.

Table B: Characteristics of newly diagnosed cases ofHIV infection reported in the Centre, 2006

	Centre
Number of HIV cases	1,805
Rate per million population	9.4
Percentage of cases:	
Aged 15-24 years old	17%
Female	26%
Predominant transmission mode	Heterosexual

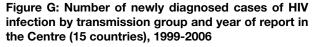
Recent trends in HIV reporting in the Centre

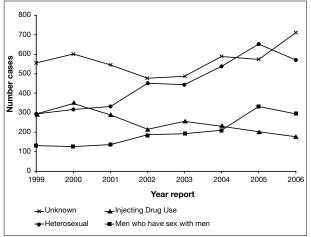
In the Centre, trends in the rate of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection have remained stable at <10/million; although there has been a small increase since 1999 (from 7.2 to 9.4/million, Figure C). Among countries that reported more

than 50 newly diagnosed cases of HIV in 2006, more than a doubling in the number of cases reported was observed in two countries: Bulgaria (from 27 cases in 1999 to 91 in 2006); and Turkey (from 120 to 290).

Since 1999, trends in HIV transmission group in these 15 countries (Figure G) have shown that:

- the number of heterosexually acquired cases has increased from 294 cases in 1999 to 572 cases in 2006;
- among MSM, the number of diagnoses has more than doubled, from 130 in 1999 to 295 in 2006;
- among IDU, reports of new diagnoses have declined, from 295 in 1999 to 177 in 2006.





AIDS cases in the Centre, 2006

In 2006, 530 cases of AIDS were diagnosed in the 15 countries in the Centre, a rate of 2.8 per million population (Annex Table 11), with the largest rate being reported in Romania (211 cases, 9.8 per million).

Recent trends in AIDS reporting in the Centre

The steady decrease in the number of AIDS cases diagnosed has continued in 2006. The number and rate of AIDS diagnoses in 2006 is just over half that reported in 1999 (1,013 cases, 5.4/million population). During this period, the largest percentage decrease in AIDS incidence was reported in Romania (from 30/million in 1999 to 10 in 2006) (Annex Table 11).

HIV and AIDS case reports in the East

The East comprises 15 of the 53 countries of the WHO European Region, including the three Baltic States in the EU and five central Asian republics.

The largest number of newly diagnosed cases of HIV has been reported in the East. For the majority of these cases, the probable route of transmission has been reported as injecting drug use.

HIV cases in the East, 2006

In 2006, 59,866 newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection were reported in the East, a rate of 210.8 per million population. Nearly 90% of the HIV cases were reported from two countries: 65% from the Russian Federation (39,207) and 22% from Ukraine (13,256) (Annex Table 1). In both countries, the rate of HIV was over 200 per million population: 275 in the Russian Federation and 288 in Ukraine. However, the highest rate of HIV was reported in Estonia (504/million; 668 cases).

More than a quarter (27%) of newly diagnosed HIV infections in 2006 were reported in young people (15 to 24 years old) and 41% were female (Table C).

Of the 35,739 HIV cases reported in 2006 with information on transmission group (data missing for 24,127 cases, 40%):

- nearly two-thirds (62%, 22,185) of reported cases were IDU. The vast majority were reported from the Russian Federation (11,161) and Ukraine (7,127);
- more than a third of infections were acquired through heterosexual contact (37%, 13,200);
- <1% among MSM (199);
- the remaining 155 reports (<1%) included 100 cases of HIV infected by mother-to-child transmission and 55 by other routes (nosocomial, transfusion or use of other blood products).

Table C: Characteristics of newly diagnosed cases ofHIV infection reported in the East, 2006

	East
Number of HIV cases	59,866
Rate per million population	210.8
Percentage of cases:	
Aged 15-24 years old	27%
Female	41%
Predominant transmission mode	Drug injection

Recent trends in HIV reporting in the East

In the East, following the peak in newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection reported in 2001 (342.4/million), the rate declined to 174.3/million in 2003, since when it has increased to 210.8/million in 2006.

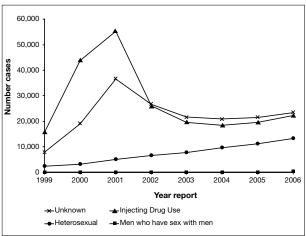
The three countries most affected by the epidemic peak of 2001 (Estonia, Latvia and Russian Federation) have since

reported declines in the rates of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection, although more recently small (approximately 10%) increases have been observed in Estonia and the Russian Federation. In contrast, in other countries, increases in rates have been reported (e.g. Republic of Moldova, Ukraine and Uzbekistan).

Since 1999, trends in HIV transmission group in 14 eastern European countries (no information on transmission group of adult cases in Estonia) (Figure H) have shown that:

- among IDU, the number of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection has declined from the peak of 55,314 reported in 2001 to 22,185 reported in 2006. The decline is most notable in the Russian Federation (from 48,231 in 2001 to 11,161 in 2006) and Latvia (from 665 to 108) (Annex Table 3). In contrast, increases in the number of HIV diagnoses among injecting drug users have been reported in Azerbaijan, Georgia, Tajikistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan. Employing data from 2001 as a baseline, however, does ignore the continuing recent surge in reported cases in Kazakhstan (from 433 cases in 2004 to 1,162 in 2006);
- the number of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection that were reported as heterosexually acquired has increased more than fivefold, from 2,379 reported cases in 1999 to 13,200 in 2006 (Annex Table 4). An increase has been reported in all eastern European countries except Turkmenistan (zero cases reported).

Figure H: Number of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection by transmission group and year of report in the East (14 countries), 1999-2006



AIDS cases in the East, 2006

In 2006, a total of 6,208 cases of AIDS were diagnosed in 13 of the 15 countries in the East (Annex Table 11), a rate of 25/million population. The largest incidences of AIDS in 2006 were reported in Ukraine (4,536 cases, 99/ million), Georgia (134, 30/million) and Belarus (270cases, 28/ million).

Recent trends in AIDS reporting in the East

Thirteen countries in the East have consistently reported AIDS data since 1999 (Annex Table 11). The adjusted annual incidence of AIDS in the East has exceeded that in the West since 2005 and has increased nearly 10-fold from 2.9/million (734 cases) in 1999 to 24.9/million (6,208 cases) in 2006. In this period, none of the thirteen countries reported a decline in the number of AIDS cases diagnosed.

HIV and AIDS case reports in the European Union

The European Union (EU) comprises 27 Member States, of which 16 are classified in the West, eight in the Centre and three in the East.

Due to the large proportion of western European countries within the EU, the epidemiology of HIV reflects that of the West.

HIV cases in the European Union, 2006

In the EU, 26,220 newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection were reported in 2006, a rate of 67.2/million (Table D). The two countries with among the largest rates of HIV in the whole of the WHO European Region reported in 2006 are to be found in the EU: Estonia (668, 504/million) and Portugal (2,162, 205/million). Furthermore, rates of more than 100 newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection reported in 2006 were observed in a further three countries: United Kingdom (149); Latvia (130); and Luxembourg (119).

Eleven per cent of newly diagnosed HIV infections in 2006 were reported in young people (15 to 24 years old) and 34% were female (Table D).

Of the 19,725 reported cases of HIV with information on transmission group (data missing for 6,495 cases, 25%):

- the predominant transmission group was heterosexual contact, with over half (53%, 10,489) of cases reported in this group;
- over a third of infections were among MSM (37%, 7,223);
- less than 10% of HIV cases were reported as IDU (9%; 1,713);
- the remaining 300 reports (2%) included 204 cases of HIV infected by mother-to-child transmission and 96 cases by other routes (transfusion or use of other blood products, nosocomial).

Table D: Characteristics of newly diagnosed cases ofHIV infection reported in the European Union in 2006

	European Union*
Number of HIV cases	26,220
Rate per million population	67.2
Percentage of cases:	
Aged 15-24 years old	11%
Female	34%
Predominant transmission mode	Heterosexual
*Missing data: Italy, Spain.	

Twenty countries provided individual HIV data including more detailed information on HIV transmission among cases of heterosexually acquired HIV infections (Annex Table 8). A total of 9,969 heterosexually acquired cases of HIV were reported by these countries, of whom nearly half were among individuals originating from countries with generalised epidemics (4,209; 42%). This proportion varied from 7% in the Czech Republic to 65% in Sweden (Annex Table 8).

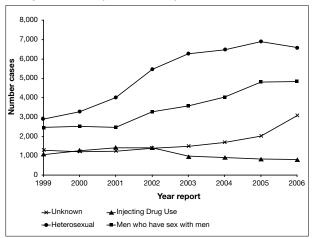
Recent trends in HIV reporting in the European Union

Among the 20 EU countries that have consistently reported HIV data since 1999, the rate of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection reported has nearly doubled, from 28.8/million in 1999 (8,295 cases) to 57.5 (16,640 cases) in 2006. Rates of HIV infection have more than doubled in four countries (Bulgaria, Slovakia, Slovenia and the United Kingdom).

Eighteen EU countries have consistently reported HIV transmission group data since 1999 (data not available from Austria and Estonia). Since 1999, trends in HIV transmission group in these 18 countries (Figure I) have shown that:

- the number of cases for whom infection was acquired by heterosexual contact has more than doubled, from 2,898 cases in 1999 to 6,593 cases in 2006. Among countries reporting more than 50 cases of heterosexually acquired infection in 2006, more than a twofold increase in the number of cases was observed in five countries: Finland (from 29 cases in 1999 to 92 in 2006), Ireland (from 49 to 169), Latvia (from 25 to 87), Poland (from 26 to 57) and the United Kingdom (from 1,455 to 4,514);
- the number of HIV reports among MSM has nearly doubled, from 2,480 in 1999 to 4,829 in 2006;
- the number of newly diagnosed cases of HIV among IDU has declined (1,063 in 1999 and 807 in 2006). However, this does hide an increase observed between 2000 and 2002 due to the epidemic among injecting drug users reported in the Baltic States of Latvia and Lithuania. Furthermore, data were not available for this period for Estonia, Italy, Spain and Portugal, where major epidemics among injecting drug users have been reported in the past.

Figure I: Number of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection by transmission group and year of report, European Union (18 countries), 1999-2006



AIDS cases in the European Union, 2006

In 2006, an estimated total of 6,720 cases of AIDS were diagnosed in the EU, an incidence rate of 13.7 per million population (Annex Table 11). The largest rates were reported in Portugal (694 cases, 66/million), Spain (1,519 cases, 35/million) and Latvia (61 cases, 27/million).

Recent trends in AIDS diagnoses in the European Union

The steady decrease in the number of AIDS cases diagnosed in recent years has continued in 2006. Since 1999, AIDS incidence has declined by more than a third, from 11,448 cases (23.7/million) in 1999 to 6,720 cases (13.7/million) in 2006. During this period, the annual incidence of AIDS has increased in 11 countries, and of the five countries that diagnosed more than 30 AIDS cases in 2006, the largest percentage increase was observed in Estonia, from 2 cases diagnosed in 1999 (2/million) to 32 (24/million) in 2006.

Total HIV tests performed

The total numbers of HIV tests performed annually for diagnostic purposes (*i.e.* unlinked anonymous tests and blood donations excluded) by country are presented in Annex Table 26.

These figures provide a crude measure of HIV testing activities, but do not inform on who is being tested nor to what extent testing is targeted at high risk populations. The calculated testing rate is likely to overestimate the true rate of testing in the population as the numbers reported are not of persons who have tested but of tests performed, and thus will include repeat tests performed on the same person. HIV testing data are derived from different sources in different countries and may not be exhaustive in all countries, and hence may not always be comparable. In contrast to the East and the Centre, many countries in the West do not systematically collect such data and in some cases only estimates are available. Estimates are provided for at least one year in the period 2002-2006 by only 15 of the 23 countries in the West, but by all in the Centre and the East and 21 of the 27 EU countries.

Testing rates in 2006 (or latest year available)

In 2006, the Russian Federation still had one of the highest testing rates, with 130 tests per 1,000 population and the largest number of tests (18,535,043). San Marino, with a very small population, reported the high testing rate (179 per 1,000, 5,061 tests). Testing rates of more than 50 per 1,000 population were reported in six other countries: Austria (80/1,000), Belgium (55/1,000), France (80/1,000), Kazakhstan (58/1,000), Moldova (52/1,000) and Portugal (87/1,000 in 2005).

Three countries reported rates of less than 5 HIV tests per 1,000 population: Albania (1/1,000), Georgia (4/1,000) and Poland (4/1,000).

Trends in the number of HIV tests performed

Trends in HIV testing could only be assessed 41 countries of the WHO European Region because of missing data (*i.e.* less than three years of data) for the period 2002-2006.

Between 2002 and 2006, 32 countries reported an increase in the number of HIV tests performed compared to 9 which reported a decrease. The largest increases were reported in Tajikistan (eight fold increase from 8,491 in 2002 to 69,126 in 2006), Armenia (from 10,990 to 50,221) and F.Y.R of Macedonia (from 2,808 to 11,172). In contrast, the largest declines were reported in Georgia (down 67% from 51,135 in 2002 to 16,989 in 2006), Lithuania (from 77,244 to 52,988) and Hungary (from 106,158 to 80,168).

Conclusion

HIV infection remains of major public health importance in Europe, and the number of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection has continued to increase. In contrast, the number of AIDS cases diagnosed (adjusted for reporting delays) has continued to decline, although not in eastern Europe. The number of newly diagnosed cases of HIV reported in 2006 remains lower than that observed in the peak of 2001, but there are increasing numbers of cases being reported, especially through sexual transmission in many countries. However, the predominant transmission group varies by country and geographic region and these data illustrate the wide diversity in the epidemiology of HIV in Europe.

In the West, the number of cases reported as being infected heterosexually continues to increase. A large proportion of these cases were in persons born in countries with generalised epidemics, reinforcing the need to ensure that prevention and care services are adapted to reach migrant populations. However, because of the relative sizes of the populations, injecting drug users and men who have sex with men remain at greater risk than most heterosexuals [3]. Although there appears to be a decline in the number of new diagnoses among injecting drug users, there is evidence of increasing transmission among men who have sex with men, with high levels of HIV prevalence and risk behaviour reported among men recruited in community settings [4]. Renewed and better targeted health promotion campaigns are needed among homo/bisexual men.

In the Centre, levels of HIV remain low and stable, although there are increasing numbers of HIV diagnoses with reported sexual transmission (both heterosexual and homosexual) in many countries. The nature of the epidemic in this region demonstrates a wide diversity, with heterosexual transmission dominating in most countries, although homo/ bisexual transmission predominates in some, mostly EU, countries and injecting drug use in Poland.

In the East, the number of newly diagnosed cases of HIV has declined since the peak observed in 2001, although there is evidence of numbers of cases increasing since the low reported in 2003. Trends in HIV reporting data are heavily dependent on HIV testing. For example, the decline in HIV notifications in the Russian Federation has been attributed to changes in HIV testing policies, especially in population groups with high-risk behaviour [5].

Among injecting drug users in the East, the number of newly diagnosed cases of HIV infection has declined in some countries (*e.g.* Estonia and Latvia), but increased in other countries (*e.g.* Ukraine, Uzbekistan). Thus, appropriate public health interventions among injecting drug users need to be maintained in countries with more mature epidemics and developed in those with more recent increases in HIV cases. However, there is evidence of increasing heterosexual transmission of HIV in eastern Europe [6, 7]. In contrast to both central and western Europe, the incidence of AIDS continues to increase, emphasising the need to assure proper health care and treatment of infected individuals.

The surveillance of HIV is essential to provide the necessary information with which to monitor the epidemic and evaluate the public health response to control the transmission of new infections. In order to achieve this aim, countries in Europe need to ensure that surveillance data is of the highest quality, in particular, to provide complete HIV and AIDS case reporting.

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TABLES

Table 1. HIV infections newly diagnosed and rates per million population by country and year of report (1999-2006), and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

Year of report									
Geographic area	-	1999)	2000	2000 2001			2002	
Country	Year reporting - started	N	Rate	N	Rate	N	Rate	N	Rate
West									
Andorra †	2004	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
EU Austria	1998	339	41.9	428	52.9	402	49.6	442	54.4
EU Belgium	1986	801	78.0	952	92.4	966	93.5	992	95.8
EU Denmark	1990	286	53.8	255	47.8	321	59.9	292	54.3
EU Finland	1986	142	27.5	145	28.0	127	24.5	129	24.8
		142	21.5	145	20.0	121	24.5	129	24.0
EU France ‡	2003			1 004		1 000		1 007	
EU Germany	1993	1,786	21.7	1,684	20.5	1,308	15.9	1,867	22.6
EU Greece §	1999	1,180	108.0	492	44.8	409	37.1	396	35.8
Iceland	1985	12	43.1	10	35.6	11	38.7	7	24.4
EU Ireland	1985	190	50.7	290	76.3	299	77.4	364	92.6
Israel	1983	277	46.5	289	47.5	359	57.8	333	52.5
EU Italy	1985	_	_	-	-	-	-	1,637	86.0
EU Luxembourg	1999	30	69.9	43	98.8	41	92.9	33	73.8
EU Malta ¶	2004	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monaco **	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	-
EU Netherlands ^{††}	2002	1,474	93.2	364	22.9	572	35.8	3,361	209.2
Norway	1986	138	30.8	167	37.1	161	35.6	204	44.8
EU Portugal ‡‡	1983	-	_	4,027	393.8	2,383	231.9	2,474	239.5
San Marino	1983	5	187.2	1	37.1	3	110.4	2	72.9
EU Spain §§	1985	-	-	-		-	_	-	
EU Sweden	1985	211	23.8	242	27.3	270	30.3	278	31.1
Switzerland	1985	626	87.7	585	81.6	628	87.3	752	104.3
EU United Kingdom	1984	3,119	53.2	3,240	55.1	4,152	70.3	5,919	99.9
	1904	3,119	55.2	3,240	55.1	4,152	70.5	5,919	99.9
Total West		10,616		13,214		12,412		19,482	
Centre									
Albania	1992	4	1.3	10	3.3	20	6.5	26	8.4
	1989	12	3.2						
Bosnia & Herzegovina				3	0.8	9	2.3	8	2.0
EU Bulgaria	1987	27	3.4	49	6.1	40	5.0	43	5.5
Croatia	1986	48	10.6	33	7.3	31	6.9	44	9.8
EU Cyprus	1986	24	30.9	29	36.9	22	27.6	16	19.8
EU Czech Republic	1985	50	4.9	57	5.6	51	5.0	50	4.9
EU Hungary	1985	62	6.0	48	4.7	82	8.0	78	7.7
Macedonia, F.Y.R.	1987	5	2.5	7	3.5	4	2.0	4	2.0
Montenegro	1985	5	7.7	7	10.7	1	1.5	4	6.5
EU Poland	1985	527	13.6	630	16.3	564	14.6	574	14.9
EU Romania	1992	364	16.4	290	13.1	440	20.0	335	15.3
Serbia	1985	82	10.6	70	9.1	92	11.9	97	12.9
EU Slovakia	1985	2	0.4	19	3.5	8	1.5	11	2.0
EU Slovenia	1986	15	7.6	13	6.6	16	8.1	22	11.2
Turkey	1985	120	1.8	158	2.3	184	2.7	192	2.7
	1905		1.0		2.0		2.1		2.1
Total Centre		1,347		1,423		1,564		1,504	
East									
Armenia	1988	35	11.3	29	9.4	29	9.5	41	13.4
Azerbaijan	1987	34	4.2	38	4.7	99	12.1	82	9.9
Belarus	1987	411	40.8	527	52.5	578	57.9	915	92.2
EU Estonia	1988	12	8.7	390	285.3	1,474	1,086.4	899	666.8
Georgia	1989	35	7.3	79	16.7	93	19.9	95	20.6
Kazakhstan	1987	185	12.2	347	23.1	1,175	78.6	694	46.6
Kyrgyzstan	1987	10	2.1	16	3.2	149	29.7	160	31.5
EU Latvia	1987	242	101.2	466	196.4	807	342.4	542	231.4
EU Lithuania	1988	66	18.7	400	18.6	72	20.7	397	114.5
	1988		36.1		41.2	234	20.7 54.9	209	49.2
Moldova, Republic of		155		176					
Russian Federation ¶¶	1987	19,728	134.2	58,786	401.1	87,144	596.9	47,715	328.3
Tajikistan	1987	0	0.0	7	1.1	37	5.9	30	4.8
Turkmenistan	1989	1	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Ukraine ¶¶	1987	5,300	106.7	5,485	111.7	6,086	125.3	7,385	153.7
Uzbekistan	1987	28	1.1	154	6.2	549	21.9	981	38.5
Total East		26,242		66,565		98,526		60,145	
Total European Union (EU)		10,949		14,218	, 	14,826	· · · · ·	21,151	
Total WHO European Region		38,205		81,202		112,502		81,131	
Total WHO European Region		30,205		01,202		112,302		01,131	

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.

Cumulative totals since the start of reporting; may include cases with year of report not available. New HIV reporting system started in 2004; 2004 data include many cases diagnosed in previous years.

+

New HIV reporting system started in 2003 (data March-December). ‡

§

Retrospective reporting before 1999; data for 1999 include many cases diagnosed in previous years. HIV reporting exists in 10 regions/provinces (Bolzano, Friuli Venezia-Giulia, Lazio, Liguria, Modena, Piemonte, Rimini, Sassari, Trento, Veneto); rates based on the population of the 10 regions/provinces: 19.61 million in 2005 (34% of total population); data (presented by year of diagnosis) available for all 10 regions for 2002-2005 only; other years not Ĩ shown.

New HIV reporting system started in 2004. Data not available. ¶ **

			Cumulative						
2003	}	2004		2005		2006	6	total reported *	Geographic area
Ν	Rate	Ν	Rate	Ν	Rate	Ν	Rate	Ν	Country
$\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & 423 \\ 1,052 \\ & 259 \\ 133 \\ 3,293 \\ 1,902 \\ & 436 \\ 10 \\ & 399 \\ 297 \\ 1,576 \\ & 47 \\ & \\ & - \\ 1,578 \\ 223 \\ 2,243 \\ & 5 \\ 1,124 \\ & 363 \\ 773 \\ 6,902 \end{array}$	- 51.9 101.4 48.0 25.5 - 23.0 39.4 34.6 99.6 45.9 81.9 103.7 - 97.7 48.7 216.0 180.8 81.3 40.5 107.0 116.1	$\begin{array}{c} 31\\ 470\\ 1,002\\ 308\\ 128\\ 5,492\\ 2,237\\ 447\\ 5\\ 356\\ 315\\ 1,649\\ 60\\ 17\\ -\\ 1,317\\ 272\\ 2,785\\ 3\\ 1,106\\ 431\\ 776\\ 7,211\end{array}$	57.5 96.3 56.9 24.4 88.5 27.1 40.3 17.1 87.3 47.7 84.6 130.7 42.5 - 81.2 59.2 266.7 107.6 80.0 47.8 107.2 120.9	$\begin{array}{c} 10\\ 453\\ 1,074\\ 283\\ 138\\ 6,142\\ 2,433\\ 564\\ 8\\ 318\\ 350\\ 1,460\\ 63\\ 19\\ -\\ 1,286\\ 201\\ 2,612\\ 4\\ 952\\ 391\\ 715\\ 8,431\end{array}$	$148.9 \\ 55.3 \\ 103.1 \\ 52.1 \\ 26.3 \\ 98.6 \\ 29.4 \\ 50.7 \\ 27.2 \\ 76.7 \\ 52.0 \\ 74.4 \\ 135.5 \\ 47.3 \\ - \\ 78.9 \\ 43.5 \\ 248.9 \\ 142.3 \\ 68.8 \\ 43.2 \\ 98.6 \\ 140.9 \\ 140.9 \\ - \\ 140.9 \\ $	1 435 995 245 195 5,750 2,718 569 11 337 336 - 56 29 - 1,070 271 2,162 2 2 - 377 757 8,925	14.9 53.0 95.3 45.0 37.1 91.9 32.9 51.1 37.0 80.0 49.1 - 118.9 71.9 - 65.4 58.4 205.0 70.6 - 41.6 104.2 148.8	$\begin{array}{c} 42\\ 3,705\\ 18,890\\ 4,746\\ 2,082\\ 20,677\\ 29,017\\ 8,164\\ 195\\ 4,419\\ 4,999\\ 6,322\\ 770\\ 6,322\\ 770\\ 6,322\\ 7,70\\ 3,3496\\ 30,366\\ 57\\ 3,182\\ 7,477\\ 29,353\\ 84,816\end{array}$	West Andorra † EU Austria EU Belgium EU Denmark EU Finland EU France ‡ EU Germany EU Greece § Iceland EU Ireland Israel EU Italy EU Luxembourg EU Malta ¶ Monaco ** EU Netherlands †† Norway EU Portugal ‡‡ San Marino EU Spain §§ EU Sweden Switzerland EU United Kingdom
23,038		26,418		27,907		25,241		275,570	Total West
21 13 63 45 24 61 63 1 6 610 244 102 13 14 197	$\begin{array}{c} 6.8\\ 3.3\\ 8.0\\ 10.0\\ 29.4\\ 6.0\\ 6.2\\ 0.5\\ 9.7\\ 15.8\\ 11.2\\ 13.5\\ 2.4\\ 7.1\\ 2.8\end{array}$	29 16 50 25 76 75 4 2 656 293 103 15 25 210	9.3 4.1 6.4 12.3 30.3 7.4 7.4 2.0 3.2 17.0 13.4 13.7 2.8 12.7 2.9	31 13 83 66 44 90 106 12 9 654 205 103 21 36 332	9.9 3.3 10.7 14.5 52.7 8.8 10.5 5.9 14.4 17.0 9.4 13.7 3.9 18.3 4.5	32 17 91 66 34 93 81 17 4 750 180 180 89 27 34 290	10.2 4.3 11.9 14.5 40.3 9.1 8.0 8.3 6.4 19.5 8.3 11.8 5.0 17.3 3.9	$\begin{array}{c} 211\\ 133\\ 689\\ 604\\ 518\\ 920\\ 1,366\\ 96\\ 68\\ 10,555\\ 6,613\\ 2,104\\ 185\\ 316\\ 2,544 \end{array}$	Centre Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Bulgaria Croatia EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro EU Poland EU Romania Serbia EU Slovakia EU Slovakia EU Slovenia Turkey
1,477		1,635		1,805		1,805		26,922	Total Centre
29 96 713 840 100 747 132 403 110 258 36,379 41 0 8,179 1,836 49,863	9.5 11.6 72.3 626.3 21.9 50.3 25.7 172.9 31.8 61.0 251.6 6.4 0.0 172.2 71.1	49 111 778 743 163 699 161 323 135 360 33,969 198 0 10,218 2,016 49,923	$\begin{array}{c} 16.2\\ 13.3\\ 79.3\\ 556.5\\ 36.1\\ 47.1\\ 30.9\\ 139.3\\ 39.2\\ 85.4\\ 236.1\\ 30.8\\ 0.0\\ 217.5\\ 76.9 \end{array}$	75 207 751 621 242 964 171 299 120 533 35,379 189 0 11,272 2,198 53,021	24.9 24.6 77.0 467.0 54.1 65.0 32.5 129.6 35.0 126.7 247.1 29.0 0.0 242.5 82.7	66 242 733 668 276 1,745 244 299 100 621 39,207 204 0 13,256 2,205 59,866	21.9 28.6 75.6 504.2 62.2 117.8 45.8 130.3 29.3 148.0 275.1 31.0 0.0 288.3 81.7	429 965 7,747 5,731 1,156 7,402 1,070 3,631 1,200 3,464 369,187 710 2 91,057 10,015 503,766	East Armenia Azerbaijan Belarus EU Estonia Georgia Kazakhstan Kyrgyzstan EU Latvia EU Latvia EU Lithuania Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation ¶¶ Tajikistan Turkmenistan Ukraine ¶¶ Uzbekistan
24,175		27,432		28,898		26,220		269,152	Total European Union (EU)
74,378		77,976		28,898 82,733		26,220 86,912		806,258	Total WHO European Region

Table 1. HIV infections newly diagnosed and rates per million population by country and year of report (Cont.) (1999-2006), and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

the New HIV reporting system started in 2002; 2002 data include many cases diagnosed in previous years. Data prior to 2002 are from a national cohort of HIV positive adults receiving antiretroviral therapy; 1999 data include many cases diagnosed in previous years. ## HIV reporting system modified in 2000: data for 2000 include many cases diagnosed in previous years; data prior to 2000 not available by year.

HIV reporting exists in some of the 19 Autonomous regions but data (presented by year of diagnosis) are only available for 8 regions (Balearic Islands, Basque Country, Canary §§ Islands, Catalonia, Ceuta, Extremadura, La Rioja, Navarre) for 2003-2005; rates based on the population of the 8 regions: 13.83 million in 2005 (32% of total population).

19

¶¶ Excluding mother-to-child cases.

Table 2. HIV infections newly diagnosed in men who have sex with men by country and year of report (2002-2006), and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

Geographic area		Yea	r of report			Cumulative
Country	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	total reported *
West						
Andorra †	-	-	5	5	0	10
EU Austria ‡	_	_	_	_		_
EU Belgium	153	182	199	240	255	3,616
EU Denmark EU Finland	94 38	101 30	150 45	127 32	105 58	1,846 625
EU France §	- 50	672	1,155	1,371	1,235	4,433
EU Germany	757	822	1,086	1,213	1,412	11,441
EU Greece	162	166	172	215	272	3,790
Iceland	3	_3	2	3	2	95
EU Ireland Israel	46 27	75 31	64 63	57 87	83 69	968 788
EU Italy	378	340	369	358	- 69	1,445
EU Luxembourg	14	7	21	14	16	274
EU Malta †	_	_	2	5	10	17
Monaco ¶		_	-	_	-	-
EU Netherlands **	1,473	696	597	639	584	6,625
Norway EU Portugal	33 222	51 210	77 308	51 293	88 293	1,097 1,876
San Marino	0	210	308	293	293	1,876
EU Spain ††	-	302	335	321	-	958
EU Sweden	68	78	83	98	94	2,676
Switzerland	134	143	177	225	237	3,572
EU United Kingdom	1,980	2,151	2,229	2,786	2,597	38,392
Total West	5,582	6,064	7,140	8,140	7,410	84,561
Centre						
Albania	1	2	1	1	0	15
Bosnia & Herzegovina	2	4	1	2	5	23
EU Bulgaria	1	1	0	4 37	10 35	45
Croatia EU Cyprus	17 6	24 6	26 7	37 17	35	192 169
EU Czech Republic	28	37	31	53	52	499
EU Hungary	35	34	45	55	37	688
Macedonia, F.Y.R.	0	0	0	1	3	11
Montenegro	0 28	0	0 23	3	2	15
EU Poland EU Romania	20	19 4	23	39 10	33 8	667 114
Serbia ±±	27	29	31	41	39	167
EU Slovakia	6	10	12	9	13	111
EU Slovenia	11	8	16	29	25	178
Turkey	19	15	10	31	25	207
Total Centre	186	193	209	332	295	3,101
East						
Armenia	0	0	0	2	2	6
Azerbaijan	1 3	0	4	0 2	3 1	10 29
Belarus EU Estonia §§	13	0	0	2	-	29 93
Georgia	2	3	6	8	4	33
Kazakhstan	4	0	2	3	8	27
Kyrgyzstan	0	0	0	0	.1	1
EU Latvia	8	14	7	14	15	152
EU Lithuania Moldova, Republic of	5 3	3 1	4 0	3 5	8 2	78 16
Russian Federation	56	84	116	75	120	1,245
Tajikistan	0	0	0	0	0	0
Turkmenistan	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ukraine Uzbekistan	2	3 0	9 9	20 10	35 0	110 28
Total East	2 99	108	9 157	10 142	199	28 1,828
Total European Union (EU)	5,531	5,968	6,966	8,002	7,223	81,776
	-		-	-		
Total WHO European Region	5,867	6,365	7,506	8,614	7,904	89,490

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.

Cumulative totals available since the beginning of reporting (see Table 1).

New HIV reporting system started in 2004. t

Data not available by transmission group. New HIV reporting system started in 2003 (data March-December). ‡ §

Ĭ HIV reporting exists in 10 regions/provinces (see Table 1); data (presented by year of diagnosis) available for all 10 regions/provinces for 2002-2005 only.

¶ Data not available.

New HIV reporting system started in 2002; 2002 data include many cases diagnosed in previous years. Data prior to 2002 are from a national cohort of HIV positive adults receiving antiretroviral therapy.

HIV reporting exists in some of the 19 Autonomous regions but data (presented by year of diagnosis) are only available for 8 regions (see Table 1) for 2003-2005. Cumulative total since 2002 (data not available by transmission group prior to 2002); data not available from Kosovo from 1999. ††

±‡

§§ Data not available by transmission group for adult cases after 2002. Table 3. HIV infections newly diagnosed in injecting drug users by country and year of report (2002-2006), and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

Geographic area		Yea	r of report			Cumulative
Country	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	total reported *
West						
Andorra †	-	-	8	1	0	9
EU Austria ‡	22	- 32	_ 25	_ 13	- 11	703
EU Belgium EU Denmark	32	23	14	19	9	427
EU Finland	26	23	10	16	10	323
EU France § EU Germany	- 131	127 135	198 133	174 135	167 168	666 2,635
EU Greece	17	11	11	20	17	301
Iceland	1	1 49	1 71	0	1	21
EU Ireland Israel	50 65	49 41	56	66 51	57 37	1,327 662
EU Italy	239	207	190	138	-	774
EU Luxembourg EU Malta †	5	4	3 2	7 0	4 2	105 4
Monaco ¶	_	_	<u> </u>	-	-	-
EU Netherlands **	182	81	46	30	17	616
Norway E∪ Portugal	13 1,125	15 860	17 985	15 846	12 703	528 8,082
San Marino	0	0	0	0	0	ĺ 11
EU Spain †† EU Sweden	_ 31	209 32	180 31	130 25	- 35	519 1,001
Switzerland	68	109	83	71	50	3,513
EU United Kingdom	147	132	169	177	187	4,593
Total West	2,154	2,091	2,233	1,934	1,487	26,820
Centre						
Albania	1	0	0	0	0	1
Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Bulgaria	1 2	0 0	3 7	2 13	3 34	19 66
Croatia	1	2	4	1	4	35
EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic	0 1	0 4	0 7	1 4	0 5	6 43
EU Hungary	1	1	2	2	0	17
Macedonia, F.Y.R.	0	0	0	2	1	9
Montenegro EU Poland	0 184	0 223	0 187	0 157	0 112	3 5,461
EU Romania	3	4	0	2	3	16
Serbia ‡‡ E∪ Slovakia	15 0	18 0	15 0	11 0	7 1	66 3
EU Slovakia EU Slovenia	0	0	0	0	1	13
Turkey	5	5	6	8	6	124
Total Centre	214	257	231	203	177	5,882
East						
Armenia Azerbaijan	27 39	14 43	33 61	46 110	24 186	224 573
Belarus	581	43	359	276	242	4,928
EU Estonia §§	702	_	-	_	-	2,396
Georgia Kazakhstan	64 500	64 502	105 433	128 636	156 1,162	716 5,422
Kyrgyzstan	129	110	126	103	168	807
EU Latvia EU Lithuania	397 379	233 85	145 101	114 85	108 62	2,368 928
Moldova, Republic of	140	138	182	228	236	2,099
Russian Federation	18,503	12,174	10,200	10,283	11,161	166,044
Tajikistan Turkmenistan	17 0	33 0	105 0	142 0	99 0	435 0
Ukraine	4,587	4,815	5,778	6,270	7,127	59,619
Uzbekistan	631	918	831	1,140	1,454	5,571
Total East	26,696	19,577	18,459	19,561	22,185	252,130
Total European Union (EU)	3,676	2,475	2,517	2,174	1,713	33,393
Total WHO European Region	29,064	21,925	20,923	21,698	23,849	284,832

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.

Cumulative totals available since the beginning of reporting (see Table 1).

New HIV reporting system started in 2004. Data not available by transmission group. ‡

ş New HIV reporting system started in 2003 (data March-December).

II. HIV reporting exists in 10 regions/provinces (see Table 1); data (presented by year of diagnosis) available for all 10 regions/provinces for 2002-2005 only.

Data not available. ¶ **

New HIV reporting system started in 2002; 2002 data include many cases diagnosed in previous years. Data prior to 2002 are from a national cohort of HIV positive adults receiving antiretroviral therapy. HIV reporting exists in some of the 19 Autonomous regions but data (presented by year of diagnosis) are only available for 8 regions (see Table 1) for 2003-2005.

††

Cumulative total since 2002 (data not available by transmission group prior to 2002); data not available from Kosovo from 1999. **‡**‡

§§ Data not available by transmission group for adult cases after 2002; numbers of IDU reported separately: 346 in 2003, 247, in 2004, 192 in 2005, 191 in 2006.

Table 4. HIV infections newly diagnosed in persons infected through heterosexual contact by country and year of report (2002-2006), and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

EU Austinitian - <	Geographic area		Yea	ar of report			Cumulative
	Country	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	
EU Austinitian - <	West						
Eu Belgium 441 464 447 431 334 7,1 EU Demmark 145 122 129 117 121 2.0 EU France § - 1,712 2,754 2,774 2,284 9.5 EU Generation 1619 574 621 687 714 7.7 EU Generation 1619 577 163 178 188 169 15.5 EU Internation 231 223 178 168 169 17.1 EU Internation 135 589 32 22 2 16 143 - 4.4 EU Lawerbourg 14 34 35 39 32 22 EU Lawerbourg 14 53 35 36 34 16 133 - 14 16 16 13 16 13 16 15 16 13	Andorra †	-	-	7	3	1	11
EU Dermark 145 122 129 117 121 2.7.5 EV Finance § - 1.7.12 2.754 2.7.74 2.284 9.5 EU Germany 619 574 621 687 7.714 7.7 EU Greace 109 140 122 183 143 1.5 EU Italy 691 726 788 648 - 2.2 EU Italy 1691 725 788 648 - 2.2 EU Italy 1691 725 788 648 - - Mata th -							-
Eu Financi 42 55 57 67 92 77 EU France § - 1.712 2.754 2.774 2.284 9.5 EU Greece 109 140 122 183 1143 17.5 Lotand 23 1223 178 188 169 1.6 Itary 69 231 223 178 186 169 1.6 Itary 69 171 149 175 181 2.2 EU Malat 1 1 23 178 186 142 12 Monaco 1 - - - - - - - - 1.4							7,118 2,092
Eu France § - 1.712 2.754 2.774 2.724 2.284 9.57 EO Geresce 109 140 122 183 143 1.7 EU freace 109 140 122 183 143 1.6 Eu Inteland 231 223 178 168 169 1.6 Eu Inteland 231 223 178 168 168 1.6 Eu Inteland 135 580 539 32 2 2 Eu Mathoto fis 1.352 580 504 480 3.1 4.1 Eu Portugal 1,066 1,100 1.433 1.400 1.114 8.1 EU Spain ft - 534 516 433 - 1.4 EU Spain ft - 534 516 433 - 1.4 EU Spain ft - 534 516 433 - 1.4 EU Spain ft - 534 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>778</td></t<>							778
EU Greece [*] 109 140 122 183 143 143 beland 231 223 178 168 169 17. EU Iteland 691 728 788 684 - 2.6 EU Luxembourg 691 728 786 644 - 2.6 EU Luxembourg 135 599 504 440 341 4,1 EU Maraco 1 - - 8 1 140 44 EU Marano 1,000 1,100 1,403 1,000 1,114 8,11 EU Sam Marino 1,200 14,400 1,146 33 - 1,48 EU Sam Marino 1,200 14,607 433 - 1,48 EU Sam Marino 3,469 4,247 4,331 4,697 4,514 34,64 EU Sam Marino 3,22 12,997 10,722 22,2							9,524
Leoland26257Leoland2312231781681691711491751812.6Israel1691711491751812.62.52.62.71.12.52.52.62.71.42.52.62.71.42.52.62.71.42.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.62.71.52.52.52.52.52.52.52.52.52.52.52.5 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>7,786</td>							7,786
Lev Ireland 231 223 178 168 169 1.6 Israel 169 171 149 175 181 2.2 Luxembourg 14 34 35 39 32 2 Monaco 1 - - 8 11 14 4 Monaco 1 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1,885 70</td></td<>							1,885 70
Israel 169 171 149 175 181 2.6 U Itay 691 728 768 644 - 2.8 U Luxembourg 14 34 35 39 32 2 Mata 1 - - - 8 11 14 Monaco 1 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,665</td>							1,665
Lu Luxiembourg 14 34 35 39 32 2 Mata 1 - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2,662</td>							2,662
Eu Maita f - - - 8 11 14 Monaco 1 -							2,835
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							296 33
Eu Netherlands ** 1,552 5689 504 4800 341 41,1 Norway 150 149 168 1,200 1,114 851 Eu Portugal 1,066 1,100 1,403 1,400 1,114 851 San Marino 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 EU Specient 152 207 262 195 198 3,13 Switzerland 324 404 436 358 304 53.6 EU United Kingdom 3,469 4,247 4,331 4,697 4,54.6 Total West 8,977 11,460 12,897 12,999 10,722 95,4 Centre - - - 62 26 27 1 Bosnia & Herzegovina 4 9 10 9 8 1 - U Czech Republic 21 18 34 29 27 2<	•						- 33
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		1,352	589	504	480	341	4,199
San Marino 1 1 0 0 1 U Spain 11 - - 534 516 433 - 1 EU Spain 11 - - 534 516 433 - 1 Switzerland 3242 404 436 358 304 53 EU United Kingdom 3,469 4,247 4,331 4,697 4,514 34.6 Contre - - - 12,999 10,722 95,6 Contra - - - 2 16 2.5 26 27 1 Bosnia & Herzegovina 4 9 10 9 8 - - - - 2 22 1	5						1,707
Eu Spain †† - 534 516 433 - 14 EU Swottzerland 324 404 436 358 304 53. EU United Kingdom 3,469 4,247 4,331 4,697 4,514 34.6 Conterter 8,977 11,460 12,897 12,999 10,722 95,4 Contre Bosnia & Berzegovina 4 9 10 9 8 9 EU Bulgaria 37 62 43 65 46 5 Constia 20 117 18 25 26 3 EU Cyprus 10 17 18 29 27 2 U Casch Republic 21 18 34 29 27 2 U Hongary 26 18 13 21 14 2 U Hongary 3 0 4 6 13 31		,	,				8,169
EU Switzerland 152 207 262 195 198 3.1.1 Switzerland 3244 404 436 358 304 5.3 EU United Kingdom 3.469 4.247 4.331 4.697 4.514 34.6 Contre Contre <thcontre< th=""> <thcontre< th=""> <thcontre< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>16 1,483</td></thcontre<></thcontre<></thcontre<>							16 1,483
Switzerland 324 404 436 358 304 53 EU United Kingdom 3,469 4,247 4,331 4,697 4,514 34,69 Total West 8,977 11,460 12,897 12,999 10,722 95,4 Centre 20 10 9 8 5 Bosnia & Herzegovina 4 9 10 9 8 5 U Dyparia 22 13 17 22 26 27 1 Bosnia & Herzegovina 22 13 17 22 26 3 EU Cyprus 10 17 18 25 26 3 EU Cyprus 10 17 18 34 29 27 22 Montenegro 4 6 1 3 1 25 26 22 1 EU Poland 20 30 38 71 57 5 5 2							3,131
Total West 8,977 11,460 12,897 12,999 10,722 95,4 Centre Albania 22 16 25 26 27 1 Bosnia & Herzegovina 4 9 10 9 8 1 EU Bulgaria 37 62 43 65 46 5 Croatia 22 13 17 22 22 1 EU Czech Republic 21 18 34 29 27 2 EU Hungary 26 18 13 21 14 42 Macedonia, FYR. 3 0 4 8 13 21 14 42 EU Poland 20 30 38 71 57 5 EU Romania 150 113 178 1466 133 1,1 EU Storakia 3 3 2 12 9 101 126	Switzerland	324					5,344
Centre Albania 22 16 25 26 27 1 Bosnia & Herzegovina 4 9 10 9 8 7 1 Bulgaria 37 62 43 65 46 5 Croatia 22 13 17 22 22 1 EU Cyprus 10 17 18 25 26 3 EU Czech Republic 21 18 34 29 27 22 Macedonia, F.Y.R. 3 0 4 8 13 Montenegro 4 6 1 3 1 29 27 22 2 1 14 2 3 3 1 20 30 38 71 57 5 5 2 2 1 16 133 1,1 16 133 1,1 15 163 1,3 1,3 1,3 1,3 1,3 1,3 1,3 1,3 1,3	EU United Kingdom	3,469	4,247	4,331	4,697	4,514	34,600
Albania 22 16 25 26 27 1 Bosnia & Herzegovina 4 9 10 9 8 5 Croatia 22 13 17 22 22 1 EU Guprus 10 17 18 25 26 3 EU Czech Republic 21 18 34 29 27 22 Macedonia, FYR, 3 0 4 8 13 1 EU Poland 20 30 38 71 57 5 EU Romania 150 113 178 146 133 1,1 EU Slovakia 3 3 2 12 9 1 EU Slovakia 3 3 2 12 9 1 13 1,5 25 37 1 EU Slovakia 3 3 2 12 9 1 14 13 1,5 25 37 1 EU Slovakia 317 253 387 428 464 2,6 <td< td=""><td>Total West</td><td>8,977</td><td>11,460</td><td>12,897</td><td>12,999</td><td>10,722</td><td>95,404</td></td<>	Total West	8,977	11,460	12,897	12,999	10,722	95,404
Bosnia & Herzegovina 4 9 10 9 8 EU Bulgaria 37 62 43 65 46 5 Croatia 22 13 17 22 22 1 EU Croch Republic 21 18 34 29 27 22 EU Hungary 26 18 13 21 14 22 Macedonia, F.Y.R. 3 0 4 6 1 3 1 EU Poland 20 30 38 71 57 5 EU Romania 150 113 178 146 133 1,1 Serbia ‡‡ 34 34 26 25 22 1 EU Stovakia 3 3 2 12 9 EU stovakia 3 3 4 4 4 4 Tarkey 91 101 126 187	Centre						
EU Bulgaria 37 62 43 65 46 5 Croatia 22 13 17 22 22 1 EU Cyprus 10 17 18 34 29 27 22 EU Czech Republic 21 18 34 29 27 22 EU Hungary 26 18 13 21 14 22 EU Poland 20 30 38 71 57 55 EU Poland 20 30 38 71 57 55 EU Poland 20 30 38 71 57 55 EU Sorbia ‡‡ 34 34 26 25 22 1 EU Slovenia 3 3 2 12 9 9 13 15 13 15 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 15 15 37 1							164
Croatia 22 13 17 22 22 1 EU Cyprus 10 17 18 25 26 3 EU Czech Republic 21 18 34 29 27 22 EU Hungary 26 18 13 21 14 22 Macedonia, F.Y.R. 3 0 4 6 1 3 1 EU Poland 20 30 38 71 57 5 EU Romania 150 113 178 146 133 1,3 Serbia ‡‡ 34 34 26 25 22 1 EU Slovenia 6 3 4 4 4 Turkey 91 101 126 187 163 1,3 Eu Slovenia 18 25 32 83 27 2 Belarus 317 253							73
EU Cyprus 10 17 18 25 26 3 EU Czech Republic 21 18 34 29 27 2 Macedonia, F.Y.R. 3 0 4 8 13 14 2 Montenegro 4 6 1 3 1 57 55 EU Poland 20 30 38 71 57 55 EU Romania 150 113 178 146 133 1,1 Serbia ‡‡ 34 34 26 225 22 1 14 EU Slovakia 3 3 2 12 9 16 1,3 1,5 EU Slovakia 3 3 2 12 9 10 126 187 163 1,3 Turkey 91 101 126 187 163 1,3 Eel Storia §§ 182 - - - 3 3 27 22 25 37 1 Azerbaijan 18 25 327							546 174
EU Hungary 26 18 13 21 14 22 Macedonia, F.Y.R. 3 0 4 6 1 3 1 Montenegro 4 6 1 3 1 5 5 1 5 5 5 5 5 22 1 1 5 5 5 22 1 1 5 5 1 3 3 1 1 5 5 22 1 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>322</td></t<>							322
Macedonia, F.Y.R. 3 0 4 8 13 Montenegro 4 6 1 3 1 EU Poland 20 30 38 71 57 5 EU Romania 150 113 178 146 133 1,1 Serbia ‡‡ 34 34 26 25 22 1 EU Slovakia 3 3 2 12 9 9 EU Slovakia 6 3 4 4 4 4 Turkey 91 101 126 187 163 1,3 Total Centre 453 443 539 653 572 5,2 East - - - - - - - - - - - - - 2,33 2,7 2,2 83 2,7 2,2 83 2,7 2,2 83 2,7 2,2 8,5 109 <t,< td=""><td>· · · ·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>293</td></t,<>	· · · ·						293
Montenegro 4 6 1 3 1 EU Poland 20 30 38 71 57 55 EU Romania 150 113 1778 146 133 1,1 Serbia ‡‡ 34 34 26 25 22 1 EU Slovekia 3 3 2 12 9 9 EU Slovenia 6 3 4 4 4 4 Turkey 91 101 126 187 163 1,3 Total Centre 453 443 539 653 572 5,2 East - - - - - - 3 2,6 Eu Estonia §§ 182 - - - - - - - - 3 3 2,7 2,8 3 2,7 2,8 3 2,7 2,8 3 2,6 2,6 2,6 2,6 2,6<							248 64
EU Poland 20 30 38 71 57 55 EU Romania 150 113 178 146 133 1,1 Serbia ‡‡ 34 34 26 25 22 1 EU Slovakia 3 3 2 12 9 9 EU Slovenia 6 3 4 4 4 4 Turkey 91 101 126 187 163 1,3 Total Centre 453 443 539 653 572 5,2 East - - - - - - 2 2 Belarus 317 253 387 428 464 2,6 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 3 3							34
Serbia ‡‡ 34 34 34 26 25 22 1 EU Slovakia 3 3 2 12 9 9 EU Slovania 6 3 4 4 4 Turkey 91 101 126 187 163 1,3 Total Centre 453 443 539 653 572 5,2 East							551
EU Slovakia 3 3 3 2 12 9 EU Slovenia 6 3 4 4 4 Turkey 91 101 126 187 163 1,3 Total Centre 453 443 539 653 572 5,2 East - 3 3 3 22 83 27 22 83 27 26 3 27 26 325 12 464 2,65 32 83 27 26 325 12 464 2,65 16 14 28 12 12 14 28 12 12 14 13 14 28 12 14 14							1,193
EU Slovenia Turkey 6 91 3 101 4 126 4 187 4 163 4 1,3 Total Centre 453 443 539 653 572 5,2 East Armenia Azerbaijan 14 13 15 25 37 1 Armenia Azerbaijan 18 25 32 83 27 22 Belarus 317 253 387 428 464 2,6 EU Estonia §§ 182 -	••						141
Turkey 91 101 126 187 163 1,3 Total Centre 453 443 539 653 572 5,2 East							54 71
East Armenia 14 13 15 25 37 1 Azerbaijan 18 25 32 83 27 22 Belarus 317 253 387 428 464 2,6 EU Estonia §§ 182 - - - - 33 Georgia 29 30 49 85 109 33 Kazakhstan 154 161 203 236 325 1,2 Kyrgyzstan 29 19 34 58 71 25 EU Latvia 67 66 66 96 87 25 EU Latvia 67 110 169 291 366 1,2 Moldova, Republic of 57 110 169 291 366 1,2 Russian Federation 3,294 3,686 4,431 4,883 5,505 28,00 Taijkistan 2 1 14 28 52 1 1 Uzbekistan							1,343
Armenia 14 13 15 25 37 1 Azerbaijan 18 25 32 83 27 22 Belarus 317 253 387 428 464 2,6 EU Estonia §§ 182 - - - - - 33 Georgia 29 30 49 85 109 33 Kazakhstan 154 161 203 236 325 1,2 Kyrgyzstan 29 19 34 58 71 25 EU Latvia 67 66 66 96 87 55 EU Lithuania 6 13 24 20 16 1 Moldova, Republic of 57 110 169 291 366 1,2 Russian Federation 3,294 3,686 4,431 4,883 5,505 28,0 Taijikistan 2 1 14 28 52 1 1 Uzbekistan 10 270 <	Total Centre	453	443	539	653	572	5,271
Azerbaijan 18 25 32 83 27 22 Belarus 317 253 387 428 464 2,6 EU Estonia §§ 182 -	East						
Belarus 317 253 387 428 464 2,6 EU Estonia §§ 182 - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>171</td></t<>							171
EU Estonia §§ 182 - <							242
Georgia 29 30 49 85 109 33 Kazakhstan 154 161 203 236 325 1,2 Kyrgyzstan 29 19 34 58 71 22 EU Latvia 67 66 66 96 87 55 EU Latvia 67 613 24 20 16 1 Moldova, Republic of 57 110 169 291 366 1,2 Russian Federation 3,294 3,686 4,431 4,883 5,505 28,0 Tajikistan 2 1 14 28 52 1 Ukraine 2,499 3,043 4,041 4,586 5,646 27,9 Uzbekistan 110 270 202 383 495 1,5 Total East 6,778 7,690 9,667 11,202 13,200 64,7			253	387	428	464	2,615 360
Kazakhstan 154 161 203 236 325 1,2 Kyrgyzstan 29 19 34 58 71 22 EU Latvia 67 66 66 96 87 55 EU Lithuania 6 13 24 20 16 1 Moldova, Republic of 57 110 169 291 366 1,2 Russian Federation 3,294 3,686 4,431 4,883 5,505 28,0 Tajikistan 2 1 14 28 52 1 Ukraine 2,499 3,043 4,041 4,586 5,646 27,9 Uzbekistan 110 270 202 383 495 1,5 Total East 6,778 7,690 9,667 11,202 13,200 64,7			30	49	85	109	365
Kyrgyzstan 29 19 34 58 71 22 EU Latvia 67 66 66 96 87 55 EU Lithuania 6 13 24 20 16 11 Moldova, Republic of 57 110 169 291 366 1,2 Russian Federation 3,294 3,686 4,431 4,883 5,505 28,0 Tajikistan 2 1 14 28 52 1 Ukraine 2,499 3,043 4,041 4,586 5,646 27,9 Uzbekistan 110 270 202 383 495 1,5 Total East 6,778 7,690 9,667 11,202 13,200 64,7		154					1,248
EU Lithuania 6 13 24 20 16 1 Moldova, Republic of 57 110 169 291 366 1,2 Russian Federation 3,294 3,686 4,431 4,883 5,505 28,0 Tajikistan 2 1 14 28 52 1 Turkmenistan 0 0 0 0 0 0 Uzbekistan 110 270 202 383 495 1,5 Total East 6,778 7,690 9,667 11,202 13,200 64,7			19	34	58	71	239
Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation 57 110 169 291 366 1,2 Russian Federation 3,294 3,686 4,431 4,883 5,505 28,0 Tajikistan 2 1 14 28 52 1 Turkmenistan 0 0 0 0 0 0 Ukraine 2,499 3,043 4,041 4,586 5,646 27,9 Uzbekistan 110 270 202 383 495 1,5 Total East 6,778 7,690 9,667 11,202 13,200 64,7							547 130
Russian Federation 3,294 3,686 4,431 4,883 5,505 28,0 Tajikistan 2 1 14 28 52 1 Turkmenistan 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Ukraine 2,499 3,043 4,041 4,586 5,646 27,9 Uzbekistan 110 270 202 383 495 1,5							1,212
Turkmenistan 0 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>28,096</td></t<>							28,096
Ukraine Uzbekistan 2,499 110 3,043 270 4,041 202 4,586 383 5,646 495 27,9 1,5 Total East 6,778 7,690 9,667 11,202 13,200 64,7							105
Uzbekistan 110 270 202 383 495 1,5 Total East 6,778 7,690 9,667 11,202 13,200 64,7							0 27,906
Total East 6,778 7,690 9,667 11,202 13,200 64,7							27,906 1,506
Total European Union (EU) 8,859 11,072 12,555 12,819 10,489 89,9							64,742
	Total European Union (EU)	8,859	11,072	12,555	12,819	10,489	89,909
Total WHO European Region 16,208 19,593 23,103 24,854 24,494 165,4	Total WHO European Region	16.208	19,593	23,103	24,854	24.494	165,417

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.

Cumulative totals available since the beginning of reporting (see Table 1).

New HIV reporting system started in 2004. t

Data not available by transmission group. New HIV reporting system started in 2003 (data March-December). ‡ §

Ĭ HIV reporting exists in 10 regions/provinces (see Table 1); data (presented by year of diagnosis) available for all 10 regions/provinces for 2002-2005 only.

¶ Data not available.

New HIV reporting system started in 2002; 2002 data include many cases diagnosed in previous years. Data prior to 2002 are from a national cohort of HIV positive adults receiving antiretroviral therapy.

HIV reporting exists in some of the 19 Autonomous regions but data (presented by year of diagnosis) are only available for 8 regions (see Table 1) for 2003-2005. Cumulative total since 2002 (data not available by transmission group prior to 2002); data not available from Kosovo from 1999. ††

±‡

§§ Data not available by transmission group for adult cases after 2002. Table 5. HIV infections newly diagnosed in persons infected through mother-to-child transmission by country and year of report (2002-2006), and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

by ST December 2000						
Geographic area			r of report			Cumulative
Country	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	total reported *
West						
Andorra †	-	-	1	0	0	1
E∪ Austria‡ E∪ Belgium	12	12	9	- 7	- 5	357
EU Denmark	8	3	4	4	2	70
EU Finland	3	1	1	1	1	14
EU France § EU Germany	- 22	44 11	53 19	49 17	34 14	180 177
EU Greece	2	2	3	3	3	53
Iceland	0	0	0	0	0	1
EU Ireland Israel	8 8	11 8	3 8	3 13	2 13	37 144
EU Italy ¶	24	14	30	9	-	77
EU Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	0	2
EU Malta † Monaco **	-	-	0	0	0	0
EU Netherlands ††	_ 59	32	20	24	- 7	142
Norway	2	2	4	5	5	45
EU Portugal	19	15	21	6	7	96
San Marino E∪ Spain ‡‡	0 -	0 4	0 2	0 1	0	1 7
EU Sweden	5	4	14	12	6	107
Switzerland	17	9	4	5	1	160
EU United Kingdom	115	146	153	119	91	1,504
Total West	304	318	349	278	191	3,175
Centre						
Albania	1	3	0	0	5	10
Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Bulgaria	0 1	0 0	0 0	0 1	1 0	1 6
Croatia	0	1	0	0	1	7
EU Cyprus	0	0	0	1	0	2
EU Czech Republic EU Hungary	0 0	1 0	0 0	0 2	0 0	4 5
Macedonia, F.Y.R.	1	0	0	1	0	5
Montenegro	0	0	0	0	0	2
EU Poland	29	11	10	8 4	14	103
EU Romania Serbia §§	10 3	12 2	7 3	4	9 0	210 9
EU Slovakia	Ő	Ō	Ő	0 0	õ	0
EU Slovenia	1	0	1	0	0	5
Turkey	4	4	8	8	2	45
Total Centre	50	34	29	26	32	414
East	_	_		_		
Armenia Azerbaijan	0 3	0 0	1 1	2 3	3 1	8 8
Belarus	0	0	20	34	19	96
EU Estonia	2	3	7	4	4	23
Georgia Kazakhstan	0 1	1 3	2 6	7 9	6 15	18 37
Kyrgyzstan	0	0	0	9	2	4
EU Latvia	2	2	4	2	5	17
EU Lithuania	0	0	0	0	0	0
Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation	2	7	6	9	14	42
Tajikistan	0	0	0	0	0	0
Turkmenistan	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ukraine Uzbekistan	- 5	_ 0	- 4	- 11	- 31	- 53
Total East	15	16	51	83	100	306
Total European Union (EU)	322	328	361	277	204	3,198
Total WHO European Region	369	368	429	387	323	3,895

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.

Cumulative totals available since the beginning of reporting (see Table 1).

New HIV reporting system started in 2004. t

ŧ

Data not available by transmission group. New HIV reporting system started in 2003 (data March-December). §

Ĭ Cumulative total since 2000 (data on mother-to-child cases not available prior to 2000).

1 HIV reporting exists in 10 regions/provinces (see Table 1); data (presented by year of diagnosis) available for all 10 regions/provinces for 2002-2005 only. Data not available.

tt New HIV reporting system started in 2002; 2002 data include many cases diagnosed in previous years. Data prior to 2002 are from a national cohort of HIV positive adults receiving antiretroviral therapy.
 HIV reporting exists in some of the 19 Autonomous regions but data (presented by year of diagnosis) are only available for 8 regions (see Table 1) for 2003-2005.

Cumulative total since 2002 (data not available by transmission group prior to 2002); data not available from Kosovo from 1999. §§

|| || Data on mother-to-child cases not available.

Table 6. HIV infections newly diagnosed by geographic area*, sex, transmission group and year of report (2002-2006), and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006*

Geographic area		Yea	r of report			Ourselation
Sex Transmission group	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Cumulative total reported †
West						
Male						
Men who have sex with men Injecting drug user Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient Heterosexual contact Mother-to-child	5,582 1,693 78 3,720 142	6,064 1,617 62 4,910 162	7,140 1,736 55 5,551 182	8,140 1,525 53 5,572 140	7,410 1,186 42 4,509 77	84,561 19,497 2,770 41,980 1,541
Nosocomial infection Other/Undetermined	13 1,196	5 1,636	6 2,047	4 2,438	5 2,938	111 28,675
Total West – male	12,424	14,456	16,717	17,872	16,167	179,135
Female	•	,	,	•		
Injecting drug user Transfusion recipient Heterosexual contact Mother-to-child Nosocomial infection Other/Undetermined	459 72 5,240 162 2 622	472 62 6,523 156 4 890	492 65 7,330 166 2 1,129	404 50 7,404 137 3 1,528	296 47 6,197 113 5 1,933	6,508 986 52,908 1,618 65 13,957
Total West – female	6,557	8,107	9,184	9,526	8,591	76,042
Centre						
Male						
Men who have sex with men Injecting drug user Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient Heterosexual contact Mother-to-child Nosocomial infection Other/Undetermined	186 159 18 231 27 52 342	193 182 11 253 21 18 327	209 180 14 302 14 6 413	332 144 7 365 11 7 418	295 142 7 329 17 3 522	3,101 4,441 402 2,905 239 306 6,859
Total Centre – male	1,015	1,005	1,138	1,284	1,315	18,253
Female						
Injecting drug user Transfusion recipient Heterosexual contact Mother-to-child Nosocomial infection Other/Undetermined	55 10 222 23 44 132	75 10 190 13 23 151	50 11 237 15 6 166	57 4 287 15 0 134	35 7 243 15 1 159	1,391 203 2,364 175 232 3,256
Total Centre – female	486	462	485	497	460	7,621
East						
Male Men who have sex with men Injecting drug user Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient Heterosexual contact Mother-to-child Nosocomial infection Other/Undetermined	99 21,229 7 2,625 10 1 16,908	108 15,593 6 2,640 6 1 13,117	157 14,527 5 3,222 30 0 11,792	142 15,679 7 3,786 49 2 11,791	199 17,702 8 4,473 51 26 12,766	1,828 199,687 59 24,458 162 203 116,650
Total East – male	40,879	31,471	29,733	31,456	35,225	343,047
Female						
Injecting drug user Transfusion recipient Heterosexual contact Mother-to-child Nosocomial infection Other/Undetermined	5,467 5 4,153 5 0 9,629	3,984 4 5,050 10 0 9,341	3,932 2 6,445 21 0 9,787	3,882 12 7,416 34 1 10,220	4,483 8 8,727 49 13 11,357	51,357 59 40,185 142 131 67,440
Total East – female	19,259	18,389	20,187	21,565	24,637	159,314
Total WHO European Region ‡	81,131	74,378	77,976	82,733	86,912	806,258

See Table 1 for list of countries and completeness of data per country. Cumulative totals since the beginning of reporting.

† ‡

Includes cases with unknown sex.

Table 7. HIV infections newly diagnosed by geographic area*, sex, age at diagnosis and year of report (2002-2006), and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006*

Geographic area		Yea	ar of report			.
Sex Age at diagnosis (years)	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006 to	Cumulative tal reported †
West						
Male						
<15 15-19 20-29 30-39 40-49 50+	163 126 2,848 5,191 2,555 1,444	191 167 2,967 5,790 3,371 1,877	200 185 3,370 6,672 4,025 2,187	151 178 3,585 6,882 4,467 2,541	85 137 3,232 5,977 4,306 2,308	2,409 2,330 45,777 68,901 35,923 20,046
Total West – male ‡	12,424	14,456	16,717	17,872	16,167	179,135
Female						
<15 15-19 20-29 30-39 40-49 50+	182 272 2,355 2,522 785 388	187 274 2,833 3,090 1,122 559	190 293 3,172 3,412 1,295 782	152 274 3,154 3,614 1,503 791	121 237 2,675 3,346 1,376 795	2,095 2,484 28,938 27,051 9,025 5,075
Total West – female ‡	6,557	8,107	9,184	9,526	8,591	76,042
Centre						
Male <15 15-19 20-29 30-39 40-49 50+	55 74 302 305 145 83	44 325 267 160 107	22 66 304 347 195 108	19 49 382 388 202 139	18 26 404 409 210 115	2,343 790 5,678 4,457 1,983 1,071
Total Centre – male ‡	1,015	1,005	1,138	1,284	1,315	18,253
Female <15 15-19 20-29 30-39 40-49 50+	51 69 174 104 42 15	41 47 156 110 41 31	20 69 173 113 36 31	22 46 203 118 42 32	17 28 171 114 58 36	1,721 718 2,507 1,159 475 294
Total Centre – female ‡	486	462	485	497	460	7,621
East						-,
Male <15 15-19 20-29 30-39 40-49 50+	130 4,458 25,291 8,048 2,413 527	151 1,815 18,865 7,659 2,395 567	95 1,115 16,079 8,654 2,852 889	144 945 15,997 10,205 3,302 826	252 867 15,984 12,879 4,074 1,126	1,472 39,714 198,411 75,327 21,600 5,352
Total East – male ‡	40,879	31,471	29,733	31,456	35,225	343,047
Female <15 15-19 20-29 30-39 40-49 50+	127 3,464 11,968 2,722 709 263	95 2,547 11,601 3,013 834 285	68 2,331 12,331 3,825 1,116 509	93 2,341 12,869 4,463 1,325 472	173 2,170 14,271 5,613 1,765 637	941 25,744 95,257 27,206 7,174 2,680
Total East – female ‡	19,259	18,389	20,187	21,565	24,637	159,314
Total WHO European Region §	81,131	74,378	77,976	82,733	86,912	806,258

See Table 1 for list of countries and completeness of data per country.

Cumulative totals since the beginning of reporting. Includes cases with unknown age group. t

‡ §

Includes cases with unknown sex.

					0				
	Case from	country			Case with from a cou	•			
	with general	-	Case with h	niah risk	a general	•		Other/	
Geographic area	•	pidemic		artner ‡	•	pidemic	Unde	termined	Total
Country	N	. (%)	 N	(%)	N	. (%)	N	(%)	N
West									
Andorra	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	1	(100.0)	1
EU Belgium	196	(58.7)	1	(0.3)	33	(9.9)	104	`(31.1)́	334
EU Denmark	39	(32.2)	5	(4.1)	40	(33.1)	37	(30.6)	121
EU Finland EU France	27 1.043	(29.3) (45.7)	1 46	(1.1) (2.0)	28 245	(30.4) (10.7)	36 950	(39.1) (41.6)	92 2,284
EU Germany	321	(45.0)	20	(2.0)	40	(10.7)	333	(41.6)	2,204
EU Greece	55	(38.5)	9	(6.3)	3	(2.1)	76	(53.1)	143
Iceland	4	(57.1)	0	(0.0)	2	(28.6)	1	(14.3)	7
EU Ireland	109	(64.5)	2	(1.2)	7	(4.1)	51	(30.2)	169
EU Luxembourg EU Malta	14 10	(43.8) (71.4)	0 0	(0.0) (0.0)	0 2	(0.0) (14.3)	18 2	(56.3) (14.3)	32 14
Norway	104	(65.8)	0	(0.0)	0	(14.3)	2 54	(34.2)	158
EU Portugal	230	(20.6)	15	(1.3)	4	(0.4)	865	(77.6)	1,114
EU Sweden	129	(65.2)	1	(0.5)	32	(16.2)	36	(18.2)	198
Switzerland	122	(40.1)	15	(4.9)	63	(20.7)	104	(34.2)	304
EU United Kingdom	2,017	(44.7)	44	(1.0)	1,060	(23.5)	1,393	(30.9)	4,514
Total West	4,420	(43.3)	159	(1.6)	1,559	(15.3)	4,061	(39.8)	10,199
Centre									
Albania	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	27	(100.0)	27
Bosnia & Herzegovina Croatia	0 1	(0.0) (4.5)	0	(0.0) (0.0)	0 1	(0.0) (4.5)	8 20	(100.0) (90.9)	8 22
EU Cyprus	12	(4.3)	0	(0.0)	1	(4.3)	13	(50.0)	22
EU Czech Republic	2	(7.4)	0	(0.0)	5	(18.5)	20	(74.1)	27
EU Hungary	3	(21.4)	0	(0.0)	1	(7.1)	10	(71.4)	14
Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro	1 0	(7.7) (0.0)	0 0	(0.0) (0.0)	0 0	(0.0) (0.0)	12 1	(92.3) (100.0)	13 1
EU Poland	0	(0.0)	1	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	56	(100.0)	57
Serbia	õ	(0.0)	O	(0.0)	Ő	(0.0)	22	(100.0)	22
EU Slovakia	1	(11.1)	0	(0.0)	2	(22.2)	6	(66.7)	9
EU Slovenia	1	(25.0)	0	(0.0)	1	(25.0)	2	(50.0)	4
Turkey	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	163	(100.0)	163
Total Centre	21	(5.3)	1	(0.3)	11	(2.8)	360	(91.6)	393
East									
Armenia	0	(0.0)	3	(8.1)	0	(0.0)	34	(91.9)	37
Azerbaijan	0 0	(0.0)	9 0	(33.3)	0	(0.0)	18	(66.7)	27
Belarus Georgia	0	(0.0) (0.0)	57	(0.0) (52.3)	17	(0.0) (15.6)	464 35	(100.0) (32.1)	464 109
Kyrgyzstan	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(10.0)	71	(100.0)	71
EU Latvia	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	87	(100.0)	87
EU Lithuania	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	2	(12.5)	14	(87.5)	16
Tajikistan Turkmenistan	0 0	(0.0)	0 0	(0.0)	1 0	(1.9)	51 0	(98.1)	52 0
Uzbekistan	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	495	(100.0)	495
Total East	0	(0.0)	69	(5.1)	20	(1.5)	1,269	(93.4)	1,358
Total European Union (EU) (20 countries)	4,209	(42.2)	145	(1.5)	1,506	(15.1)	4,109	(41.2)	9,969
Total WHO European Region (39 countries †)	4,441	(37.2)	229	(1.9)	1,590	(13.3)	5,690	(47.6)	11,950

Table 8. HIV infections newly diagnosed in persons infected through heterosexual contact, by country and transmission subcategory*, cases reported in 2006, WHO European Region (39 countries †)

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.

See Technical note.

Countries providing individual HIV data (EHIDS, see Technical note) except Estonia, Spain (data for this table not available). Sex partner: bisexual male, IDU, haemophiliac or transfusion recipient.

† ‡

Table 9. HIV infections newly diagnosed by country of report and country or subcontinent of origin, cases reported in 2006, WHO European Region (40 countries*)

		Country or subcontinent of origin								
Geographic area	Information used in national	Country	of report	Western E	urope †	Central & E	Eastern urope †			
Country of report	surveillance to determine country or subcontinent of origin	N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)			
West										
Andorra EU Belgium EU Denmark EU Finland EU France EU Germany ‡ EU Greece Iceland EU Ireland	Place of birth Nationality Nationality Nationality Country of origin § Nationality Nationality Place of birth	1 302 146 118 2,124 1,626 434 5 125	(100.0) (30.4) (59.6) (60.5) (36.9) (59.8) (76.3) (45.5) (37.1)	0 0 12 4 91 67 2 2 20	(0.0) (0.0) (4.9) (2.1) (1.6) (2.5) (0.4) (18.2) (5.9)	0 6 6 37 144 50 0 14	(0.0) (0.0) (2.4) (3.1) (0.6) (5.3) (8.8) (0.0) (4.2)			
EU Luxembourg EU Malta Norway EU Portugal EU Sweden Switzerland EU United Kingdom	Nationality Nationality Place of birth Place of birth Place of birth Nationality Place of birth	10 11 115 1,713 117 305 1,128	(17.9) (37.9) (42.4) (79.2) (31.0) (40.3) (12.6)	28 4 15 13 68 189	(50.0) (13.8) (2.2) (0.7) (3.4) (9.0) (2.1)	0 1 9 14 20 16 64	(0.0) (3.4) (3.3) (0.6) (5.3) (2.1) (0.7)			
Total West		8,280	(35.4)	521	(2.2)	381	(1.6)			
Centre Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina Croatia ‡ EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro EU Poland Serbia EU Slovakia EU Slovania Turkey	Nationality/Place of birth Nationality/Place of birth Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality/Place of Birth Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality	32 17 64 10 73 50 16 4 714 89 25 29 246	(100.0) (100.0) (29.4) (78.5) (61.7) (94.1) (100.0) (95.2) (100.0) (92.6) (85.3) (84.8)	0 0 1 0 4 0 0 3 3 0 0 0 1 2		0 0 10 13 2 0 0 0 0 0 2 3 33	(0.0) (0.0) (29.4) (14.0) (2.5) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (7.4) (8.8) (11.4)			
Total Centre		1,369	(89.2)	11	(0.7)	63	(4.1)			
East Armenia Azerbaijan Belarus EU Estonia Georgia Kyrgyzstan EU Latvia EU Lithuania Tajikistan Turkmenistan Uzbekistan	Nationality Nationality Nationality/Place of residence Nationality/Place of residence Nationality Place of birth Nationality Nationality/Place of birth Nationality Place of birth	66 241 732 668 266 234 299 96 204 0 2,200	(100.0) (99.6) (90.9) (100.0) (96.4) (95.9) (100.0) (96.0) (100.0) - (99.8)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	$(0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ -$	0 1 0 9 7 0 4 0 0 3	(0.0) (0.4) (0.0) (0.0) (3.3) (2.9) (0.0) (4.0) (0.0) 			
Total East		5,006	(99.4)	0	(0.0)	24	(0.5)			
Total European Union (EU) (21 countries)		9,818	(40.2)	453	(1.9)	390	(1.6)			
Total WHO European Regic (40 countries*)	on	14,655	(48.9)	532	(1.8)	468	(1.6)			

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.

Countries providing individual HIV data (EHIDS, see Technical note) except Spain (data not available for 2006). Other than country of report. Non-residents excluded.

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Definition not specified. Foreigners excluded.

Table 9. HIV infections newly diagnosed by country of report and country or subcontinent of origin, cases reported (Cont.) in 2006, WHO European Region (40 countries*)

Country or subcontinent of origin											
Sub-Sa	aharan Africa	Latin Ar & Car	nerica ribean	S South-Ea	outh & st Asia		Other	Un	known	Total	Geographic area
N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)	N	Country of report
	. ,		. ,		• •				. ,		West
0 244 43 18 1,279 280 43 4 109 15 10 107 325 133 133 2,152	(0.0) (24.5) (17.6) (9.2) (22.2) (10.3) (7.6) (36.4) (32.3) (26.8) (34.5) (39.5) (15.0) (35.3) (17.6) (24.1)	0 3 1 255 46 3 0 3 2 0 8 58 20 25 145	(0.0) (0.0) (1.2) (0.5) (4.4) (1.7) (0.5) (0.0) (0.0) (3.6) (0.0) (3.6) (0.0) (3.6) (2.7) (5.3) (3.3) (1.6)	0 0 18 11 35 71 7 0 10 0 0 15 3 48 21 101	$\begin{array}{c} (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (7.3) \\ (5.6) \\ (2.6) \\ (1.2) \\ (0.0) \\ (3.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (5.5) \\ (0.1) \\ (12.7) \\ (2.8) \\ (1.1) \end{array}$	0 119 7 37 121 34 9 0 2 0 2 0 2 10 3 5 9 9 95	$\begin{array}{c} (0.0) \\ (12.0) \\ (2.9) \\ (19.0) \\ (2.1) \\ (1.3) \\ (1.6) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.6) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.6) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.7) \\ (0.1) \\ (1.3) \\ (1.2) \\ (1.1) \end{array}$	0 330 10 0 1,808 450 21 0 54 1 1 1 1 21 21 80 5,051	$\begin{array}{c} (0.0) \\ (33.2) \\ (4.1) \\ (0.0) \\ (31.4) \\ (16.6) \\ (3.7) \\ (0.0) \\ (16.0) \\ (16.0) \\ (1.8) \\ (3.4) \\ (0.4) \\ (1.4) \\ (5.6) \\ (23.8) \\ (56.6) \end{array}$	1 995 245 5,750 2,718 569 11 337 56 29 271 2,162 377 757 8,925	Andorra EU Belgium EU Denmark EU Finland EU France EU Gereany ‡ EU Greece Iceland EU Ireland EU Luxembourg EU Malta Norway EU Portugal EU Sweden Switzerland EU United Kingdom
4,895	(20.9)	569	(2.4)	340	(1.5)	453	(1.9)	7,959	(34.0)	23,398	Total West
•			. ,		. ,		. ,	•			Centre
0 0 12 2 0 1 0 1 0 0 4	(0.0) (0.0) (35.3) (2.2) (0.0) (5.9) (0.0) (0.1) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (1.4)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.3)	0 0 2 3 1 0 0 1 0 0 0	$\begin{array}{c} (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (5.9) \\ (3.2) \\ (1.2) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.1) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \end{array}$	0 1 2 5 0 0 0 0 0 4	(0.0) (0.0) (1.5) (0.0) (2.2) (6.2) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (1.4)	0 0 0 19 0 31 0 1 0	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (23.5) (0.0) (0.0) (4.1) (0.0) (2.9) (0.0)	32 17 66 34 93 81 17 4 750 89 27 34 290	Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina Croatia ‡ EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro EU Poland Serbia EU Slovakia EU Slovenia Turkey
20	(1.3)	1	(0.1)	7	(0.5)	12	(0.8)	51	(3.3)	1,534	Total Centre
0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.4) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	$\begin{array}{c} (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ \end{array}$	0 0 1 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0	(0.0) (0.0) (0.1) (0.0) (0.4) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.1)	66 242 733 668 276 244 299 100 204 0 2,205	East Armenia Azerbaijan Belarus EU Estonia Georgia Kyrgyzstan EU Latvia EU Lithuania Tajikistan Turkmenistan Uzbekistan
1	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	4	(0.1)	2	(0.0)	5,037	Total East
4,666	(19.1)	536	(2.2)	311	(1.3)	441	(1.8)	7,829	(32.0)	24,444	Total European Union (EU (21 countries)
4,916	(16.4)	570	(1.9)	347	(1.2)	469	(1.6)	8,012	(26.7)	29,969	Total WHO European Region (40 countries*)

 Table 10. HIV infections newly diagnosed by geographic area*, transmission group and country or subcontinent of origin, cases reported in 2006, WHO European Region (40 countries*)

			Country	y or subco	ontinent of orig	gin		
Geographic area	Country	of report	Western E	urope †	Central & E	Eastern urope †	Sub-Sahara	an Africa
Transmission group	N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)
West								
Men who have sex with men	3,900	(57.7)	273	(4.0)	93	(1.4)	75	(1.1
Injecting drug user	1,019	(71.1)	62	(4.3)	72	(5.0)	29	(2.0
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient	14	(16.7)	1	(1.2)	2	(2.4)	39	(46.4
Heterosexual contact	2,623	(25.7)	139	(1.4)	140	(1.4)	4,357	(42.7
Mother-to-child	61	(35.7)	3	(1.8)	7	(4.1)	70	(40.9
Other/Undetermined	663	(13.9)	43	(0.9)	67	(1.4)	325	(6.8
Total West	8,280	(35.4)	521	(2.2)	381	(1.6)	4,895	(20.9)
Centre								
Men who have sex with men	258	(93.1)	4	(1.4)	11	(4.0)	0	(0.0)
Injecting drug user	128	(91.4)	2	(1.4)	4	(2.9)	1	(0.7
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient	3	(100.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0
Heterosexual contact	328	(83.5)	2	(0.5)	43	(10.9)	14	(3.6
Mother-to-child	23	(100.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0
Other/Undetermined	629	(90.1)	3	(0.4)	5	(0.7)	5	(0.7
Total Centre	1,369	(89.2)	11	(0.7)	63	(4.1)	20	(1.3
East								
Men who have sex with men	34	(100.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0
Injecting drug user	2,483	(99.4)	0	(0.0)	16	(0.6)	0	(0.0
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient	7	(100.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0
Heterosexual contact	1,347	(99.2)	0	(0.0)	6	(0.4)	1	(0.1
Mother-to-child	69	(97.2)	0	(0.0)	1	(1.4)	0	(0.0
Other/Undetermined	1,066	(99.8)	0	(0.0)	1	(0.1)	0	(0.0
Total East	5,006	(99.4)	0	(0.0)	24	(0.5)	1	(0.0
Total WHO European Region (40 countries*)	14,655	(48.9)	532	(1.8)	468	(1.6)	4,916	(16.4

* See Table 9 for list of countries and for information on how country or subcontinent of origin is determined in each country.

† Other than country of report.

		Country	or subcor						
Latin Aı & Car	merica ribean	South-Ea	outh & st Asia		Other	Ur	nknown	Total	Geographic area
Ν	(%)	Ν	(%)	Ν	(%)	N	(%)	Ν	Transmission group
									West
195	(2.9)	69	(1.0)	173	(2.6)	1,979	(29.3)	6,757	Men who have sex with men
9	(0.6)	11	(0.8)	24	(1.7)	207	(14.4)	1,433	Injecting drug user
0	(0.0)	5	(6.0)	3	(3.6)	20	(23.8)	84	Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipien
316	(3.1)	215	(2.1)	182	(1.8)	2,227	(21.8)	10,199	Heterosexual contact
1	(0.6)	2	(1.2)	2	(1.2)	25	(14.6)	171	Mother-to-child
48	(1.0)	38	(0.8)	69	(1.5)	3,501	(73.6)	4,754	Other/Undetermined
569	(2.4)	340	(1.5)	453	(1.9)	7,959	(34.0)	23,398	Total West
									Centre
0	(0.0)	1	(0.4)	1	(0.4)	2	(0.7)	277	Men who have sex with men
0	(0.0)	1	(0.7)	0	(0.0)	4	(2.9)	140	Injecting drug user
0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	3	Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipien
1	(0.3)	3	(0.8)	2	(0.5)	0	(0.0)	393	Heterosexual contact
0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	23	Mother-to-child
0	(0.0)	2	(0.3)	9	(1.3)	45	(6.4)	698	Other/Undetermined
1	(0.1)	7	(0.5)	12	(0.8)	51	(3.3)	1,534	Total Centre
									East
0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	34	Men who have sex with men
0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	2,499	Injecting drug user
0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	2,100	Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipien
0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	4	(0.3)	0	(0.0)	1,358	Heterosexual contact
0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	- 0	(0.0)	1	(0.0)	71	Mother-to-child
0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	1	(0.1)	1,068	Other/Undetermined
	. ,		. ,						
0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	4	(0.1)	2	(0.0)	5,037	Total East
570	(1.9)	347	(1.2)	469	(1.6)	8,012	(26.7)	29,969	Total WHO European Region (40 countries*)

Table 10. HIV infections newly diagnosed by geographic area*, transmission group and country or subcontinent of(Cont.)origin, cases reported in 2006, WHO European Region (40 countries*)

Table 11. AIDS cases and incidence rates per million population by country and year of diagnosis (1999-2006) adjusted for reporting delays*, and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

	Year of diagnosis							
Geographic area	1999	2000		2001		2002		
Country	N	Rate	N	Rate	N	Rate	N	Rate
West Andorra ‡ EU Austria EU Belgium EU Denmark EU Finland EU France EU Germany EU Greece Iceland EU Ireland Israel EU Italy EU Luxembourg EU Malta Monaco § EU Netherlands Norway EU Portugal San Marino EU Spain EU Sweden Switzerland EU United Kingdom	$\begin{array}{c} - \\ 101 \\ 121 \\ 75 \\ 11 \\ 1,839 \\ 837 \\ 131 \\ 0 \\ 25 \\ 50 \\ 2,135 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 178 \\ 29 \\ 1,108 \\ 0 \\ 3,127 \\ 69 \\ 282 \\ 761 \end{array}$	- 12.5 11.8 14.1 2.1 30.3 10.2 12.0 0.0 6.7 8.4 37.0 11.6 2.6 0.0 11.3 6.5 108.9 0.0 77.3 7.8 39.5 13.0	- 85 145 58 17 1,735 780 131 1 13 68 1,948 10 3 0 250 38 1,011 0 2,849 61 210 833	$\begin{array}{c} -\\ 10.5\\ 14.1\\ 10.9\\ 3.3\\ 28.5\\ 9.5\\ 11.9\\ 3.6\\ 3.4\\ 11.2\\ 33.8\\ 23.0\\ 7.7\\ 0.0\\ 15.7\\ 8.4\\ 98.9\\ 0.0\\ 70.0\\ 6.9\\ 29.3\\ 14.2 \end{array}$	91 141 71 19 1,675 714 93 1 26 63 1,812 4 0 0 258 29 998 1 2,463 50 215 736	- 11.2 13.6 13.2 3.7 27.4 8.7 8.4 3.5 6.7 10.1 31.4 9.1 0.0 0.0 16.1 6.4 97.1 36.8 59.9 5.6 29.9 12.5	$\begin{array}{c} & - \\ & 94 \\ 133 \\ 44 \\ 20 \\ 1,639 \\ 652 \\ 99 \\ 0 \\ 35 \\ 80 \\ 1,756 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \\ 295 \\ 38 \\ 1,004 \\ 1 \\ 2,266 \\ 61 \\ 207 \\ 889 \end{array}$	- 11.6 12.8 8.2 6.6 7.9 9.0 0.0 8.9 12.6 30.3 2.2 10.1 0.0 18.4 8.3 97.2 36.5 54.5 6.8 28.7 15.0
Total West	10,885		10,246		9,460		9,318	
Centre Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Bulgaria Croatia EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro EU Poland EU Romania Serbia EU Slovakia EU Slovenia Turkey	1 12 11 16 13 17 37 5 2 137 673 53 2 8 2 8 26	0.3 3.2 1.4 3.5 16.8 1.7 3.6 2.5 3.1 3.5 30.3 6.8 0.4 4.1 0.4	3 4 16 19 11 14 27 4 7 124 662 68 5 7 48	1.0 1.0 2.0 4.2 14.0 1.4 2.6 2.0 10.7 3.2 29.9 8.8 0.9 3.6 0.7	12 10 14 7 4 7 20 3 2 132 455 65 5 5 43	3.9 2.6 1.8 1.6 5.0 0.7 2.0 1.5 3.0 3.4 20.7 8.4 0.9 2.5 0.6	10 5 13 19 4 8 26 5 1 124 343 72 2 3 44	3.2 1.3 1.6 4.2 5.0 0.8 2.5 1.6 3.2 15.6 9.6 0.4 1.5 0.6
Total Centre	1,013		1,019		784		679	
East Armenia Azerbaijan § Belarus EU Estonia Georgia Kazakhstan Kyrgyzstan EU Latvia EU Lithuania Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation Tajikistan Turkmenistan Ukraine Uzbekistan §	8 9 5 2 6 5 1 18 6 3 94 0 0 586 0	2.6 1.1 0.5 1.5 1.3 0.3 0.2 7.5 1.7 0.7 0.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 11.8 0.0	$3 \\ 18 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ 15 \\ 10 \\ 0 \\ 23 \\ 7 \\ 4 \\ 157 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 650 \\ 4$	1.0 2.2 0.0 2.2 3.2 0.7 0.0 9.7 2.0 0.9 1.1 0.0 0.0 13.2 0.2	4 17 6 2 11 18 1 40 10 11 172 1 0 845 9	1.3 2.1 0.6 1.5 2.4 1.2 0.2 17.0 2.9 2.6 1.2 0.2 0.0 17.4 0.4	4 15 21 6 48 33 9 56 9 19 213 0 1 1,340 7	1.3 1.8 2.1 4.5 10.4 2.2 1.8 23.9 2.6 4.5 1.5 0.0 0.2 27.9 0.3
Total East	743		894		1,147		1,781	
Total European Union (EU)	11,448		10,828		9,845		9,586	

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.

See Technical note; due to differences in estimation methods, data adjusted may differ slightly from those presented in national reports.

Cumulative totals since the beginning of the epidemic; unadjusted. HIV/AIDS surveillance system started in 2004.

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\$ || December 2005 data.

Data not available from Kosovo from 1999.

Year of diagnosis						.				
2003	2003		2004		2005		;	Cumulative total reported †	Geographic area	
Ν	Rate	N	Rate	Ν	Rate	Ν	Rate	Ν	Country	
50 126 39 25 1,465 648 94 1 39 77 1,718 8 2 0 281 50 894 1 2,226 53 215 928	6.1 12.1 7.2 4.8 23.7 7.8 8.5 3.5 9.7 11.9 29.6 17.7 5.0 0.0 17.4 10.9 86.1 36.2 52.8 5.9 29.7 15.6	$\begin{array}{c} 1\\ 72\\ 124\\ 60\\ 19\\ 1,376\\ 669\\ 87\\ 3\\ 44\\ 36\\ 1,616\\ 12\\ 1\\ 0\\ 281\\ 36\\ 787\\ 0\\ 2,028\\ 66\\ 222\\ 881 \end{array}$	14.9 8.8 11.9 11.0 3.6 22.2 8.1 7.9 10.3 10.9 5.5 27.8 26.1 2.5 0.0 17.3 7.8 75.4 0.0 47.6 7.3 30.7 14.8	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 59\\ 151\\ 45\\ 26\\ 1,315\\ 628\\ 101\\ 1\\ 49\\ 59\\ 1,500\\ 8\\ 3\\ 0\\ 314\\ 32\\ 762\\ 1\\ 1,753\\ 48\\ 188\\ 832 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.0\\ 7.3\\ 14.5\\ 8.3\\ 5.0\\ 21.1\\ 7.6\\ 9.1\\ 1.8\\ 8.7\\ 25.8\\ 17.2\\ 7.5\\ 0.0\\ 19.3\\ 6.9\\ 72.7\\ 35.6\\ 40.7\\ 5.3\\ 25.9\\ 13.9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 59\\ 99\\ 49\\ 43\\ 1,020\\ 367\\ 92\\ 3\\ 24\\ 67\\ 1,126\\ 9\\ 4\\ -\\ 189\\ 25\\ 694\\ 1\\ 1,519\\ 58\\ 156\\ 857\end{array}$	0.0 7.2 9.5 9.1 8.2 16.3 4.4 8.2 10.1 5.8 9.7 19.4 19.4 19.4 19.4 9.9 - 11.5 5.4 65.8 35.0 6.4 21.5 14.3	$\begin{array}{c} 1\\ 2,515\\ 3,641\\ 2,620\\ 457\\ 62,059\\ 24,908\\ 2,759\\ 60\\ 909\\ 1,092\\ 57,375\\ 194\\ 68\\ 40\\ 7,188\\ 924\\ 13,515\\ 20\\ 73,977\\ 2,095\\ 8,417\\ 22,755\end{array}$	West Andorra ‡ EU Austria EU Belgium EU Denmark EU Finland EU France EU Germany EU Greece Iceland EU Ireland Israel EU Italy EU Italy EU Luxembourg EU Malta Monaco § EU Netherlands Norway EU Portugal San Marino EU Spain EU Sweden Switzerland EU United Kingdom	
8,940		8,421		7,875		6,462		287,589	Total West	
5 6 15 10 5 8 26 0 3 143 363 61 2 6 44	1.6 1.5 1.9 2.2 6.1 0.8 2.6 0.0 4.8 3.7 16.6 8.1 0.4 3.0 0.6	6 5 20 13 2 13 23 3 1 176 308 57 2 10 55	1.9 1.3 2.9 2.4 1.3 2.3 1.5 1.6 4.6 14.1 7.6 0.4 5.1 0.8	9 6 19 17 3 11 33 12 1 151 306 53 3 10 30	2.9 1.5 2.5 3.8 3.6 1.1 3.3 5.9 1.6 3.9 14.1 7.0 0.6 5.1 0.4	15 4 17 20 3 14 22 6 2 114 211 62 4 5 31	4.8 1.0 2.2 4.5 3.6 1.3 2.9 3.2 3.0 9.8 8.2 0.7 2.5 0.4	$\begin{array}{c} 72\\ 92\\ 180\\ 258\\ 173\\ 209\\ 527\\ 69\\ 38\\ 1,845\\ 10,264\\ 1,349\\ 44\\ 130\\ 623\end{array}$	Centre Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Bulgaria Croatia EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro EU Poland EU Romania Serbia EU Slovakia EU Slovenia Turkey	
697		694		664		530		15,873	Total Centre	
10 21 33 10 46 68 10 75 9 46 314 0 0 1,865 10	3.3 2.5 3.3 7.5 10.1 4.6 1.9 32.2 2.6 10.9 2.2 0.0 0.0 39.3 0.4	23 24 90 29 112 74 14 76 21 58 396 0 0 2,683 22	7.6 2.8 9.2 21.7 24.8 5.0 2.7 32.8 6.1 13.8 0.0 0.0 57.1 0.8	39 60 163 29 120 100 23 76 10 60 548 0 0 4,026 11	$\begin{array}{c} 12.9\\ 7.2\\ 16.7\\ 21.8\\ 26.9\\ 6.7\\ 4.4\\ 32.7\\ 2.9\\ 14.3\\ 3.8\\ 0.0\\ 8.6\\ 0.4 \end{array}$	48 270 32 134 132 24 61 27 102 842 0 0 4,536	16.0 27.8 24.2 30.2 8.9 4.5 26.5 8.0 24.3 5.9 0.0 98.6 -	151 166 603 134 516 464 82 447 123 314 3,253 1 1 17,281 70	East Armenia Azerbaijan § Belarus EU Estonia Georgia Kazakhstan Kyrgyzstan EU Latvia EU Lithuania Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation Tajikistan Turkmenistan Ukraine Uzbekistan §	
2,517		3,622		5,265		6,208		23,606	Total East	
9,258		8,802		8,245		6,720		291,111	Total European Union (EU)	
12,154		12,736		13,804		13,199		327,068	Total WHO European Region	

Table 11. AIDS cases and incidence rates per million population by country and year of diagnosis (1999-2006) adjusted(Cont.)for reporting delays*, and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

Table 12. AIDS cases in men who have sex with men* by country and year of diagnosis (2002-2006) adjusted for
reporting delays †, and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

Geographic area	ographic area Year of diagnosis							
Country	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	reported ‡		
Country West Andorra § EU Austria EU Belgium EU Denmark EU Finland EU France EU Greece Iceland Israel EU Italy EU Luxembourg EU Malta Monaco EU EU Netherlands Norway EU EU Portugal San Marino EU	19 20 15 5 395 300 50 0 12 10 314 0 314 0 314 0 312 6 71 1 310			0 14 40 17 10 297 281 47 0 7 11 307 1 0 0 141 11 65 1 268	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{2006} \\ 0 \\ 15 \\ 23 \\ 17 \\ 16 \\ 236 \\ 166 \\ 35 \\ 2 \\ 10 \\ 6 \\ 231 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ - \\ 90 \\ 9 \\ 66 \\ 0 \\ 253 \\ 6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 873\\ 1,207\\ 1,604\\ 250\\ 25,256\\ 15,235\\ 1,545\\ 42\\ 290\\ 253\\ 9,195\\ 87\\ 35\\ 17\\ 4,148\\ 426\\ 1,767\\ 8\\ 10,237\end{array}$		
EU Sweden Switzerland EU United Kingdom	15 47 228	48 209	60 185	9 51 201	37 198	1,064 2,864 13,020		
Total West	1,933	1,912	1,826	1,779	1,416	89,423		
Centre Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Bulgaria Croatia EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro EU Poland EU Romania Serbia ¶ EU Slovakia EU Slovenia Turkey	0 2 1 7 0 4 12 0 0 19 0 15 2 1 3	1 0 2 3 1 4 16 0 0 17 0 11 2 4 4	0 0 2 0 5 15 0 1 23 0 8 1 4 2	0 1 7 3 0 5 18 2 0 23 0 23 0 14 1 5 4	0 4 10 0 1 10 0 1 9 0 16 3 3 4	4 14 28 110 77 119 356 6 11 364 17 189 29 66 57		
Total Centre	66	65	61	83	62	1,447		
East Armenia Azerbaijan Belarus EU Estonia Georgia Kazakhstan ** Kyrgyzstan EU Latvia EU Lithuania Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation Tajikistan Turkmenistan Ukraine	0 1 0 0 - 0 2 4 0 14 0 0 0	0 1 1 2 - 0 5 5 0 17 0 1	0 0 2 5 - 0 5 7 1 4 0 0 0	1 0 1 5 - 0 1 0 8 0 7	0 - 0 1 1 0 2 1 0 8 0 0 12	1 2 4 24 18 0 0 52 49 2 212 0 0 43		
Uzbekistan	0	0	0	0	-	1		
Total East	22	32	24	23	25	408		
Total European Union (EU)	1,914	1,899	1,812	1,766	1,397	86,994		
Total WHO European Region	2,021	2,009	1,911	1,885	1,503	91,278		

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.
* Excluding men who are also injecting drug users.
† See Technical note; due to differences in estimation methods, data adjusted may differ slightly from those presented in national reports.
‡ Cumulative totals since the beginning of the epidemic; unadjusted.
§ HIV/AIDS surveillance system started in 2004.
Procember 2005 data

December 2005 data.

‡ § || ¶

Data not available from Kosovo from 1999. Data not available by transmission group before 2006.

Table 13. AIDS cases in injecting drug users* by country and year of diagnosis (2002-2006) adjusted for reporting delays †, and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

Geographic area		Year o	of diagnosis			Cumulative total
Country	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	reported ‡
West Andorra § EU Austria EU Belgium EU Denmark EU Pernace EU Germany EU Gerece Iceland Israel EU Italy EU Luxembourg EU Nonaco EU Netherlands Norway San Marino EU Spain EU Sweden Switzerland EU EU United Kingdom	- 19 10 4 3 206 75 2 0 4 18 621 1 0 0 8 5 479 0 1,147 7 58 30	- 12 7 11 6 171 85 6 1 10 11 574 1 0 11 574 1 0 13 6 383 0 1,083 5 51 23	$\begin{array}{c}1\\13\\7\\4\\164\\72\\2\\0\\7\\4\\530\\1\\0\\8\\4\\308\\0\\927\\9\\34\\21\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 14\\ 7\\ 4\\ 7\\ 118\\ 50\\ 5\\ 0\\ 10\\ 4\\ 419\\ 2\\ 0\\ 10\\ 4\\ 419\\ 2\\ 0\\ 20\\ 4\\ 314\\ 0\\ 797\\ 4\\ 42\\ 27\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 4\\ 6\\ 4\\ 1\\ 75\\ 51\\ 5\\ 0\\ 1\\ 15\\ 313\\ 0\\ 0\\ -\\ 6\\ 4\\ 237\\ 0\\ 662\\ 3\\ 17\\ 16\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1\\ 613\\ 230\\ 224\\ 34\\ 13,221\\ 3,439\\ 111\\ 5\\ 316\\ 143\\ 31,756\\ 316\\ 143\\ 31,756\\ 31\\ 0\\ 16\\ 645\\ 148\\ 6,456\\ 6\\ 45,289\\ 236\\ 3,086\\ 1,262\\ \end{array}$
Total West	2,697	2,459	2,120	1,848	1,422	107,268
Centre Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Bulgaria Croatia EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro EU Poland EU Romania Serbia ¶ EU Slovakia EU Slovania Turkey	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 70 0 23 0 23 0 3	0 0 0 1 0 1 0 87 0 17 0 1 1	0 1 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 80 2 17 0 1 0	0 1 0 0 2 1 0 75 2 11 0 0 1	0 1 0 2 0 0 0 52 2 11 0 1 1	0 15 2 20 3 7 5 6 1 939 9 527 1 9 44
Total Centre	98	108	106	94	71	1,588
East Armenia Azerbaijan Belarus EU Estonia Georgia Kazakhstan ** Kyrgyzstan EU Latvia EU Lithuania Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation Tajikistan Turkmenistan Ukraine Uzbekistan	3 7 14 2 34 - 8 45 0 12 99 0 0 1,059 6	9 14 26 6 40 - 8 57 1 34 151 0 0 1,439 7	18 17 52 18 76 - 11 57 5 43 227 0 0 2,044 12	25 35 97 16 69 - 17 47 7 42 335 0 0 3,040 3	29 174 23 91 102 16 31 17 52 489 0 0 3,388 –	$\begin{array}{c} 98\\ 100\\ 367\\ 65\\ 346\\ 102\\ 61\\ 288\\ 34\\ 201\\ 1,526\\ 1\\ 0\\ 13,115\\ 34\\ \end{array}$
Total East	1,289	1,792	2,580	3,734	4,412	16,338
Total European Union (EU)	2,733	2,544	2,243	1,948	1,514	105,225
Total WHO European Region	4,084	4,359	4,806	5,677	5,906	125,194

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007. * Excluding men who have sex with men.

See Technical note; due to differences in estimation methods. data adjusted may differ slightly from those presented in national reports. t

Cumulative totals since the beginning of the epidemic; unadjusted. HIV/AIDS surveillance system started in 2004. ‡

§

December 2005 data.

9 || ¶ Data not available from Kosovo from 1999.

Data not available by transmission group before 2006.

Table 14. AIDS cases in persons infected through heterosexual contact by country and year of diagnosis (2002-2006) adjusted for reporting delays*, and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

by of December 20						
Geographic area		Year of	of diagnosis			Cumulative total
Country	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	reported [
Country Andorra ‡ EU Austria EU Belgium EU Belgium EU Denmark EU Finland EU France EU Germany EU Greece Iceland Israel EU Italy EU Luxembourg EU Malta Monaco § Norway EU Portugal San Marino EU EU Sweden Switzerland Switzerland	2002 - 39 95 23 10 827 138 37 0 18 46 684 0 1 0 137 26 431 0 613 38 91	2003 - 21 92 18 8 735 131 39 0 20 55 687 5 1 0 105 32 406 0 609 36 109	2004 0 30 81 35 10 739 120 32 1 27 25 645 6 1 0 112 20 398 0 587 36 122	2005 0 18 91 23 8 706 108 44 1 30 38 656 4 1 0 121 16 364 0 548 23 88	2006 0 27 60 26 23 549 62 38 1 12 41 491 5 2 41 491 5 2 - 64 12 377 0 456 41 98	0 482 1,805 598 141 15,645 2,178 650 11 206 552 11,986 50 12 4 1,315 297 4,575 5 11,921 629 2,018
EU United Kingdom	573	629	620	560	550	6,667
Total West	3,827	3,738	3,648	3,447	2,936	61,747
Centre Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Bulgaria Croatia EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro EU Poland EU Romania Serbia EU Slovakia EU Slovenia Turkey	9 2 10 8 3 3 11 5 1 21 136 12 0 0 15 236	1 6 13 6 3 4 9 0 3 21 136 20 0 0 24 246	6 4 19 7 2 5 4 3 0 37 146 12 1 3 40 289	7 4 11 3 6 8 8 1 30 173 12 2 3 16 296	14 3 13 8 3 7 11 6 1 15 113 16 1 0 15 225	58 45 141 105 81 55 95 45 22 304 1,752 254 13 33 311 3,314
East Armenia Azerbaijan § Belarus E∪ Estonia Georgia Kazakhstan ¶ Kyrgyzstan E∪ Latvia E∪ Lithuania Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation Tajikistan Turkmenistan Ukraine Uzbekistan §	1 7 5 4 12 - 1 8 4 5 40 0 0 256 1	1 3 4 2 2 12 3 10 58 0 0 367 3	5 4 29 5 27 - 2 12 5 11 65 0 0 557 2	9 20 49 10 31 - 5 19 3 15 101 0 0 886 0	18 - 88 40 19 7 19 3 44 133 0 0 880 -	45 51 185 38 124 19 18 85 27 93 567 0 0 3,413 16
Total East	344	467	724	1,149	1,260	4,681
Total European Union (EU)	3,864	3,745	3,719	3,573	2,977	61,484
Total WHO European Region	4,407	4,451	4,661	4,892	4,421	69,742

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007. * See Technical note; due to differences in estimation methods, data adjusted may differ slightly from those presented in national reports.

Cumulative totals since the beginning of the epidemic; unadjusted. †

HIV/AIDS surveillance system started in 2004.

December 2005 data.

§ || ¶ Data not available from Kosovo from 1999.

Data not available by transmission group before 2006.

Table 15. AIDS cases in persons infected through mother-to-child transmission by country and year of diagnosis (2002-2006) adjusted for reporting delays*, and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

Geographic area		Year o	f diagnosis			Cumulative total
Country	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	reported †
West Andorra ‡ EU Austria EU Belgium EU Denmark EU Finland EU France EU Germany EU Greece Iceland Israel EU Italy EU Luxembourg EU Malta Monaco § EU EU Portugal San Marino EU EU Sweden Switzerland EU EU United Kingdom	- 0 2 1 8 0 0 0 0 2 11 0 0 2 11 0 0 2 11 0 0 0 1 38	- 0 0 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 2 0 1 1 3 0 0 0 3 0 1 0 4 1 0 35	0 0 0 9 1 0 0 2 4 0 0 0 2 4 0 0 0 1 0 2 0 8 1 0 26	0 0 1 2 0 3 0 1 0 0 9 0 0 0 9 0 0 0 0 2 0 6 0 0 2 9	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 26\\ 111\\ 23\\ 4\\ 703\\ 97\\ 23\\ 0\\ 29\\ 28\\ 709\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 0\\ 58\\ 6\\ 81\\ 0\\ 922\\ 19\\ 99\\ 643\end{array}$
Total West	78	79	62	55	54	3,583
Centre Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Croatia EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro EU Poland EU Romania Serbia EU Slovakia EU Slovenia Turkey	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 7 2 0 0 1 1 7 2 0 1	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 6 1 0 0 0 1 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 4 1 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 4 1 0 0 1 1	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 3 1 0 0 0 0	3 0 1 3 1 0 3 3 1 4 1 297 13 0 2 9 9 377
East Armenia Azerbaijan § Belarus EU Estonia Georgia Kazakhstan ¶ Kyrgyzstan EU Latvia EU Lithuania Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation Tajikistan Turkmenistan Ukraine Uzbekistan §	0 0 1 0 0 1 0 2 2 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 2 0 0 0 0	0 8 1 2 - 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0	2 1 14 0 6 - 0 1 0 1 5 0 0 0 0 0	1 	4 22 22 11 1 0 7 0 11 31 0 0 36 0
Total East	6	7	14	30	21	137
Total European Union (EU)	85	88	73	61	61	3,804
Total WHO European Region	96	99	88	95	82	4,097

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.
 * See Technical note; due to differences in estimation methods, data adjusted may differ slightly from those presented in national reports.

Cumulative totals since the beginning of the epidemic; unadjusted. †

HIV/AIDS surveillance system started in 2004.

December 2005 data.

\$ || ¶ Data not available from Kosovo from 1999.

Data not available by transmission group before 2006.

Table 16. Male adult and adolescent AIDS cases by geographic area*, transmission group and year of diagnosis (2002-2006) adjusted for reporting delays †, and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006*

Geographic area		Year	of diagnosis			Cumulative
Transmission group – male	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	total reported ‡
West						
Men who have sex with men (MSM)	1,933	1,912	1,826	1,779	1,416	89,423
Injecting drug user (IDU)	2,173	1,986	1,671	1,499	1,156	84,192
IDU MSM	38	41	39	49	28	3,267
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient	48	30	23	28	16	5,179
Heterosexual contact	2,164	2,067	2,003	1,910	1,611	34,768
Case from a country	070	610	500	500	400	0.450
with a generalised HIV epidemic	676	613 61	583	523 34	490	8,458
 Case with high risk partner § Case with partner from a country 	65	07	43	34	42	2,387
with a generalised HIV epidemic	90	92	98	105	87	3,517
Other /Undetermined	1,332	1,301	1,278	1,247	992	20,406
Other ¶/Undetermined	539	518	536	497	441	11,561
Total West	6,894	6,554	6,097	5,761	4,668	228,390
Centre						
Men who have sex with men (MSM)	66	65	61	83	62	1,447
Injecting drug user (IDU)	76	79	81	72	62	1,238
IDU MSM	4	2	5	0	1	19
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient	12	4	12	19	12	29 [.]
Heterosexual contact	121	150	191	184	130	1,953
Case from a country						
with a generalised HIV epidemic	3	1	3	3	1	42
Case with high risk partner §	0	1	2	1	3	24
 Case with partner from a country with a generalised HIV epidemic 	3	2	2	5	2	10
• Other /Undetermined	115	146	184	175	123	1,782
Other ¶/Undetermined	71	66	100	95	93	84
Total Centre	350	366	452	453	360	5,793
East						
Men who have sex with men (MSM)	22	32	24	23	25	408
Injecting drug user (IDU)	1,010	1,454	2,006	2,897	3,596	12,99
IDU MSM	1	´ 1	0	4	1	1
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient	1	1	1	0	0	
Heterosexual contact	209	243	359	570	634	2,46
Case from a country	4	4	4	4	0	
with a generalised HIV epidemic	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 45	0 39	1) 9)
 Case with high risk partner § Case with partner from a country 	2	3	4	45	39	90
• Case with partner from a country with a generalised HIV epidemic	9	6	6	11	10	6
• Other /Undetermined	197	233	348	513	584	2,282
Other ¶/Undetermined	86	159	211	217	313	1,236
Total East	1,329	1,890	2,602	3,711	4,569	17,119
Total WHO European Region	8,573	8,810	9,150	9,925	9,597	251,302

See Table 11 for list of countries and completeness of data per country.

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See Technical note. Cumulative totals since the beginning of the epidemic; unadjusted. ‡ § ||

Sex partner: IDU or transfusion recipient.

Includes cases with known HIV+ sex partner not belonging to above heterosexual sub-categories. Includes cases of nosocomial infection and mother-to-child transmission. ¶

N.B. 207 cases could not be classified as either male or female adult/adolescent or as paediatric.

Table 17. Female adult and adolescent AIDS cases by geographic area*, transmission group and year of diagnosis (2002-2006) adjusted for reporting delays †, and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006*

Geographic area		Year	of diagnosis			Cumulative
Transmission group – female	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	total reported ‡
West						
Injecting drug user (IDU)	524	473	449	350	267	23,067
Transfusion recipient	12	21	13	9	18	1,851
Heterosexual contact	1,663	1,669	1,645	1,537	1,325	26,969
 Case from a country with a generalised HIV epidemic 	753	720	684	624	580	7,492
Case with high risk partner §	138	120	120	024 116	62	6,458
Case with partner from a country	100	125	120	110	02	0,400
with a generalised HIV epidemic	78	84	79	59	58	1,981
Other /Undetermined	693	736	763	739	625	11,038
Other ¶/Undetermined	141	141	154	168	134	3,139
Total West	2,340	2,305	2,262	2,064	1,744	55,026
Centre						
Injecting drug user (IDU)	22	29	24	22	9	350
Transfusion recipient	10	10	8	11	11	200
Heterosexual contact	112	94	97	112	95	1,348
 Case from a country with a generalised HIV epidemic 	1	1	0	1	3	19
Case with high risk partner §	5	5	1	5	3	97
Case with partner from a country						
with a generalised HIV epidemic	1	1	0	1	1	33
Other /Undetermined	105	87	96	104	88	1,199
Other ¶/Undetermined	14	39	45	40	44	355
Total Centre	158	172	175	184	160	2,253
East						
Injecting drug user (IDU)	279	338	574	838	816	3,343
Transfusion recipient	0	0	0	2	1	10
Heterosexual contact	135	224	365	579	627	2,220
 Case from a country with a generalised HIV epidemic 	0	0	0	0	0	1
 Case with high risk partner § 	10	2	26	95	95	236
Case with partner from a country with a generalised HIV epidemic	4	0	6	2	7	38
Other /Undetermined	121	222	333	481	525	1,945
Other ¶/Undetermined	30	56	65	96	160	505
Total East	444	618	1,004	1,515	1,603	6,078
Total WHO European Region	2,942	3,095	3,440	3,763	3,507	63,357

See Table 11 for list of countries and completeness of data per country. +

See Technical note. t

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Cumulative totals since the beginning of the epidemic; unadjusted. Sex partner: bisexual male, IDU, haemophiliac or transfusion recipient. Includes cases with known HIV+ sex partner not belonging to above heterosexual sub-categories.

\$ || ¶ Includes cases of nosocomial infection and mother-to-child transmission.

N.B. 207 cases could not be classified as either male or female adult/adolescent or as paediatric.

 Table 18. Paediatric AIDS cases by geographic area*, transmission group and year of diagnosis (2002-2006) adjusted for reporting delays †, and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006*

Geographic area		Year o	f diagnosis			Cumulative
Transmission group	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	total reported :
West						
Mother-to-child	71	69	55	45	43	3,52
Mother's transmission group:						
 Injecting drug user 	4	1	0	0	5	1,19
 Originating from a country with a generalised HIV epidemic 	46	43	40	24	23	92
Heterosexual contact	8	7	1	3	6	82
Other §/Undetermined	13	18	14	18	9	58
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient	2	3	0	0	0	51
Nosocomial infection	2	1	2	0	0	
Other/Undetermined	8	7	5	4	7	12
Total West	83	80	62	49	50	4,15
Centre						
Mother-to-child	12	13	12	9	6	37
Mother's transmission group:						
Injecting drug user	1	0	2	0	0	1
Originating from a country						
with a generalised HIV epidemic	0	0	0	0	0	
 Heterosexual contact 	3	7	5	3	2	17
 Other § / Undetermined 	8	6	5	6	4	18
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient	17	10	8	2	0	1,72
Nosocomial infection	123	99	39	11	4	5,20
Other/Undetermined	19	37	8	4	0	41
Total Centre	171	159	67	26	10	7,71
East						
Mother-to-child Mother's transmission group:	6	7	14	30	20	13
 Injecting drug user 	3	0	2	7	3	3
 Originating from a country with a generalised HIV epidemic 	0	0	1	0	0	
Heterosexual contact	1	4	9	13	10	5
Other § / Undetermined	2	3	2	10	7	4
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient	0	0	0	3	1	
Nosocomial infection	2	0	1	1	1	15
Other/Undetermined	0	0	1	4	13	3
Fotal East	8	7	16	38	36	32
Total WHO European Region	262	246	145	114	95	12,20

* See Table 11 for list of countries and completeness of data per country.

See Technical note.
Cumulative totals since the beginning of the epidemic; unadjusted.

Cumulative totals since the beg
 Includes transfusion recipients.

N.B. 207 cases could not be classified as either male or female adult/adolescent or as paediatric.

Table 19. AIDS cases by geographic area*, sex, age at diagnosis and year of diagnosis (2002-2006) adjusted for reporting delays †, and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006*

Soft Age at diagnosis (years) 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 total reported ‡ Main 13 40 42 25 24 22 203 2029 2039 204 205 24 22 203 433 433 433 433 433 433 203 203 4453 220,50 1.884 433 11 11 11 12 11 <th>Geographic area</th> <th></th> <th>Year</th> <th>of diagnosis</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Ourseulatius</th>	Geographic area		Year	of diagnosis			Ourseulatius
Note 13-19 20-29 30-39 40-49 50-4 40 28 2,900 3,90 40,49 3,90 40,49 3,90 40,49 3,90 40,49 40,49 3,90 40,49 40,	Sex Age at diagnosis (years)	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Cumulative total reported ‡
Note 13-19 20-29 30-39 40-49 50-4 40 28 2,900 3,90 40,49 3,90 40,49 3,90 40,49 3,90 40,49 40,49 3,90 40,49 40,	West						
13 40 42 25 24 43 2.039 13-19 28 28 12 21 14 1,168 20-29 665 555 516 461 331 45,355 30-39 2,078 2,078 2,078 2,078 2,078 1,169 4693 230,616 Female							
20-29 685 555 516 461 361 44335 30-49 2,076 2,091 2,283 2,088 1,689 49,51 Total West - male \$ 6,338 6,599 6,125 5,789 4,993 230,616 Female 36 30 31 18 17 1,884 13-19 36 26 36 344 18 522 30-39 1,085 1,012 995 846 730 22,029 30-49 533 556 581 582 593 7,744 50+ 2,340 2,240 2,295 2,46 7,744 50+ 2,380 2,300 2,295 1,766 56,958 Centre 7 1,348 10 6 5 4,245 12-19 26 18 100 6 5 4,245 12-19 26 18 109 116 7,74 1,348 30-39 125 123 169 116 7,74 1,348	<13						
30-39 2.900 2.658 2.2076 2.080 1.635 140.372 Total West - male \$ 6.938 6.59 6.12 5.769 4.693 230.616 Female 36 36 36 36 34 18 77 1.843 1319 36 20 36 34 18 77 1.843 20-29 445 457 396 340 267 77.124 30-39 1.085 1.012 995 846 730 25.020 40-49 533 566 581 5262 533 7.744 Total West - female \$ 2.380 2.490 2.296 2.066 1.768 56.968 Centre 33 100 6 55 10.774 51 1.074 30-33 125 133 102 112 135 119 2.216 368 66 202.29 363 169 168 68 68 2021 135 119 2.216 368 10.074 51 50 36							
40.49 2.076 2.091 2.124 2.076 1.689 44.51 50+4 6.938 6.999 6.125 5.769 4.693 230.616 Female 36 35 36 35 34 17 1.884 123 36 35 369 34 18 17 1.894 2029 445 457 396 34 19 7.744 50-4 244 247 258 266 234 4.647 Total West - female § 2.380 2.402 2.208 2.086 1.768 56.968 Centre 33 66 60 74 51 1.074 4.647 313 26 100 6 5 4.245 558 558 558 558 1.039 4.647 1.044 4.647 51 1.044 4.647 51 1.044 4.647 51 1.044 4.647 51 1.049 4.643 50 4.59 7.66 4.66 66 66 66 66 66							
Total West - male \$ 6,938 6,599 6,125 5,789 4,693 230,616 Female 13-19 38 30 31 18 17 1,844 13-19 36 467 366 344 19 1,844 13-19 36 467 366 344 17 1,844 13-19 36 467 353 366 344 17 1,844 50+ 244 247 258 266 234 4,647 Total West - female \$ 2,380 2,340 2,295 2,066 1,768 56,968 Centre - - - 1,319 36 100 70 66 4,647 30-39 125 123 162 135 119 2,216 40-49 89 86 109 116 77 1,348 50+ 450 455 467 51 50 468 50-4 12	40-49	2,076	2,091	2,078	2,050	1,689	49,514
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	50+	1,207	1,224	1,243	1,144	972	28,535
13 36 30 31 18 17 1.88 13-19 36 26 36 34 18 522 20-29 445 457 396 340 267 17,124 30-39 1.085 1.012 995 846 7.30 25.020 40-49 533 566 581 582 503 7.74 Total West - female § 2.380 2.440 2.296 2.086 1.766 56.968 Centre	Total West – male §	6,938	6,599	6,125	5,789	4,693	230,616
13-19 20-29 30-39 445 36 445 26 457 36 306 34 30-39 30-39 30-39 40-49 533 100 533 566 581 582 586 503 586 77,44 464 Total West - female \$ 2,380 2,340 2,296 2,066 1,766 56 55 55 55 Centre 233 100 70 66 56 5 55 55 5 56 50 5 55 5 50 50 5 50 5 5 50 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5							
20-29 40-49 445 533 1005 506 1012 506 996 581 6360 526 730 526 2500 7,744 Total West - female § 2,380 2,340 2,286 2,086 1,766 566 Centre 2,380 2,340 2,286 2,086 1,766 56 4,647 Alle 2,330 2,330 2,330 100 70 66 46 560 20-29 88 56 600 74 51 1,074 30-39 125 123 162 35 199 2,216 40-49 895 66 600 74 51 1,074 30-39 125 123 162 35 199 2,216 101 Centre - male § 450 455 487 466 365 10,309 13-19 24 94 67 51 50 448 20-29 494 67 51 50 448 20-39 14 1 9 25 18 173 13-19 24							
30-39 40-49 50+ 1,085 244 1,012 247 995 258 346 266 730 2234 7,744 4,647 Total West - female § 2,380 2,340 2,296 2,086 1,768 56,968 Centre							
50+ 244 247 258 266 234 4,647 Total West - female § 2,380 2,340 2,296 2,086 1,768 56,968 Centre 33 100 70 66 54 42,45 13-19 83 100 70 66 46 550 20-29 68 56 60 74 51 1,074 30-39 125 123 162 135 119 2,216 30-39 85 63 69 166 66 360 363 369 365 363 369 365 363 369 365 363 369 365 363 369 365 363 369 365 363 369 365 363 363 363 363 363 363 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Total West - female § 2,380 2,340 2,296 2,086 1,768 56,968 Centre Male							
Centre Male -		244	247	258	266	234	4,647
Male 13 3-19 20-29 40-49 50-4 70 40-49 50-4 70 40-49 50-4 70 40-49 50-4 70 70	Total West – female §	2,380	2,340	2,296	2,086	1,768	56,968
<13	Centre						
13-19 83 100 70 66 46 560 20-29 88 56 60 74 51 107 30-39 125 123 162 135 119 2,216 40-49 89 86 109 116 77 1,348 50+ 450 455 467 466 365 10,309 remale 27 10 12 11 2 3,009 13-19 24 46 551 50 483 29 703 30-39 55 47 56 41 37 757 40-49 30 27 19 37 27 340 50+ 12 15 16 15 20 190 15 Total Centre - female § 29 242 207 198 165 5453 East 12 14 1 9 25 18 173 13-19 11 12 14 6 24 127							
20-29 30-39 40-49 50+ 68 125 123 165 163 160 162 165 109 161 168 74 155 119 166 51 177 118 1,074 122 116 Total Centre - male \$ 450 455 487 466 365 10,309 Female 13 13-19 77 13-19 70 149 12 49 11 49 20-29 49 11 49 20-29 49 11 49 20-29 49 11 40 20-29 40 703 40-49 757 40-49 757 40-49 757 40-49 757 40-49 757 40-49 10 52 19 49 37 40 27 40 340 40 15 40 207 198 165 5,453 East 229 432 242 207 198 165 5,453 10,066 1,102 5,016 30-39 40-49 11 22 12 11 14 23 6 24 297 503 10,066 1,102 5,016 30-39 40-49 600 50+ 838 1,193 1,717 2,221 7,883 10,016 1,022 3,419 50+ 64 81 97 138 170 667 6 6 7 11 14 20 1060 50+ 64 81 97 13							
30-39 50+ 125 55 123 63 162 69 135 69 119 68 2.216 705 Total Centre - male \$ 450 455 487 466 365 10,309 Image: Stress of the stre							
40-49 89 86 109 116 77 1,348 Total Centre - male § 450 450 455 487 466 365 10,309 Female 27 10 12 11 2 3,009 13-19 54 94 67 51 50 448 20-29 49 48 36 43 29 703 30-39 55 47 56 41 37 757 40-49 30 27 19 37 27 340 55 47 56 41 37 757 40-49 30 27 19 37 27 340 56 47 56 41 37 757 40-49 30 27 19 37 27 340 57 12 14 6 24 127 348 50+ 433 11 12 4 6 24 127 50+ 30-39 400 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>							
Total Centre - male \$45045548746636510,309Female (13) 12-112710121123,00913-19549467515044820-29494836432970330-394554756413775740-49302719372734050+1215161520190Total Centre - female \$2292422071981655,453East7311121462412720-294325627951.0661,1025,01630-394008381,1931,7172,2517,88340-492243975037801,0223,41950+61,3351,8912,6113,7364,58717,301Female (13)267131813950+131,8912,6113,7364,58717,301Female (13)267131813913-1911,3351,8912,6113,7364,58717,30115201952,544267147472,7233,3130-3940-4967961772212729313,5550+13182341541							1,348
Female < (13)2710121123,00913-19549467515044820-29494836432970330-39554756413775740-49302719372734050+1215161520190Total Centre - female §2292422071981655,453East	50+	55	63	69	68	66	821
<13 27 10 12 11 2 3,09 13-19 54 94 67 51 50 448 20-29 49 48 36 43 29 703 30-39 55 47 56 41 37 757 40-49 30 27 19 37 27 340 50+ 12 15 16 15 20 190 Total Centre - female § 229 242 207 198 165 5,453 East A 1 9 25 18 173 13-19 11 12 14 6 24 127 20-29 432 562 795 1,066 1,102 5,016 30-39 600 838 1,193 1,717 2,251 7,883 40-49 24 397 503 780 1,720 3,419 50+ 1,335 1,891 2,611 3,736 4,587	Total Centre – male §	450	455	487	466	365	10,309
13-19 54 94 67 51 50 448 20-29 49 48 36 43 29 703 30-39 55 47 56 41 37 757 40-49 30 27 19 37 27 340 50+ 12 15 16 15 20 190 Total Centre - female § 229 242 207 198 165 5,453 East							
20-29 30-39 30-39 40-49 50+ 49 55 47 12 48 47 56 47 15 36 41 57 40 41 15 41 37 37 27 30 10 37 34 30 30 30 30 10 37 36 30 10 37 37 30 30 37 37 30 30 165 5,453 5,453 Total Centre - female § 229 242 207 198 165 5,453 East ***********************************							
30-39 40-49 55 30 47 27 56 19 41 37 27 37 27 757 340 50+ 12 15 16 15 20 190 Total Centre - female § 229 242 207 198 165 5,453 East							
50+ 12 15 16 15 20 190 Total Centre - female § 229 242 207 198 165 5,453 East Male		55	47			37	757
Total Centre - female § 229 242 207 198 165 5,453 East Male							
East Male - <13							
Male 4 1 9 25 18 173 13-19 11 12 14 6 24 127 20-29 432 562 795 1,066 1,102 5,016 30-39 600 838 1,193 1,717 2,251 7,883 40-49 224 397 503 780 1,022 3,419 50+ 64 81 97 138 170 676 Total East - male § 1,335 1,891 2,611 3,736 4,587 17,301 Female 7 13 18 139 13 18 139 13-19 8 7 11 14 20 106 20-29 161 243 367 524 511 2,157 30-39 195 254 426 714 747 2,723 40-49 67 96 177 221 272 931 50+ 13 18 23 41 54 170 <	Total Centre – female §	229	242	207	198	165	5,453
<13	East						
13-1911121462412720-294325627951,0661,1025,01630-396008381,1931,7172,2517,88340-492243975037801,0223,41950+648197138170676Total East - male §1,3351,8912,6113,7364,58717,301Female<13		4	4	0	05	10	170
20-294325627951,0661,1025,01630-396008381,1931,7172,2517,88340-492243975037801,0223,41950+648197138170676Total East – male §1,3351,8912,6113,7364,58717,301Female<13							
30-39 600 838 1,193 1,717 2,251 7,883 40-49 224 397 503 780 1,022 3,419 50+ 64 81 97 138 170 676 Total East - male § 1,335 1,891 2,611 3,736 4,587 17,301 Female 2 6 7 13 18 139 13-19 8 7 11 14 20 106 20-29 161 243 367 524 511 2,157 30-39 195 254 426 714 747 2,723 40-49 67 96 177 221 272 931 50+ 13 18 23 41 54 170 Total East - female § 446 624 1,011 1,528 1,621 6,230				795			
50+648197138170676Total East - male §1,3351,8912,6113,7364,58717,301Female <13 13-19267131813913-1926711142010620-291612433675245112,15730-391952544267147472,72340-49679617722127293150+4466241,0111,5281,6216,230					1,717	2,251	
Female 7 13 18 139 13-19 8 7 11 14 20 106 20-29 161 243 367 524 511 2,157 30-39 195 254 426 714 747 2,723 40-49 67 96 177 221 272 931 50+ 13 18 23 41 54 170 Total East - female § 446 624 1,011 1,528 1,621 6,230							
<13 2 6 7 13 18 139 13-19 8 7 11 14 20 106 20-29 161 243 367 524 511 2,157 30-39 195 254 426 714 747 2,723 40-49 67 96 177 221 272 931 50+ 13 18 23 41 54 170	Total East – male §	1,335	1,891	2,611	3,736	4,587	17,301
<13	Female						
20-29 161 243 367 524 511 2,157 30-39 195 254 426 714 747 2,723 40-49 67 96 177 221 272 931 50+ 13 18 23 41 54 170	<13						
30-39 195 254 426 714 747 2,723 40-49 67 96 177 221 272 931 50+ 13 18 23 41 54 170 Total East – female § 446 624 1,011 1,528 1,621 6,230							
40-49 67 96 177 221 272 931 50+ 13 18 23 41 54 170 Total East – female § 446 624 1,011 1,528 1,621 6,230							
50+ 13 18 23 41 54 170 Total East – female § 446 624 1,011 1,528 1,621 6,230							
	50+						
Total WHO European Region 11,778 12,154 12,736 13,804 13,199 327,068	Total East – female §	446	624	1,011	1,528	1,621	6,230
	Total WHO European Region	11,778	12,154	12,736	13,804	13,199	327,068

See Table 11 for list of countries and completeness of data per country.

See Technical note.

† ‡ § Cumulative totals since the beginning of the epidemic; unadjusted.

Includes cases with unknown age group. Includes cases with unknown sex.

Table 20. AIDS indicative diseases diagnosed in 2006 in adult/adolescent men and women and in children, arranged by frequency in total adults/adolescents, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006*

			Adults/Ad	olescents				
AIDS indicative disease	M	en	Wor	men	То	tal	Chi	ldren
AIDS Indicative disease	N = 6	6,942	N = 2	2,552	N = 9	9,494	N	= 50
Pulmonary tuberculosis †	2,521	(36.3)	795	(31.2)	3,316	(34.9)	_	_
HIV wasting syndrome	1,379	(19.9)	510	(20.0)	1,889	(19.9)	8	(16.0)
Pneumocystis carinii pneumonia	884	(12.7)	333	(13.0)	1,217	(12.8)	6	(12.0)
Oesophageal candidiasis	839	(12.1)	343	(13.4)	1,182	(12.4)	11	(22.0)
Extrapulmonary tuberculosis	613	(8.8)	243	(9.5)	856	(9.0)	1	(2.0)
Candidiasis of bronchi, trachea, or lungs	352	(5.1)	142	(5.6)	494	(5.2)	1	(2.0)
HIV encephalopathy	337	(4.9)	150	(5.9)	487	(5.1)	16	(32.0)
Recurrent pneumonia †	271	(3.9)	107	(4.2)	378	(4.0)	-	-
Toxoplasmosis	218	(3.1)	127	(5.0)	345	(3.6)	0	(0.0)
Kaposi's sarcoma	288	(4.1)	41	(1.6)	329	(3.5)	0	(0.0)
Herpes simplex virus disease	222	(3.2)	69	(2.7)	291	(3.1)	1	(2.0)
CMV disease or retinitis	152	(2.2)	70	(2.7)	222	(2.3)	2	(4.0)
Cryptococcosis	113	(1.6)	36	(1.4)	149	(1.6)	1	(2.0)
Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy	109	(1.6)	33	(1.3)	142	(1.5)	0	(0.0)
Immunoblastic lymphoma	90	(1.3)	26	(1.0)	116	(1.2)	1	(2.0)
Mycobacterium, other or unidentified species	60	(0.9)	31	(1.2)	91	(1.0)	1	(2.0)
Mycobacterium avium complex or M. kansasii	59	(0.8)	19	(0.7)	78	(0.8)	1	(2.0)
Burkitt's lymphoma	58	(0.8)	10	(0.4)	68	(0.7)	1	(2.0)
Cryptosporidiosis	40	(0.6)	25	(1.0)	65	(0.7)	0	(0.0)
Lymphoma, not specified	47	(0.7)	12	(0.5)	59	(0.6)	0	(0.0)
Primary lymphoma of brain	36	(0.5)	15	(0.6)	51	(0.5)	0	(0.0)
Invasive cervical cancer †	-	_	33	(1.3)	33	(0.3)	-	-
Isosporiasis	18	(0.3)	14	(0.5)	32	(0.3)	1	(2.0)
Salmonella septicaemia	22	(0.3)	7	(0.3)	29	(0.3)	1	(2.0)
Histoplasmosis	11	(0.2)	4	(0.2)	15	(0.2)	0	(0.0)
Coccidioidomycosis	2	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	2	(0.0)	0	(0.0)
Multiple or recurrent bacterial infections ‡	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	(22.0)
Lymphoid interstitial pneumonia ‡	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	(16.0)

N.B. Data shown are the number of diseases; added percentages may exceed 100% because some persons were reported with >1 AIDS-indicative disease.

N = Total number of cases diagnosed (unadjusted).

See Table 11 for list of countries and completeness of data per country. Excluding data from countries which provided specific diagnoses for <80% of the cases (Albania, Armenia, Cyprus, Georgia, Latvia, Malta, FYR Macedonia, Netherlands, Norway, Romania, Russian Federation). In adults/adolescents.

t ŧ In children.

Table 21. The ten most common AIDS indicative diseases diagnosed in 2006 by geographic area*, arranged by frequency in total adults/adolescents, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

Geographic area			Adults/A	dolescents				
AIDS indicative disease	N	len	Wo	omen	To	otal	Ch	ildren
West	N =	3,062	N =	1,158	N =	4,220	N	= 26
Pneumocystis carinii pneumonia	801	(26.2)	301	(26.0)	1,102	(26.1)	6	(23.1)
Tuberculosis †	662	(21.6)	306	(26.4)	968	(22.9)	0	(0.0)
Oesophageal candidiasis	459	(15.0)	142	(12.3)	601	(14.2)	3	(11.5)
HIV wasting syndrome	252	(8.2)	74	(6.4)	326	(7.7)	2	(7.7)
Toxoplasmosis	201	(6.6)	114	(9.8)	315	(7.5)	0	(0.0)
Kaposi's sarcoma	258	(8.4)	38	(3.3)	296	(7.0)	0	(0.0)
HIV encephalopathy	150	(4.9)	47	(4.1)	197	(4.7)	7	(26.9)
CMV disease or retinitis	134	(4.4)	54	(4.7)	188	(4.5)	1	(3.8)
Cryptococcosis	98	(3.2)	30	(2.6)	128	(3.0)	1	(3.8)
Recurrent pneumonia ‡	84	(2.7)	38	(3.3)	122	(2.9)	-	-
Centre	N =	= 191	N	= 55	N =	- 246	N	l = 2
Tuberculosis †	53	(27.7)	12	(21.8)	65	(26.4)	1	(50.0)
HIV wasting syndrome	49	(25.7)	13	(23.6)	62	(25.2)	0	(0.0)
Oesophageal candidiasis	42	(22.0)	12	(21.8)	54	(22.0)	0	(0.0)
Pneumocystis carinii pneumonia	36	(18.8)	10	(18.2)	46	(18.7)	0	(0.0)
HIV encephalopathy	22	(11.5)	6	(10.9)	28	(11.4)	0	(0.0)
Recurrent pneumonia ‡	16	(8.4)	5	(9.1)	21	(8.5)	_	(
Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy	9	(4.7)	2	(3.6)	11	(4.5)	0	(0.0)
Cryptococcosis	5	(2.6)	3	(5.5)	8	(3.3)	0	(0.0)
Immunoblastic lymphoma	5	(2.6)	3	(5.5)	8	(3.3)	0	(0.0)
Candidiasis of bronchi trachea or lungs	4	(2.1)	3	(5.5)	7	(2.8)	0	(0.0)
East	N =	3,689	N =	1,339	N =	5,028	N	= 22
Tuberculosis †	2,419	(65.6)	720	(53.8)	3,139	(62.4)	0	(0.0)
HIV wasting syndrome	1,078	(29.2)	423	(31.6)	1,501	(29.9)	6	(27.3)
Oesophageal candidiasis	338	(9.2)	189	(14.1)	527	(10.5)	8	(36.4)
Candidiasis of bronchi trachea or lungs	316	(8.6)	124	(9.3)	440	(8.8)	0	(0.0)
HIV encephalopathy	165	(4.5)	97	(7.2)	262	(5.2)	9	(40.9)
Recurrent pneumonia ‡	171	(4.6)	64	(4.8)	235	(4.7)	_	(
Herpes simplex virus disease	175	(4.7)	53	(4.0)	228	(4.5)	1	(4.5)
Pneumocystis carinii pneumonia	47	(1.3)	22	(1.6)	69	(1.4)	0	(0.0)
CMV disease or retinitis	16	(0.4)	16	(1.2)	32	(0.6)	1	(4.5)
Mycobacterium other or unidentified species	21	(0.6)	8	(0.6)	29	(0.6)	1	(4.5)

N.B. Data shown are the number of diseases; added percentages may exceed 100% because some persons were reported with >1 AIDS-indicative disease.

N = Total number of cases diagnosed (unadjusted).

See Table 11 for list of countries and completeness of data per country. Excluding data from countries which provided specific diagnoses for <80% of the cases (West: Malta, Netherlands, Norway; Centre: Albania, Cyprus, FYR Macedonia, Romania; East: Armenia, Georgia, Latvia, Russian Federation). Includes pulmonary and extrapulmonary tuberculosis in adults/adolescents and only extrapulmonary tuberculosis in children.

ŧ In adults/adolescents. Table 22. AIDS cases diagnosed in 2006 adjusted for reporting delays*, by country of report and country or subcontinent of origin, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

Geographic area Country of report Information used in national surveillance to determine country of report Country of report Central & Eastern N (%) Central & Eastern N (%) West				Cou	ntry or subcon	tinent of or	iain	
Country of report Country of subcontinent of origin N (%) N (%) West Andorra Place of birth 0 - 0 - EU Austria Nationality 42 (70.7) 2 3.8) 3 (5.5) EU Belgium Nationality/Place of birth 34 (85.2) 2.0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) EU Finland Nationality/Country of origin § 2.24 (85.8) 5 (1.4) 14 (3.9) EU Gemeary † Nationality/Country of origin § 2.24 (85.8) 5 (1.4) 14 (3.9) U relard Place of birth 8 (11.5) 1 (2.1) 16 (24.7) U relard Place of birth 8 (11.5) 1 (2.1) 16 (24.7) EU latay Nationality 2 (50.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) U relard Place of birth 120 (83.5) 11 (5.8) 3 (1.5)<	Geographic area		Country				Central & E	
Advance Place of birth 0 - 0	Country of report		N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)
EU Spain Nationality 1,183 (77, 9) 43 (2, 8) 12 (0, 8) EU Sweitzerland Nationality 17 (29, 7) 1 (1, 9) 3 (4, 8) EU United Kingdom Place of birth 189 (22, 1) 13 (1, 6) 6 (0, 8) Total West 4,084 (63,2) 128 (2,0) 94 (1,5) Centre Albania Nationality/Place of birth 15 (100,0) 0 (0,0) 0 (0,0) Bosnia & Herzegovina Nationality 20 (100,0) 0 (0,0) 0 (0,0) EU Bulgaria Nationality 21 (66,7) 0 (0,0) 0 (0,0) EU Czech Republic Nationality 11 (82, 3) 0 (0,0) 2 (17, 3) EU Varus Nationality 18 (81,8) 1 (4,5) 0 (0,0) Macedonia, F.Y.R.	West Andorra EU Austria EU Belgium EU Denmark EU Finland EU France EU Greece Iceland EU Ireland Israel EU Italy EU Luxembourg EU Malta Monaco ¶ EU Netherlands Norway EU Portugal	Place of birth Nationality Nationality/Place of birth Nationality/Place of birth Nationality/Country of origin § Nationality Nationality Place of birth Place of birth Nationality Place of birth Nationality Place of birth Nationality Not known Place of birth Place of birth Place of birth Place of birth Place of birth Place of birth Place of birth	0 42 35 34 23 563 242 74 1 13 88 69 9 2 2 120 15 556	(70.7) (35.2) (68.0) (54.1) (55.2) (65.8) (81.1) (33.3) (55.2) (11.5) (77.2) (100.0) (50.0) (50.0) (63.5) (60.0) (80.1)	0 2 4 22 5 0 1 1 0 1 5 0 0 - 1 1 2 1	(3.8) (0.0) (3.3) (8.1) (2.1) (1.4) (0.0) (33.3) (0.0) (2.1) (0.4) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.2)	0 3 0 1 5 14 3 0 0 16 19 0 0 - 3 0 0	(5.5) (0.0) (2.2) (0.0) (0.5) (3.9) (3.7) (0.0) (0.0) (24.7) (1.7) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (1.6) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)
Centre Albania Nationality/Place of birth 15 (100.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) EU Bulgaria Nationality/Place of birth 4 (100.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) EU Bulgaria Nationality 17 (100.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) Croatia ‡ Nationality 20 (100.0) 0 (0.0) 1 (33.3) EU Czech Republic Nationality 11 (82.7) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) Macedonia, F.Y.R. Nationality 5 (83.3) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) EU Poland Nationality 13 (99.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) EU Poland Nationality 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) EU Poland Nationality 3 (75.0) 0 (0.0) 1 (25.0) EU S	EU Spain EU Sweden Switzerland	Nationality Place of birth Nationality	1,183 17 90	(77.9) (29.7) (57.7)	43 1 14	(2.8) (1.9) (8.8)	12 3 7	(0.8) (4.8) (4.5)
Albania Nationality 15 (100.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) Bosnia & Herzegovina Nationality/Place of birth 4 (100.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) EU Bulgaria Nationality 17 (100.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) Croatia ‡ Nationality 20 (100.0) 0 (0.0) 1 (33.3) EU Czech Republic Nationality 1 8(2.7) 0 (0.0) 2 (17.3) EU Hungary Nationality 18 (81.8) 1 (4.5) 0 (0.0) Montenegro Nationality 2 (100.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) EU Romania Nationality 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 (0.0) EU Romania Nationality 13 (99.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) EU Romania Nationality 62 (100.0) 0	Total West		4,084	(63.2)	128	(2.0)	94	(1.5)
East Armenia Nationality 48 (100.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) Azerbaijan ¶ Place of birth - <td>Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Bulgaria Croatia ‡ EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro EU Poland EU Romania Serbia ** EU Slovakia EU Slovenia</td> <td>Nationality/Place of birth Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality</td> <td>4 17 20 2 11 18 5 2 113 0 62 3 5</td> <td>(100.0) (100.0) (100.0) (66.7) (82.7) (81.8) (83.3) (100.0) (99.0) (99.0) (0.0) (100.0) (75.0) (100.0)</td> <td>0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td> <td>(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (4.5) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)</td> <td>0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0</td> <td>(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (33.3) (17.3) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (25.0) (0.0)</td>	Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Bulgaria Croatia ‡ EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro EU Poland EU Romania Serbia ** EU Slovakia EU Slovenia	Nationality/Place of birth Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality Nationality	4 17 20 2 11 18 5 2 113 0 62 3 5	(100.0) (100.0) (100.0) (66.7) (82.7) (81.8) (83.3) (100.0) (99.0) (99.0) (0.0) (100.0) (75.0) (100.0)	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (4.5) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (33.3) (17.3) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (25.0) (0.0)
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			308	(58.2)	1	(0.2)	4	(0.8)
Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation Nationality 102 (100.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) Russian Federation Nationality 824 (97.9) 0 (0.0) 18 (2.1) Tajikistan Nationality/Place of birth 0 - 0 - 0 - Turkmenistan Nationality 0 - 0 - 0 - Ukraine Nationality 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) Uzbekistan ¶ Place of birth - - - - - -	Armenia Azerbaijan ¶ Belarus EU Estonia Georgia Kazakhstan Kyrgyzstan EU Latvia EU Lithuania Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation Tajikistan Turkmenistan Ukraine	Place of birth Nationality Place of birth Nationality Place of birth Nationality Place of birth Nationality Place of birth Nationality Nationality/Place of birth Nationality Nationality Nationality	270 31 131 130 24 61 27 102 824 0 0 0 0	(100.0) (96.9) (97.7) (98.5) (100.0) (100.0) (100.0) (100.0) (100.0) (97.9)	- 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) 	- 0 1 3 2 0 0 0 0 18 0 0 0	(0.0) (3.1) (2.3) (1.5) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (2.1)
Total East 1,648 (26.5) 0 (0.0) 24 (0.4)	Total East		1,648	(26.5)	0	(0.0)	24	(0.4)
Total European Union (EU) 4,259 (63.4) 110 (1.6) 76 (1.1)	Total European Union (EU)		4,259	(63.4)	110	(1.6)	76	(1.1)
Total WHO European Region 6,041 (45.8) 129 (1.0) 123 (0.9)	Total WHO European Regio	n	6,041	(45.8)	129	(1.0)	123	(0.9)

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.
 * See Technical note; due to differences in estimation methods, data adjusted may differ slightly from those presented in national reports.

Other than country of report. t

Non-residents excluded. ‡ Definition not specified.

ş ∥ Foreigners excluded.

Table 22. AIDS cases diagnosed in 2006 adjusted for reporting delays*, by country of report and country or (Cont.) subcontinent of origin, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

			C	ountry or sub	ocontinent	of origin					
Sub-Sa	aharan Africa	Latin An & Cari	nerica ribean	S South-Ea	outh & st Asia		Other	Ur	known	Total	Geographic area
N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)	N	Country of report
											West
0 7 58 7 5 272 26 12 1 7 37 134 0 2	- (11.2) (58.5) (14.9) (10.7) (26.6) (7.2) (12.8) (33.3) (28.1) (55.7) (11.9) (0.0) (50.0)	0 0 1 82 3 0 0 0 3 54 0 0	$\begin{matrix} -\\ (0.0)\\ (0.0)\\ (2.3)\\ (8.1)\\ (0.8)\\ (0.0)\\ (0.0)\\ (0.0)\\ (4.3)\\ (4.8)\\ (0.0)\\ (0.0)\\ (0.0)\end{matrix}$	0 5 0 18 11 2 0 1 0 11 0 0	$\begin{matrix} - \\ (8.7) \\ (0.0) \\ (11.6) \\ (16.5) \\ (1.8) \\ (3.0) \\ (2.4) \\ (0.0) \\ (5.6) \\ (0.0) \\ (1.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \end{matrix}$	0 0 2 44 11 0 0 3 1 16 0 0	$\begin{matrix} & - \\ (0.0) \\ (6.3) \\ (0.0) \\ (4.2) \\ (4.3) \\ (3.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (11.2) \\ (1.8) \\ (1.5) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \end{matrix}$	0 0 2 14 55 0 0 0 0 18 0 0	$\begin{matrix} - \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.2) \\ (1.4) \\ (14.9) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (1.6) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \\ (0.0) \end{matrix}$	0 59 99 43 1,020 367 92 3 24 67 1,126 9 4	Andorra EU Austria EU Belgium EU Denmark EU Finland EU France EU Germany ‡ EU Greece Iceland Israel EU Ireland Israel EU Italy EU Luxembourg EU Malta
- 37 6 113 0 94 19 29 426	- (19.6) (24.0) (16.3) (0.0) (6.2) (32.9) (18.9) (49.7)	- 0 1 9 0 120 1 4 17	(0.0) (4.0) (1.3) (0.0) (7.9) (2.1) (2.5) (2.0)	- 10 1 0 4 13 7 28	(5.3) (4.0) (0.0) (0.3) (22.8) (4.4) (3.3)	- 8 0 1 23 0 1 14	(4.2) (0.0) (0.2) (0.0) (1.5) (0.0) (0.9) (1.6)	- 0 13 0 39 3 4 162	(0.0) (0.0) (1.9) (0.0) (2.5) (5.8) (2.5) (18.9)	- 189 25 694 1 1,519 58 156 857	Monaco ¶ EU Netherlands Norway EU Portugal San Marino EU Spain EU Sweden Switzerland EU United Kingdom
1,293	(20.0)	296	(4.6)	125	(1.9)	131	(2.0)	310	(4.8)	6,462	Total West
0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (4.5) (16.7) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)		(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 211 0 0 0 0 212	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (1.0) (100.0) (100.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	15 4 17 20 3 14 22 6 2 114 211 62 4 5 31 530	Centre Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Bulgaria Croatia ‡ EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro EU Poland EU Romania Serbia ** EU Slovakia EU Slovenia Turkey
2	(0.4)	U	(0.0)		(0.2)	•	(0.2)	212	(40.0)	550	East
	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) 	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) - (0.0) -	0 	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) 		(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) - - (0.0) -	-	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (100.0) -	48 - 270 32 134 132 24 61 27 102 842 0 0 4,536	Armenia Azerbaijan ¶ Belarus EU Estonia Georgia Kazakhstan Kyrgyzstan EU Latvia EU Lithuania Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation Tajikistan Turkmenistan Ukraine Uzbekistan ¶
0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	4,536	(73.1)	6,208	Total East
1,220	(18.2)	289	(4.3)	119	(1.8)	130	(1.9)	518	(7.7)	6,720	Total European Union (E

¶ **

Data not available. Data not available from Kosovo.

Table 23. AIDS cases diagnosed in 2006 adjusted for reporting delays*, by geographic area †, transmission group and country or subcontinent of origin, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

			Countr	y or subco	ontinent of orig	in		
Geographic area	Country of	report	Western E	urope ‡	Central & E	astern Irope ‡	Sub-	Saharan Africa
Transmission group	N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)	Ν	(%)
West								
Men who have sex with men (MSM)	1,055	(74.5)	58	(4.1)	15	(1.1)	19	(1.3)
Injecting drug user (IDU)	1,259	(88.5)	30	(2.1)	30	(2.1)	21	(1.5)
IDU MSM	27	(96.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient	16	(47.3)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	14	(41.2)
Heterosexual contact	1,353	(46.1)	29	(1.0)	34	(1.2)	1,116	(38.0)
Mother-to-child	39	(72.3)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	14	(25.3)
Other/Undetermined	336	(58.9)	11	(2.0)	15	(2.6)	109	(19.1)
Total West	4,084	(63.2)	128	(2.0)	94	(1.5)	1,293	(20.0)
Centre								
Men who have sex with men (MSM)	60	(96.8)	0	(0.0)	1	(1.6)	0	(0.0)
Injecting drug user (IDU)	68	(95.7)	0	(0.0)	1	(1.5)	0	(0.0)
IDU MSM	1	(100.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient	4	(17.2)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0
Heterosexual contact	106	(46.9)	1	(0.4)	2	(1.0)	2	(0.9
Mother-to-child	3	(50.9)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0
Other/Undetermined	66	(46.9)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)
Total Centre	308	(58.2)	1	(0.2)	4	(0.8)	2	(0.4)
East								
Men who have sex with men (MSM)	13	(52.1)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)
Injecting drug user (IDU)	1,009	(22.9)	0	(0.0)	15	(0.3)	0	(0.0
IDU MSM	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recipient	2	(100.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)
Heterosexual contact	377	(29.9)	0	(0.0)	3	(0.2)	0	(0.0)
Mother-to-child	20	(95.3)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0
Other/Undetermined	226	(46.6)	0	(0.0)	6	(1.2)	0	(0.0
Total East	1,648	(26.5)	0	(0.0)	24	(0.4)	0	(0.0)
Total WHO European Region	6.041	(45.8)	129	(1.0)	123	(0.9)	1,295	(9.8

See Technical note. See Table 22 for list of countries and for information on how country or subcontinent of origin is determined in each country.

† ‡ Other than country of report.

Table 23. AIDS cases diagnosed in 2006 adjusted for reporting delays*, by geographic area †, transmission group(Cont.)and country or subcontinent of origin, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

			Country or subcontinent of origin						
Geographic area	Total	Unknown		Other		outh & st Asia	S South-Eas	Latin America & Carribean	
Transmission group	N	(%)	Ν	(%)	Ν	(%)	N	(%)	N
West									
Men who have sex with men (M	1,416	(6.8)	96	(2.1)	30	(1.6)	23	(8.5)	120
Injecting drug user (IDU)	1,422	(3.5)	50	(1.5)	22	(0.3)	4	(0.5)	7
IDU MSM	28	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(4.0)	1
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recip	34	(3.6)	1	(4.0)	1	(4.0)	1	(0.0)	0
Heterosexual contact	2,936	(4.1)	121	(2.0)	58	(2.7)	80	(5.0)	146
Mother-to-child	54	(0.0)	0	(2.3)	1	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
Other/Undetermined	571	(7.3)	42	(3.2)	18	(3.1)	17	(3.9)	22
Total West	6,462	(4.8)	310	(2.0)	131	(1.9)	125	(4.6)	296
Centre									
Men who have sex with men (M	62	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(1.6)	1	(0.0)	0
Injecting drug user (IDU)	71	(2.8)	2	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
IDU MSM	1	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recip	23	(82.8)	19	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
Heterosexual contact	225	(50.7)	114	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
Mother-to-child	6	(49.1)	3	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
Other/Undetermined	141	(52.4)	74	(0.7)	1	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
Total Centre		. ,						. ,	0
lotal Centre	530	(40.0)	212	(0.2)	1	(0.2)	1	(0.0)	U
East									
Men who have sex with men (M	25	(47.9)	12	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
Injecting drug user (IDU)	4,412	(76.8)	3,388	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
IDU MSM	1	(100.0)	1	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
Haemophiliac/Transfusion recip	2	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
Heterosexual contact	1,260	(69.8)	880	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
Mother-to-child	21	(4.7)	1	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
Other/Undetermined	486	(52.2)	253	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
Total East	6,208	(73.1)	4,536	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0
Total WHO European Region	13,199	(38.3)	5,057	(1.0)					

Table 24. Deaths among AIDS cases by country and year of death (2002-2006) adjusted for reporting delays*, and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006

Geographic area		Yea	r of death			Cumulative
Country	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	total reported †
West						
Andorra ‡ EU Austria EU Belgium EU Denmark EU Finland EU France EU Germany EU Greece Iceland Israel EU Ireland Israel EU Italy EU Luxembourg EU Malta Monaco § EU Netherlands Norway	- 22 38 24 5 668 189 39 0 6 29 485 5 2 0 37 13	- 28 31 27 8 483 164 60 0 4 42 498 3 1 0 46 13	0 27 42 31 8 421 186 26 1 8 21 436 6 1 0 41 14	0 39 41 27 6 401 127 52 0 8 25 349 1 2 0 58 15	0 18 15 14 3 297 73 38 1 3 19 254 4 5 - 26 6 6	0 1,438 1,830 1,975 271 34,873 13,516 1,520 37 397 653 35,077 110 56 16 231 616
EU Portugal San Marino EU Spain EU Sweden Switzerland EU United Kingdom	518 1 1,155 26 102 242	393 1 967 22 95 310	316 0 681 18 90 238	209 0 555 20 70 283	305 0 198 10 56 276	6,599 8 40,157 1,317 5,669 13,608
Total West	3,606	3,196	2,612	2,289	1,621	159,974
Centre Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Bulgaria Croatia EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, FY.R. Montenegro EU Poland EU Romania Serbia ¶ EU Slovakia EU Slovenia Turkey	6 6 4 1 8 10 5 3 47 229 22 2 2 3 4	1 3 4 5 2 3 10 0 1 61 214 25 0 1 5	1 3 10 2 1 4 13 3 1 66 215 27 3 2 47	3 3 12 2 1 10 6 2 0 64 227 25 0 2 4	7 4 8 6 0 4 7 5 1 36 157 23 4 0 2	35 51 64 123 85 123 286 55 25 835 4,788 818 29 76 140
Total Centre	354	335	398	361	264	7,533
East Armenia Azerbaijan § Belarus EU Estonia Georgia Kazakhstan Kyrgyzstan EU Latvia EU Lithuania Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation Tajikistan Turkmenistan Ukraine Uzbekistan §	6 5 18 0 13 37 6 4 6 15 158 0 1 423 5	5 10 32 5 21 51 9 14 5 26 236 0 730 10	7 14 61 15 49 64 8 19 10 20 311 0 965 22	3 11 89 12 55 77 24 27 5 20 439 0 0 1,537 9	7 145 18 33 85 13 14 8 18 610 0 0 1,549 -	$\begin{array}{c} 42\\ 66\\ 369\\ 71\\ 213\\ 358\\ 62\\ 95\\ 54\\ 123\\ 2,454\\ 0\\ 1\\ 6,161\\ 65\end{array}$
Total East	697	1,154	1,565	2,308	2,501	10,134
Total European Union (EU)	3,775	3,364	2,844	2,545	1,795	159,481
Total WHO European Region	4,657	4,685	4,575	4,959	4,386	177,641

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.

See Technical note.

Cumulative totals of deaths reported since the beginning of the epidemic; unadjusted. HIV/AIDS surveillance system started in 2004. t

December 2005 data.

‡ § || ¶ Cumulative total since 2000 (mortality data prior to 2000 not available). Data not available from Kosovo from 1999.

Table 25. Deaths among AIDS cases by geographic area*, transmission group and year of death (2002-2006) adjusted for reporting delays †, and cumulative totals, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006*

Geographic area		Yea	r of death			Cumulative
Transmission group	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	total reported ‡
West						
Men who have sex with men (MSM)	707	626	522	508	360	53,310
Injecting drug user (IDU)	1,643	1,376	1,014	835	493	65,285
IDU MSM	32	28	20	19	15	2,187
Haemophiliac/Coagulation disorder	22	15	16	10	11	2,903
Transfusion recipient	13	19	13	12	10	2,776
Heterosexual contact	930	899	812	716	600	25,024
Mother-to-child	10	15	9	21	10	1,767
Nosocomial infection	2	1	0	0	0	50
Other/Undetermined	247	216	206	168	123	6,672
Total West	3,606	3,196	2,612	2,289	1,621	159,974
Centre						
Men who have sex with men (MSM)	28	27	28	21	19	798
Injecting drug user (IDU)	40	47	48	50	35	881
IDU MSM	4	0	2	0	0	8
Haemophiliac/Coagulation disorder	3	0	3	3	0	122
Transfusion recipient	38	23	31	36	17	1,086
Heterosexual contact	86	85	144	121	90	1,247
Mother-to-child	6	7	3	7	8	177
Nosocomial infection	116	115	89	86	69	2,636
Other/Undetermined	33	31	50	37	25	578
Total Centre	354	335	398	361	264	7,533
East						
Men who have sex with men (MSM)	8	14	17	8	8	220
Injecting drug user (IDU)	445	784	1,090	1.700	1,788	6,789
IDU MSM	0	0	1	0	0	7
Haemophiliac/Coagulation disorder	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfusion recipient	0	1	0	0	1	13
Heterosexual contact	135	210	256	379	439	1,787
Mother-to-child	4	5	3	9	3	66
Nosocomial infection	5	0	4	3	1	125
Other/Undetermined	100	140	194	209	261	1,127
Total East	697	1,154	1,565	2,308	2,501	10,134
Total WHO European Region	4,657	4,685	4,575	4,959	4,386	177,641

See Table 24, for list of countries and completeness of data per country. See Technical note.

† ‡ Cumulative totals of deaths reported since the beginning of the epidemic; unadjusted. Table 26. Total number of HIV tests performed, excluding unlinked anonymous testing and testing of blood donations, by country and year (2002-2006), and number of tests per 1,000 population (2006), WHO European Region

Number of HIV tests Tests/1000							
Geographic area . Country	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	population 2006	
West							
Andorra EU Austria EU Belgium EU Denmark EU Finland EU France †	1,101 643,359 541,360 153,967 138,932 4,500,000	1,408 697,869 559,740 136,420 132,983 4,700,000	1,460 698,099 593,054 137,708 144,613 4,900,000	1,884 667,825 591,193 143,671 142,427 5,300,000	3,077 659,693 578,717 154,332 128,702 5,000,000	45.7 80.4 55.4 28.3 24.5 79.9	
EU Germany † EU Greece ‡ Iceland	-		2,277,000 18,238 –			27.6 * 1.6 * -	
EU Ireland Israel EU Italy	210,730	207,016	203,537	234,835 -	242,484 	35.4	
EU Luxembourg EU Malta Monaco	16,037 5,734 –	13,317 4,648 –	14,794 6,194 –	13,975 6,197 –	14,339 10,309 -	30.5 25.6 –	
EU Netherlands Norway EU Portugal ¶ San Marino EU Spain	- 180,586 520,208 4,747	- 183,830 507,743 3,517	187,606 - 4,893	- 193,075 917,117 4,723	_ 188,550 _ 5,061	40.6 87.4 * 178.6	
EU Sweden Switzerland † EU United Kingdom	311,000 -	 319,000 				 44.1 * 	
Total West	7,227,761	7,467,491	9,187,196	8,216,922	6,985,264		
Centre							
Albania Bosnia & Herzegovina EU Bulgaria Croatia EU Cyprus EU Czech Republic EU Hungary Macedonia, F.Y.R. Montenegro EU Poland EU Romania Serbia EU Slovakia EU Slovenia Turkey	3,630 - 110,000 29,317 33,609 309,234 106,158 2,808 1,346 119,531 175,194 11,589 68,088 20,730 963,859	3,959 - 120,000 28,168 33,337 309,270 93,304 4,322 3,405 123,725 175,717 20,087 51,276 22,023 1,139,509	2,862 15,755 110,000 27,925 38,796 322,267 109,992 4,983 3,376 126,738 220,734 27,021 94,173 22,014 1,207,258	3,700 10,834 110,000 24,897 38,708 330,230 70,512 7,526 3,594 136,040 182,801 35,083 103,718 24,522 1,881,750	3,098 20,904 105,000 26,124 37,763 317,823 80,168 11,172 3,988 159,180 191,223 37,829 93,426 25,624 1,908,257	$\begin{array}{c} 1.0\\ 5.3\\ 13.7\\ *\\ 5.7\\ 44.7\\ 31.1\\ 8.0\\ 5.5\\ 6.4\\ 4.1\\ *\\ 8.8\\ 5.0\\ 17.3\\ 13.0\\ 25.7\end{array}$	
Total Centre	1,955,093	2,128,102	2,333,894	2,963,915	3,021,579		
East Armenia Azerbaijan Belarus EU Estonia Georgia Kazakhstan Kyrgyzstan EU Latvia EU Lithuania Moldova, Republic of Russian Federation	10,990 147,360 374,668 57,969 51,135 720,616 133,681 81,940 77,244 60,337 20,442,761	9,870 167,717 337,900 52,109 30,371 568,462 137,781 82,424 88,912 95,188 18,088,625	14,415 202,271 449,479 59,474 24,311 525,096 144,927 84,054 59,822 160,978 17,909,234	39,469 237,027 440,675 61,249 26,026 615,692 162,075 85,538 58,424 185,922 17,744,347	50,221 237,183 441,299 65,861 16,989 860,510 179,407 85,117 52,988 216,566 18,535,043	16.7 28.0 45.5 49.7 3.8 58.1 33.7 37.1 15.5 51.6 130.0	
Tajikistan Turkmenistan Ukraine Uzbekistan	8,491 96,673 1,327,736 317,666	13,811 - 1,472,542 366,169	27,755 _ 1,527,181 446,317	61,445 - 1,554,988 835,657	69,126 _ 1,661,599 _	10.5 20.9 * 36.1 31.4 *	
Total East	23,909,267	21,511,881	21,635,314	22,108,534	22,471,909		
Total European Union (EU)	7,679,294	7,904,817	10,037,764	8,984,147	7,760,265		
Total WHO European Region	33,092,121	31,107,474	33,156,404	33,289,371	32,478,752		

EU Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.

Relates to most recent year with available data.

Estimates. †

Data from 5,out of 9 AIDS reference centres. ‡ || ¶

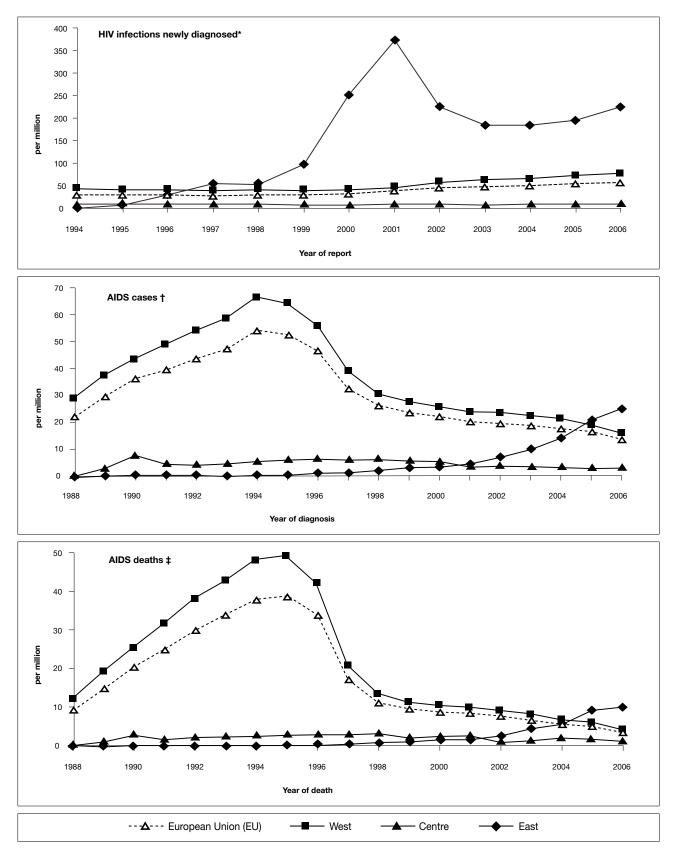
Data not available.

Data from the 5,Regional Health Administratioans; Azores and Madeira not included.

Data relate to the number of persons tested rather than the number of tests performed

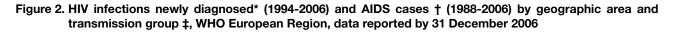
FIGURES

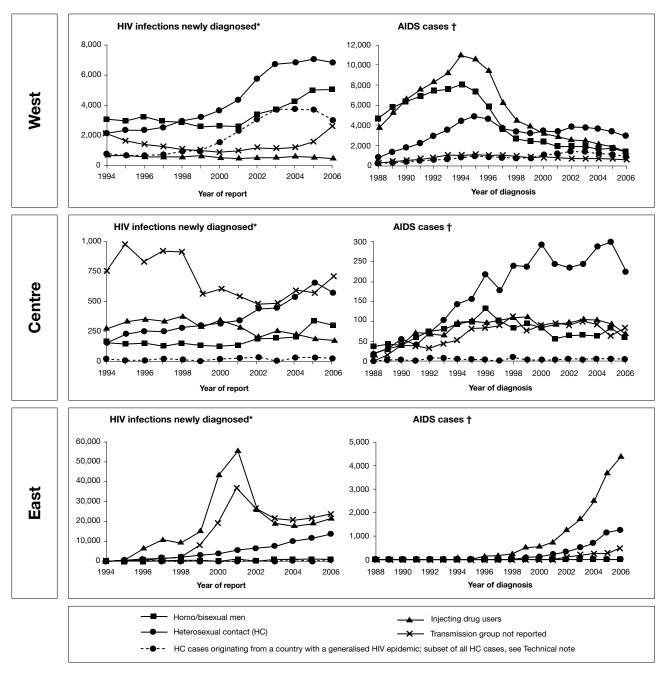
Figure 1. HIV infections newly diagnosed (1994-2006), AIDS cases and AIDS deaths (1988-2006) per million population, by geographic area, WHO European Region, data reported by 31 December 2006



Note: Graphs include countries providing data for the entire periods shown

- * HIV data by year of report. Countries excluded: West: Andorra, Austria (EU), France (EU), Greece (EU), Italy (EU), Malta (EU), Monaco, Netherlands (EU), Portugal (EU), Spain (EU); East: Uzbekistan
- + AIDS data by year of diagnosis adjusted for reporting delays. Countries excluded: West: Andorra, Monaco; East: Azerbaijan, Uzbekistan
- ‡ AIDS deaths data by year of death adjusted for reporting delays. Countries excluded: West: Andorra, Monaco, Netherlands (EU); East: Azerbaijan, Uzbekistan





Note: different scale for each figure

Graphs include countries providing data for the entire periods shown

- * HIV data by year of report. Countries excluded: West: Andorra, Austria, France, Greece, Italy, Malta, Monaco, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain; Centre: Serbia; East: Estonia, Uzbekistan
- † AIDS data by year of diagnosis adjusted for reporting delays: Countries excluded: West: Andorra, Monaco; East: Uzbekistan
- ‡ Data shown for the three main transmission groups and for cases with no transmission group reported



Figure 3. HIV infections newly diagnosed, per million population, WHO European Region, cases reported in 2006

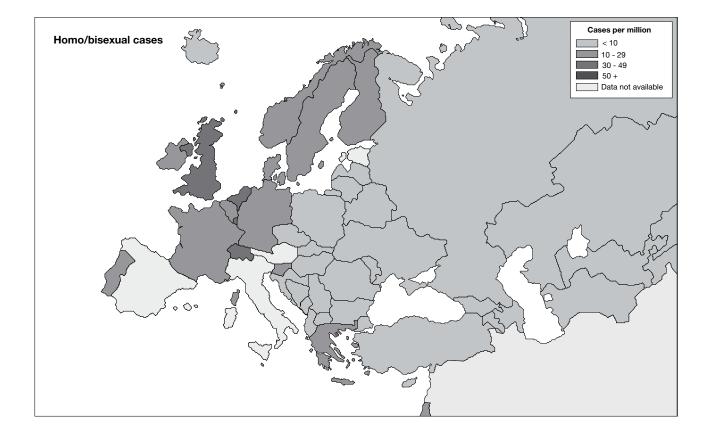
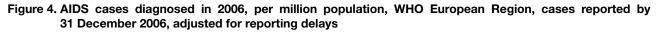




Figure 3. HIV infections newly diagnosed, per million population, WHO European Region, cases reported in 2006 (Cont.)







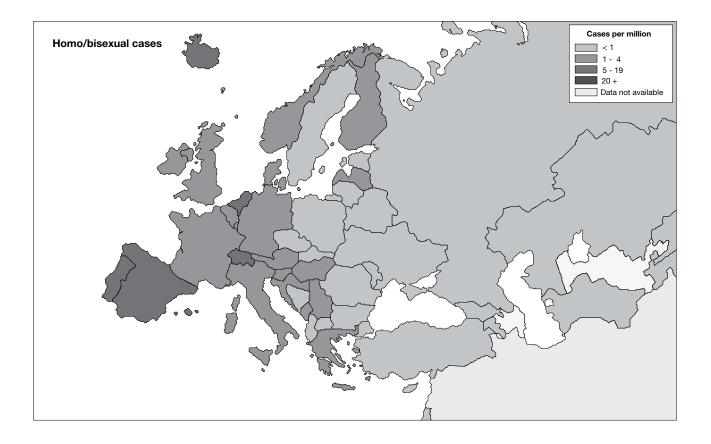
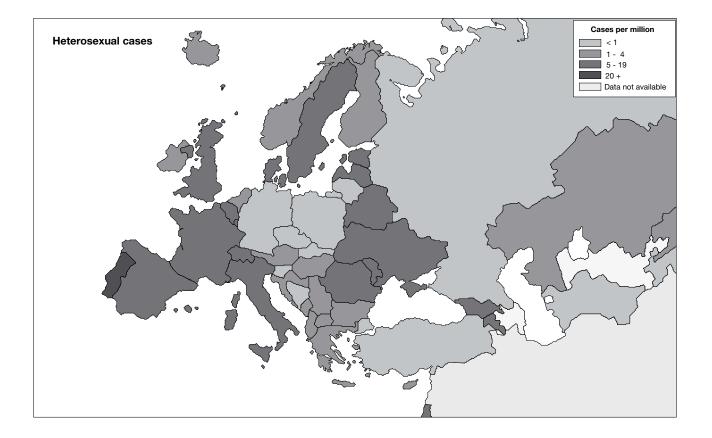
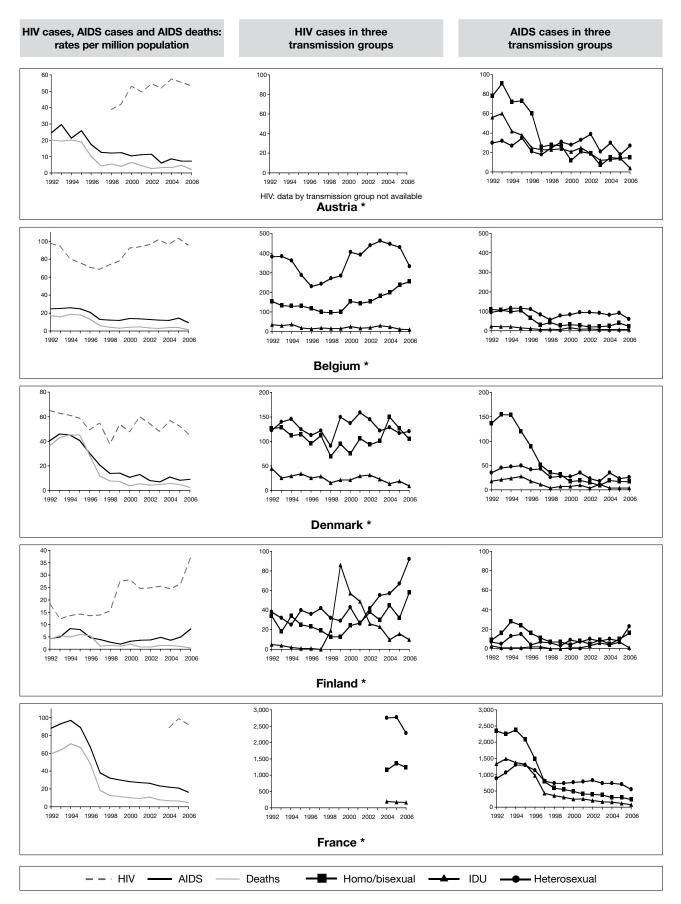
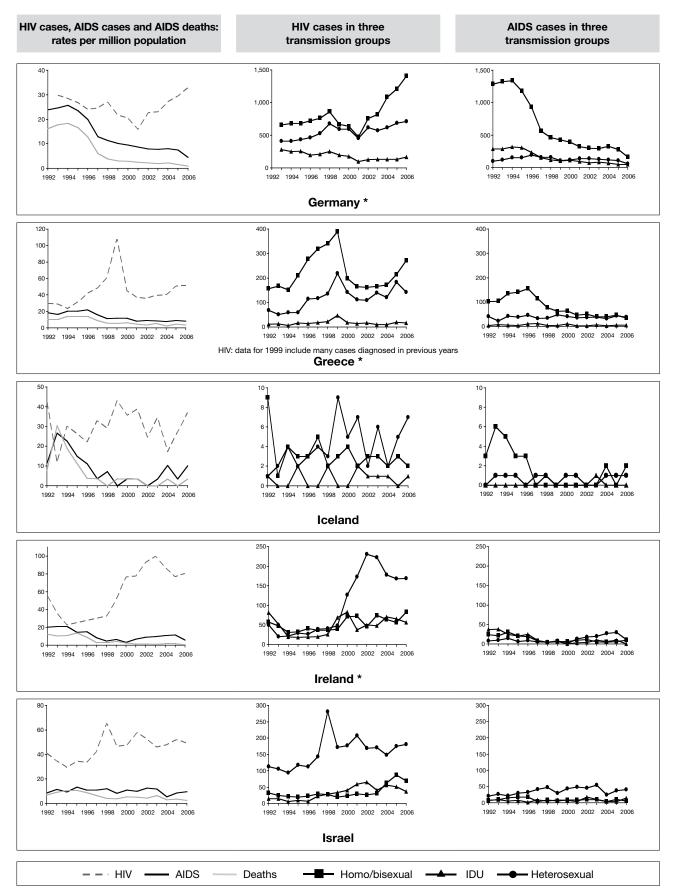


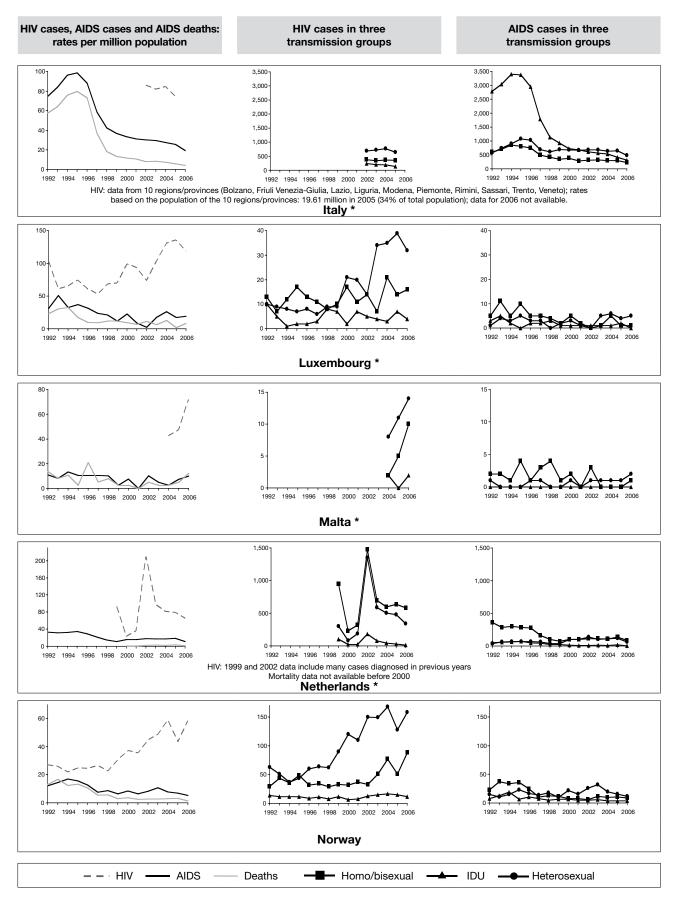


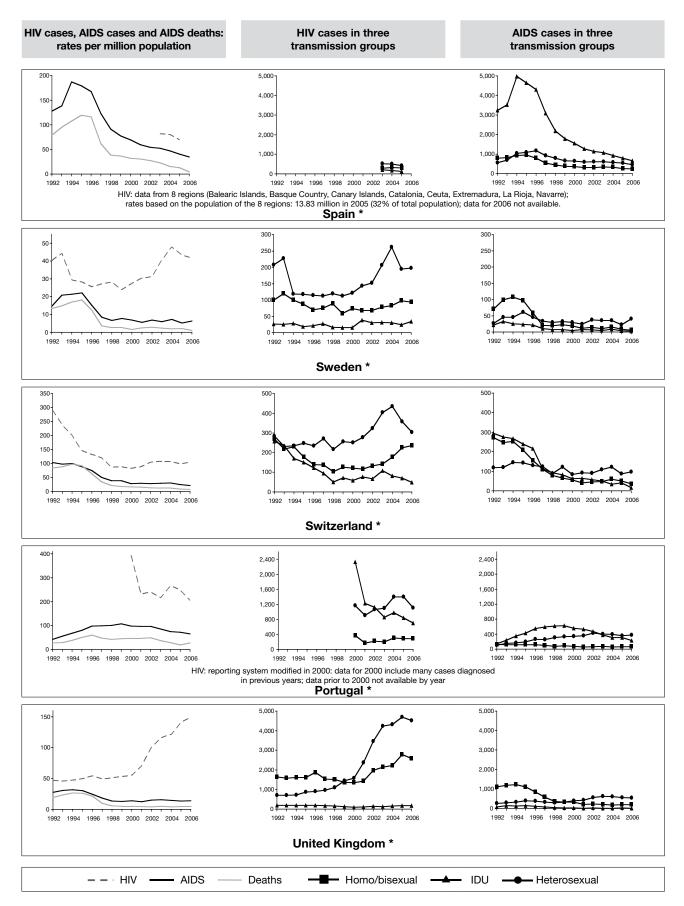
Figure 4. AIDS cases diagnosed in 2006, per million population, WHO European Region, cases reported by (Cont.) 31 December 2006, adjusted for reporting delays

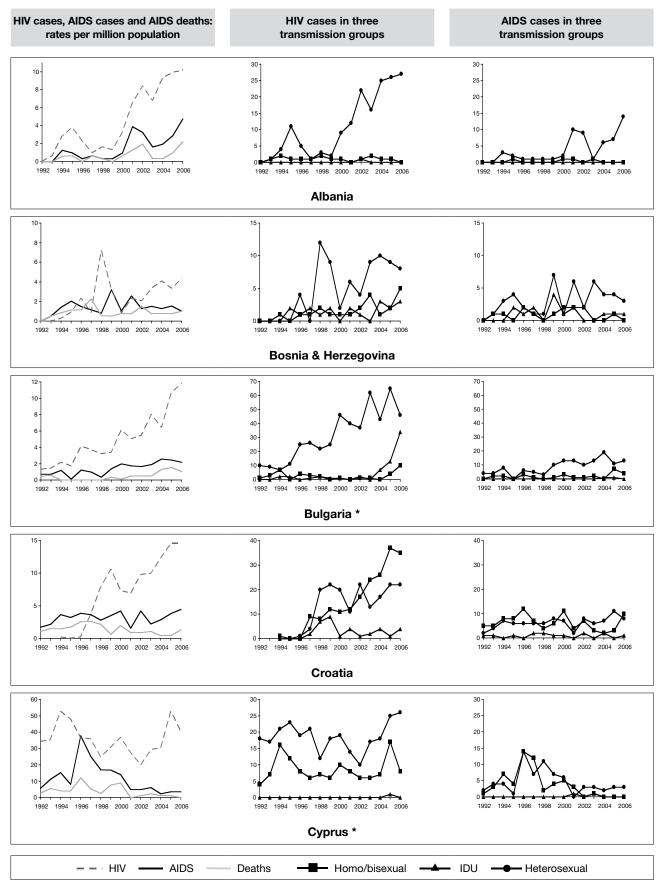


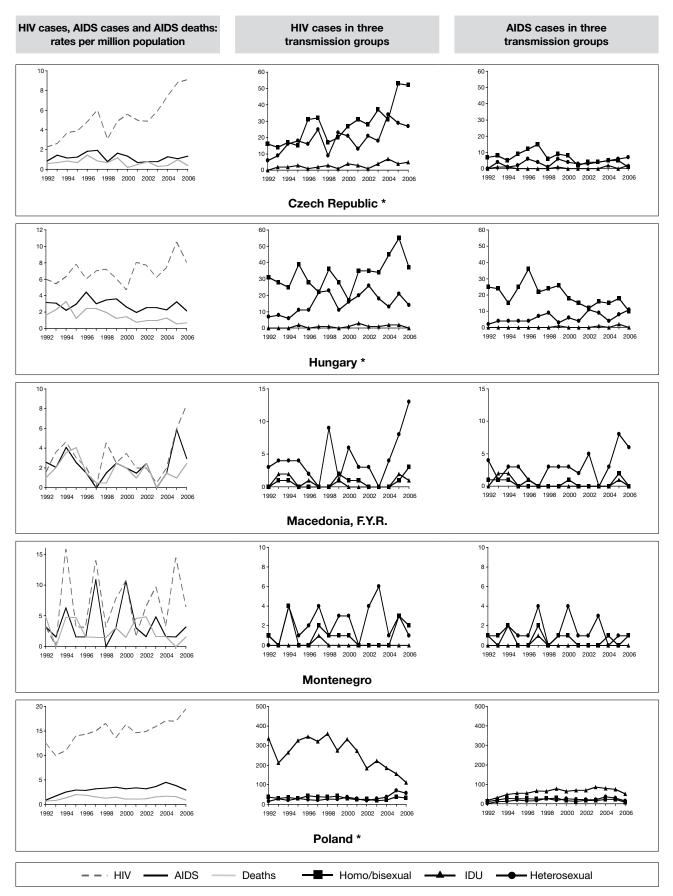


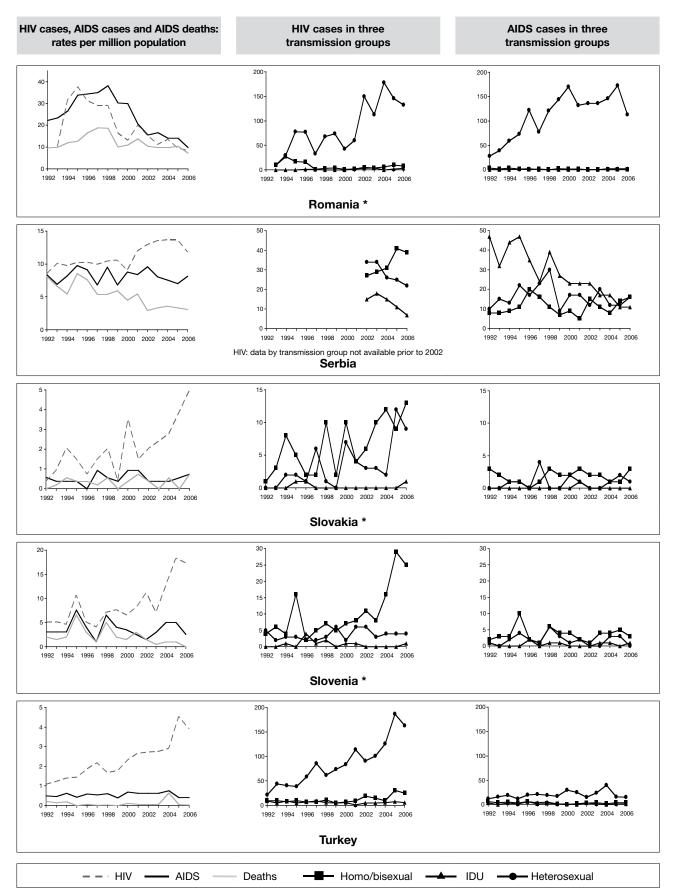




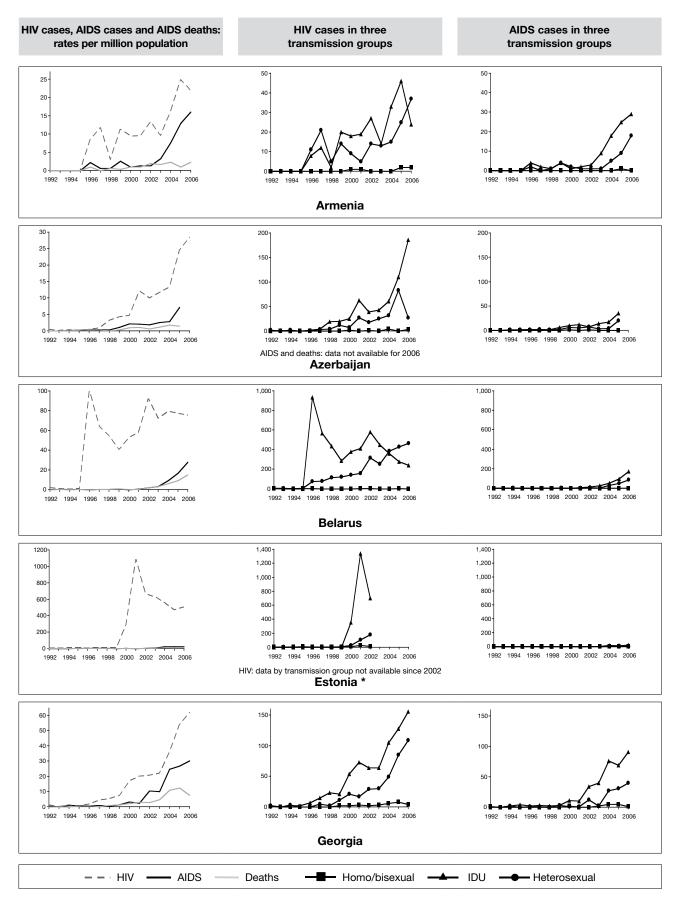


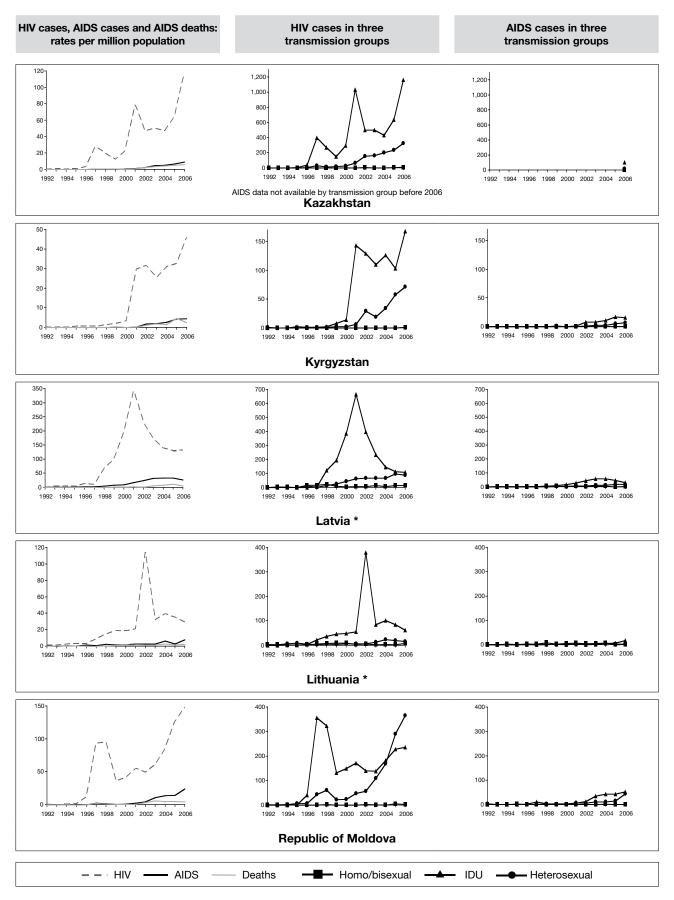


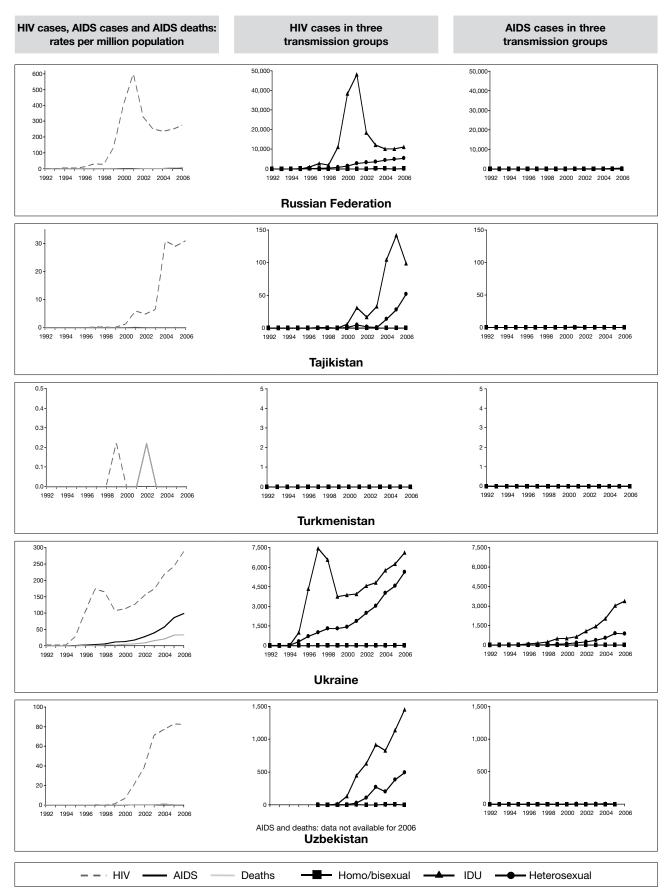




* European Union Member State as of 1 January 2007







Technical note

All 53 countries of the WHO European Region participate in the HIV/AIDS surveillance activities coordinated by EuroHIV (European Centre for the Epidemiological Monitoring of HIV/AIDS). A single institution in each country (see back cover) reports national data to EuroHIV and is responsible for the quality of the data provided.

Reporting of AIDS and HIV infection

Data collection and management

Data on HIV and AIDS cases are reported to EuroHIV in a standard format.

Individual data are reported without personal identifiers and elimination of duplicate reports between countries is therefore not possible. Since linkage between HIV and AIDS databases is not possible in all countries, two separate databases are maintained at European level (ENAADS, EHIDS: see below). New complete databases are provided at each update to allow validation and inclusion of followup data on previously reported cases.

AIDS

Anonymous, individual data on all cases reported in each of the 53 countries since the beginning of the epidemic are reported annually to EuroHIV, according to a standard data file specification. After validation, these data are merged to form the European Non-Aggregate AIDS Data Set (ENAADS).

HIV infection

Reporting of cases of newly diagnosed HIV infections started at different times in European countries and is now implemented in most of them (Annex Table 1).

Anonymous, individual data on all reported cases are sent annually to EuroHIV, according to a standard data file specification, by countries able to provide individual data. After validation, these data are merged into the European HIV Infection Data Set (EHIDS). From other countries, aggregate data (by sex, age group, transmission group and half-year of report) on new cases reported are provided annually, with no updating of previously reported data.

Case definitions

AIDS case definition

Cases are reported according to a uniform AIDS case definition originally published in 1982¹ and revised in 1985^{2,3} 1987^{4,5} and, for adults and adolescents (13 years and over), in 1993^{6,7}. The 1993 European AIDS surveillance case definition differs from the definition used in the USA in that it does not include CD4 lymphocyte count criteria. For children (less than 13 years), the case definition used in Europe⁸ is essentially the same as that used in the USA.

HIV infection case definition

A case of HIV infection is defined as an individual with HIV infection confirmed by laboratory according to country definitions and requirements, diagnosed at any clinical stage including AIDS, and not previously reported in that country. For children aged less than 18 months at diagnosis, at least one direct detection HIV test (non-antibody based) is also required. Adult/adolescent cases are defined as those aged 13 years and over, and paediatric cases as those aged less than 13 years.

Reported HIV cases represent mostly new diagnoses; only a minority of reported cases has been diagnosed (but not reported) previously and, when this is the case, the previous diagnosis was frequently made anonymously or in another country.

Transmission groups

For surveillance purposes, cases attributable to more than one mode of transmission are counted once only in a hierarchy which is intended to correspond to the most probable route of transmission. This hierarchy varies slightly within the WHO European Region. Likewise, relative risks of infection among different transmission groups vary between countries. Furthermore, the definition for heterosexual transmission varies slightly between countries.

The category "heterosexual contact" proposed by EuroHIV includes persons in whom major risk factors for HIV infection other than heterosexual contact have not been recognised and who either (a) originate from a country with a generalised HIV epidemic (HIV prevalence consistently over 1% in pregnant women)⁹; or (b) had sex with either a bisexual male, an injecting drug user, a person with

haemophilia (or other coagulation disorder), a transfusion recipient, a person originating from or living in a country with a generalised HIV epidemic, or an HIV-infected person not known to belong to one of the above categories; or (c) are strongly believed to have been infected through heterosexual transmission, although information on the partner(s) is not available.

"Nosocomial infection" refers to patients infected in healthcare settings. The category "other/undetermined" includes cases of occupational exposure in healthcare workers, cases with unusual modes of transmission not classifiable in other categories and cases with no or insufficient information to allow classification; those with undetermined transmission modes may subsequently be reclassified into other transmission groups.

Cases of HIV infection reported in the category "homo/ bisexual male and injecting drug user" have been reclassified at country level as either "men who have sex with men" or "injecting drug user" according to the most probable mode of transmission.

AIDS indicative diseases

AIDS cases may be reported with a maximum of four AIDS-indicative diseases present at or within 2 months following AIDS diagnosis.

Data presentation

The data in the report are provisional because of reporting delays (see below) and because previously reported data are subject to regular update (e.g. detection and deletion of duplicate cases, inclusion of new information about already reported cases).

AIDS data are presented by year of diagnosis or, for mortality, by year of death, with adjustment for reporting delays. HIV data are presented by year of report.

According to the case definitions, a person with HIV and AIDS diagnosed at the same time should be reported in both ENAADS and EHIDS. In addition, persons with HIV infection (reported in EHIDS) may subsequently be diagnosed and reported with AIDS (in ENAADS). Therefore, the two databases partially overlap. Based on geopolitical and epidemiological considerations, the 53 countries have been grouped into three geographic areas:

- West, 23 countries: Andorra, Austria*, Belgium*, Denmark*, Finland*, France*, Germany*, Greece*, Iceland, Ireland*, Israel, Italy*, Luxembourg*, Malta*, Monaco, Netherlands*, Norway, Portugal*, San Marino, Spain*, Sweden*, Switzerland, United Kingdom*;
- Centre, 15 countries: Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria*, Croatia, Cyprus*, Czech Republic*, Hungary*, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro, Poland*, Romania*, Serbia, Slovakia*, Slovenia*, Turkey;
- East, the 15 countries of the former Soviet Union: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia*, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia*, Lithuania*, Republic of Moldova, Russian Federation, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan.

The respective populations of these three areas are 408, 192, 284 million. In most tables, data are presented by geographic area; sub-totals are also shown for the 27 countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007 (population 492 million).

Annual rates are calculated per million population. Country population denominators used to calculate rates are based on data from the United Nations Population Division¹⁰.

Reporting delays

Reporting delays refer to the time between diagnosis or death and report of this event at national level. Overall, around 50% of AIDS cases and 65% of AIDS deaths are reported by the end of the half-year within which they were diagnosed or died; respectively around 12% and 10% are reported more than 1 year after diagnosis or death. AIDS and mortality data are adjusted for reporting delays, but not HIV data as at present as many countries continue to provide only aggregate data and thus it is not feasible.

Reporting delays vary widely between countries, and thus recent trends in AIDS incidence and AIDS mortality are best assessed by analysing data by year of diagnosis and by year of death with adjustments for reporting delays rather than by year of report. The adjustments are the least reliable for the most recent year and are made¹¹ only for countries with at least 50 cumulative AIDS cases, assuming a maximum delay of 3 years (5 years for AIDS diagnosis in Switzerland because cases may be reported through death certificates, leading to longer delays; 4 years for AIDS in Spain, in line with national practice).

* Countries which constitute the European Union as of 1 January 2007.

Adjustments for AIDS diagnoses were made for 34 countries. The reasons that adjustments were not made in the remaining 19 countries include: a cumulative total of <50 cases of AIDS (seven countries); unreliability of the estimated adjustment (nine countries); and lacking important variables such as quarter of report (three countries).

Adjustments for mortality were made for 19 countries. The reasons that adjustments were not made in the remaining 34 countries include: a cumulative total of <50 cases of reported deaths (10 countries); unreliability of the estimated adjustment (15 countries); and lacking important variables such as quarter of report (nine countries).

Under-reporting and under-diagnosis

No adjustments are made for under-reporting or underdiagnosis, and thus data presented do not take into account cases which will never be reported or diagnosed. National estimates of under-reporting range from 0% to 25% for AIDS cases¹² and are not available for AIDS deaths or for HIV cases.

The seriousness of late-stage HIV infection inevitably leads to care seeking, which limits the amount of underdiagnosis of AIDS cases, at least in countries with universal health care coverage and adequate diagnostic facilities.

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The overall proportion of HIV infections that have been diagnosed is unknown, and is believed to differ widely between countries and between sub-populations within countries. It is heavily dependent on HIV testing patterns among high risk populations (see below), access to voluntary counselling and testing, and access to care, all of which vary by country.

HIV tests

Total numbers of HIV tests performed annually for diagnostic purposes (*i.e.* unlinked anonymous and blood donations excluded) are collected and presented once a year in this report, to help in interpreting HIV reporting data. It must, however, be stressed that these data are only very crude measures of HIV testing activities and should be interpreted with caution. First, they provide no information on who is being tested or to what extent testing is targeted at high risk populations. A survey carried out by EuroHIV in 1997 indicated that only very few countries – primarily in the Centre and the East – were able to provide data on the number of tests done in specific populations such as IDU or STD patients.¹³ Second, they are derived from different sources in different countries and may not be exhaustive in all countries, and hence may not always be comparable.

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Notes	

Notes

HIV/AIDS surveillance in Europe: participating countries and national institutions

Albania Andorra Armenia Austria Azerbaijan **Belarus** Belgium Bosnia & Herzegovina Bulgaria Croatia Cyprus **Czech Republic** Denmark Estonia Finland France Georgia Germany Greece Hungary Iceland Ireland Israel Italy Kazakhstan Kyrgyzstan Latvia Lithuania Luxembourg Macedonia, Former Yugoslav Republic of Malta Moldova, Republic of Monaco Montenearo Netherlands Norway Poland Portugal Romania **Bussian Federation** San Marino Serbia **Slovak Republic** Slovenia Spain Sweden Switzerland Taiikistan Turkey Turkmenistan Ukraine **United Kingdom**

Uzbekistan

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